
LMG 1605 Detrich

Cruise Data Report

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Introduction

The LMG data acquisition systems continuously log data from a suite of instrumentation throughout the cruise. This document describes:

- The structure and organization of the data on the distribution media
- The format and contents of the data strings
- Formulas for calculating values
- Information about the specific instruments in use during the cruise
- A log of acquisition problems and events during the cruise that may affect the data
- Scanned calibration sheets for the instruments in use during the cruise.

All the data has been archived using ‘tar’ and compressed using ‘gzip’, identified by the ‘.gz’ extension. Tools are available on all platforms for uncompressing and de-archiving these formats: On Macintosh use the built-in Archive Utility, or tar in the terminal. On Windows operating systems use WinZip or 7Zip.

IMPORTANT: Read the last section, “Acquisition Problems and Events,” for important information that may affect the processing of this data.

Archive Data Extraction

It is often useful to know exactly how an archive was produced when expanding its contents. Tar files were created using the following commands:

```
tar cvf archive-file files-to-be-archived
```

To create a list of the files in the archive:

```
tar tvf archive-file > contents.list
```

To extract the files from the archive:

```
tar xvf archive-file file(s)-to-extract
```

G-zipped files will have a “.gz” extension on the filename. These files can be decompressed after de-archiving, using:

```
gunzip filename.gz
```

Distribution Contents

ADCP data (/ADCP)

This directory contains a tar file of the ADCP system's "proc" directory, which contains a database of the averaged ping data, Matlab m-files used in processing the data, and daily graphs of the currents. For more information contact Teri Chereskin at tchereskin@ucsd.edu.

Data collection parameters (/CAL)

Refer to the InstCoef.txt file along with the specific instrument calibration sheets in this report for information on how the RVDAS data was collected and processed.

Imagery (/Imagery)

This directory contains things such as ice imagery, isobar charts, sat imagery, wave and wind images, and weather reports.

Maps (/Maps)

This directory maps and mapping data generated by the ship's MCIS and automated scripts, plus any maps provided for this purpose by the on-board science party.

Ocean data (/ocean)

This directory will contain data on XBT's, XCTD's, and CTD's deployed.

Automatically processed data (/process)

Contains automatically processed datasets and QC graphs produced by the RVDAS system

Reports (/Report)

Copies of this report in MS Word and pdf formats, and scanned copies of logsheets provided by various science groups.

Instrument data (/rvdas)

Contains data collected by the suite of standard instruments on the LMG.

Utility programs (/Utility)

Contains utility programs to access the data on the distribution.

JGOFS Data Set

/Process/JGOF/

The JGOFS data set consists of a single file produced each day named `jg<julian_day>.dat.gz` where `<julian_day>` is the day the data was acquired. The “.gz” extension indicates that the individual files are compressed before archiving. The daily file consists of 22 separate columnar fields in text format, which are described below. The JGOFS data set is obtained primarily by applying calibrations to raw data and decimating to whole minute intervals. However, several fields are derived measurements from more than a single raw input. *Note: Null, unused, or unknown fields are filled with 9's in the JGOFS data.*

Additionally, 3 separate QC plots are generated daily by the ET using the JGOFS data set. These plots include TSG and Bathymetry data, meteorological data, and navigation data. The files are called `ocean<julian_day>.ps`, `met<julian_day>.ps`, and `nav<julian_day>.ps` respectively.

Field	Data	Units
01	GMT Date	dd/mm/yy
02	GMT Time	hh:mm:ss
03	Seapath Latitude (negative is South)	tt.tttt
04	Seapath Longitude (negative is West)	ggg.gggg
05	Speed Over Ground	knots
06	GPS HDOP	-
07	Gyro Heading	Degrees (azimuth)
08	Course Made Good	Degrees (azimuth)
09	Mast PAR	μ Einstein's/meter ²
10	Sea Surface Temperature	°C
11	Sea Surface Conductivity	siemens/meter
12	Sea Surface Salinity	PSU
13	Sea Depth (uncorrected, calc. sw soud vel. 1500 m/s)	meters
14	True Wind Speed (max speed windbird)	meters/sec
15	True Wind Direction (max speed windbird)	degrees (azimuth)
16	Ambient Air Temperature	°C
17	Relative Humidity	%
18	Barometric Pressure	mBars
19	Sea Surface Fluorometry	μ g/l
20	Transmissometry	%
21	PSP	W/m ²
22	PIR	W/m ²

pCO₂-merged Data Set

/Process/PCO2/

```
00+346:23:58:20.672 2000346.9991 2398.4 1008.4 0.01 45.4 350.3 342.6 15.77 Equil -43.6826
173.1997 15.51 33.90 0.33 5.28 9.05 1007.57 40.0 14.87 182.44 -1
```

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	pCO ₂ time tag*	yyyyddd.ttt	UTC
3	Raw Voltage (IR)	xxxx.xx	mV
4	Cell Temperature	xx.xx	°C
5	pCO ₂ system internal Barometer	xxx.xx	mBar
6	Flowrate	xxx.xx	cm ³ /min
7	VCO ₂ Concentration	xxx.xx	µAtm
8	pCO ₂ Pressure	xx.xx	ppm
9	Equilibrator Temperature, RTD	xx.xx	°C
10	Equilibrator Temperature, SBE38	xx.xx	°C
11	Valve Position	xx	numeric
12	Gas Flow Source (Equil = pCO ₂ measurement)		text
13	Latitude	xx.x	degrees
14	Longitude	xxx.XXXXX	degrees
15	Sea Water Intake Temperature	xx.xxx	°C
16	Sea Surface Salinity	xx.xxx	PSU
17	Sea Surface Fluorometry	x.xxx	mg/m ³
18	True Wind Speed	x.xx	m/s
19	True Wind Direction	x.xx	degrees
20	Barometric Pressure	xxx.xx	mBar
21	Hydro-Lab H ₂ O Flow Rate	xxx.x	Raw counts
22	Speed over Ground	x.xx	knots
23	Course Made Good	xx.xx	degrees
24	Oxygen	xxx.xx	µm/kg
25	TSG2 Internal Temperature	x.xx	°C
26	TSG2 Salinity	xx.xx	PSU
27	TSG1 Internal Temperature	x.xx	°C

RVDAS

/RVDAS/

RVDAS (Research Vessel Data Acquisition System) was developed at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University and was used on the R/V Maurice Ewing for many years. It was extensively for use on the Nathaniel B. Palmer and her sister ship, the R/V Laurence M. Gould.

Daily data processing of the RVDAS data is performed to calibrate and convert values into useable units and as a quality-control on operation of the DAS. Raw and processed data sets from RVDAS are included in the data distribution. The tables below provide detailed information on the sensors and data. Be sure to read the “Significant Acquisition Events” section for important information about data acquisition during this cruise.

Sensors and Instruments

RVDAS data is divided into two general categories, *underway and navigation*. They can be found on the distribution media as subdirectories under the top level rvdas directory: /rvdas/uw, and /rvdas/nav. Processed oceanographic data is in the top level directory, /process. Each instrument or sensor produces a data file named with its channel ID. Each data file is g-zipped to save space on the distribution media. Not all data types are collected every day or on every cruise.

The naming convention for data files produced by the sensors and instruments is

LMG [CruiseID] [ChannelID].dDDD

Example: LMG16031mwx.d025

- The CruiseID is the numeric name of the cruise, in this case, .
- The ChannelID is a 4-character code representing the system being logged. An example is “mwx1,” the designation for meteorology.
- DDD is the day of year the data was collected

Underway Sensors

Meteorological Data

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Air Temperature	lmwx (met)	Continuous	1/sec	RM Young 41372LC
Relative Humidity	lmwx (met)	Continuous	1/sec	RM Young 41372LC
Wind Speed / Direction	lmwx (pus,sus)	Continuous	1/sec	Gill Instruments 1390-PK-062
Barometer	lmwx (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Vaisala PTB210B
PAR	lmwx (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Biospherical Instruments QSR-240
PIR	lmwx (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Eppley PIR
PSP	lmwx (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Eppley PSP
GUV	lguv	Continuous	2/sec	Biospherical Instruments GUV-2511
Oxygen	lgo2	Continuous	1/min	UCAR Oxygen system

Navigational Data

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Gyroscope	lgyr	Continuous	5/sec	Meridian Bridgemate Gyro
Seapath GPS	lsept	Continuous	1/sec	Seapath 330
Garmin GPS	lgar	Continuous	1/sec	Garmin 19
AIS	lais	Continuous	var	Standard Horizon GX2150

Geophysical Data

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Bathymetry	lknu	Variable	Varies	Knudsen Chirp 3260
Dush-11 Winch	lwn1	Variable	20/sec	Markey DUSH-11
Dush-5 Winch	lwn1	Variable	20/sec	Markey DUSH-5
Dush-4 Winch	lwn1	Variable	20/sec	Markey DUSH-4

Oceanographic Data

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Salinity	utsg	Continuous	3 sec	Seabird-45
Salinity (secondary)	tsg2	Continuous	3 sec	Seabird-45
Sea Surface Temperature	lrtm	Continuous	1 sec	Seabird-38
Fluorometry	ldfl	Continuous	1 sec	WetLabs ECO
ADCP, Speed Log	ladc	Continuous	1 sec	RD Instruments Workhorse 150
Dissolved Oxygen	loxy	Continuous	1 sec	Anderaa Optode
pCO ₂	lpco2	Continuous	2.5 min	PCO ₂ System

Data File Names and Structures

RVDAS data is divided into two broad categories, ***Underway*** and ***Navigation***. The groups are abbreviated “uw” and “nav”. Thus, these two tar files, `lmg uw.tar` and `lmg nav.tar` exist under the top-level `rvdas` directory. The instruments are broken down as shown. Each data file is g-zipped to save space on the distribution. Not all data types are collected every day or on every cruise.

RVDAS data files are named following the convention: `LMG[FileID].dDDD`.

- The FileID is a 4-character code representing the system being logged, for example: `lmet` (for meteorology)
- DDD is the Julian day of the data collection

Underway Data	File ID	Navigation Data	File ID
Meteorological	<code>lmwx</code>	Gyro Compass	<code>lgry</code>
Knudsen	<code>lknu</code>	Garmin GPS	<code>lgar</code>
microTSG	<code>utsg</code>	Seapath GPS	<code>lsep</code>
Sea Surface Temperature	<code>lrtm</code>	AIS	<code>lais</code>
Fluorometer	<code>ldfl</code>		
ADCP	<code>ldfl</code>		
Sound Velocity Probe	<code>lsvp</code>		
GUV & PUV	<code>lguv</code>		
PCO2 system	<code>lpco</code>		
Dissolved Oxygen	<code>loxy</code>		
Sea Water Wall	<code>lsea</code>		
Winches	<code>lwn1</code>		
Net Depth Sensor	<code>lnds</code>		

Data is received by the RVDAS system via RS-232 serial connections. The data files that comprise the `rvdas` data set are described below. A time tag is added to each line of data received and the data is written to disk.

`YY+DDD:HH:MM:SS.SSS [data stream from instrument]`

Where, YY: two-digit year, DDD: Julian Day, HH: 2 digit hours, MM: 2 digit minutes SS.SSS: seconds. All times are UTC.

The delimiters used to separate fields in the raw data files are usually spaces and commas, but other delimiters are used (:, =, @) and occasionally there is no delimiter. Care should be taken when reprocessing the data that the field separations are clearly understood. Example data strings of the loggers follow.

lknu - Knudsen Chirp 3260 Sonar

14+002:19:07:04.648 3.5kHz, 4000.92, 1, 12.0kHz, 4001.12, 1, 1500, -57.343073, -63.750720

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	3.5kHz = Low frequency in use	text	3.5kHz
3	Low Frequency Depth	xxxx.xx	m
4	Valid Flag	x	0 or 1
5	12.0kHz = High frequency in use	text	12.0kHz
6	High Frequency Depth	xxxx.xx	m
7	Valid Flag	x	0 or 1
8	Sound Speed Velocity	xxxx	m/s
9	Latitude	xx.xxxxxx	degrees
10	Longitude	xx.xxxxxx	degrees

lwn1 - Winches

16+093:16:55:49.561 -01RD,2016-04-02T12:38:50.854,DUSH11,-0000233,00000000,000000.0,3275

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Record Identifier, RD=Remote Data		alphanumeric
3	LCI-90i Date and Time	yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss	
4	Winch Identifier		text
5	Winch Name		alphabetical
6	Tension	xxxxxxxx	lbs
7	Speed	xxxxx.x	m/min
8	Payout	xxxxx.x	m
9	Checksum	x.xxxx	numeric

lmwx - Campbell Meteorological DAS

08+034:13:52:14.454 MET,12.22322,44.25706,-75,-25,-363.6365,2.332982,-0.08215196,278.6845,
279.2192,854.6198,854.6184

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	MET Flag		
3	Power Supply Voltage	vv.v	V
4	Enclosure Relative Humidity (not implemented)	xx.x	%
5	Air Temperature, Celsius	xx.x	°C
6	Air Relative Humidity	xx.x	%
7	PAR (Photosynthetically Available Radiation)	xxx.XXXX	mV
8	PSP (Shortwave Radiation)	x.XXXXXX	mV
9	PIR Thermopile (Longwave Radiation)	x.XXXXXX	mV
10	PIR Case Temperature	XXX.XXXX	°K
11	PIR Dome Temperature	XXX.XXXX	°K
12	Barometer	XXX.XXXX	mBar
13	Secondary Barometer	XXX.XXXX	mBar

08+034:13:52:14.216 PUS,A,356,002.15,M,+332.28,+000.97,60,08

08+034:13:52:14.216 SUS,A,356,002.15,M,+332.28,+000.97,60,08

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Identifier (PUS = port, SUS = stbd)	xxx	Text
3	A	x	A
4	Port Wind Relative Direction	xxx	degrees
5	Port Wind Relative Speed	xxx.xx	m/s
6	M = Meters (for previous)	x	M
7	Sound Speed	xxx.xx	m/s
8	Sonic Temperature	xxx.xx	°C
9	Unit Status	xx	numeric
10	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

lguv - Biospherical GUV

08+037:14:17:59.211 020608 141758 -.000099 1.307E0 7.24E0 1.316E1 2.609E1 3.285E1 3.505E1
 8.075E-2 38.993 17.985

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss
2	GUV Computer date	mmddyy
3	GUV Computer Time	hhmmss
4	Ed0Gnd	Volts
5	Ed0305	µW/cm ² nm
6	Ed0313	µW/cm ² nm
7	Ed0320	µW/cm ² nm
8	Ed0340	µW/cm ² nm
9	Ed0380	µW/cm ² nm
10	Ed0395	µW/cm ² nm
11	Ed0PAR	µE/cm ² sec
12	Ed0Temp	°C
13	Ed0Vin	Volts

Isea - wet wall flows, transmissometer

12+004:12:01:04.438 WetLab_1,14.1,XMISS,3.098,V,0.000,0.000,0.000,-928.535,-
220.566,0.000,0.000,T,NAN,NAN,NAN,P,0,0,F,47.91811,0,6.815308,0,0,0,I,1,1,1,1

Field	Data	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	UTC
2	WetLat_1	Text
3	Internal Temperature	°C
4	XMISS	Text
5	Transmissometer Reading	volts
6	V	Text
7	High precision voltage #1	V
8	High precision voltage #2	V
9	High precision voltage #3	V
10	Standard precision voltage #1 (historically used for YoYo Cam xmiss)	V
11	Standard precision voltage #2 (historically used for YoYo Cam altimeter)	V
12	Standard precision voltage #3	V
13	Standard precision voltage #4	V
14	T	Text
15	Temperature Probe 1	°C
16	Temperature Probe 2	°C
17	Temperature Probe 3	°C
18	Temperature Probe 4	°C
19	P	Text
20	Pulse Counter 1	counts
21	Pulse Counter 2	counts
22	F	Text
23	Flow Counter #1	counts
24	Flow Counter #2	counts
25	Flow Counter #3	counts
26	Flow Counter #4	counts
27	Flow Counter #5	counts
28	Flow Counter #6	counts
29	Flow Counter #7	counts
30	Flow Counter #8	counts
31	I	Text
32	Digital Input #1	1 or 0
33	Digital Input #2	1 or 0
34	Digital Input #3	1 or 0
35	Digital Input #4	1 or 0

utsg - microTSG, Thermosalinograph

For further information on this data, check www.seabird.com for SBE 45 MicroTSG Thermosalinograph

08+037:13:45:57.596 2.6470, 3.03853, 33.8129, 1459.351

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Internal water temperature	xx.xxxx	C
3	Conductivity	xx.xxxx	s/m
4	Salinity	xx.xxxx	PSU
5	Sound Velocity	xxxx.xxx	m/s

lrtm - digital Remote Temperature

For further information on this data, check on www.seabird.com on SBE38 Digital Thermometer

08+037:13:47:17.841 2.2527

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Temperature, Seawater Intake	xx.xxxx	C

ldfl - Fluorometer, Wetlab ECO

08+037:13:55:08.434 99/99/99 99:99:99 0.00 2585 73 543

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Fluorometer Date	mm/dd/yy	text
3	Fluorometer Time	hh:mm:ss	text
4	Chlorophyl Signal	x.xx	µg/l
5	Reference	xxxx	λq
6	Counts – Chlorophyll Signal	xx	counts
7	Thermistor Counts	xxxx	counts

Igo2 - Oxygen System

For further information on this data, please contact Britt Stephens at stephens@ucar.edu

```
12+301:22:35:30.558 81300.8 16.0 32.0 000.0 005.0 1.2589631 1.2379622 744.549 111.853 131.642
-2.089 -2.448 723.594 002.50 086.43 099.74 002.77 000.97 050.65 0.000 001.19 065.59 039.48
1966.097 01.345 37.0171 37.8433 000.0 000.0 20.66 20.41 -92.0 28.66 37.44 42.33 37.80 47.95
0.0 01.88 0.0001711 0.0001712 0.0000747 0.0000725 02.657 02.678 -1 0.0000895 -043.94
```

Field	Data
01	RVDAS Time Tag
02	jsecoday - Seconds since midnight
03	jselflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated selected gases
04	jprgflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated purged gases
05	jmfcflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated mass-flow controller states
06	jgenflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated other parameters
07	jfcv1 - voltage on Fuel Cell #1
08	jfcv2 - voltage on Fuel Cell #2
09	jpcell - pressure in torr at fuel cells
10	jlico2a - CO2 in ppm in Li7000 Cell A
11	jlico2b - CO2 in ppm in Li7000 Cell B [CO2 MEASUREMENT]
12	jlih2oa - H2O in ppt in Li7000 Cell A
13	jlih2ob - H2O in ppt in Li7000 Cell B
14	jlipb - pressure in torr at Li7000 Cell B
15	flmfcset - mass-flow controller set voltage
16	jfl1 - flow in sccm on Inlet Line #1
17	jfl2 - flow in sccm on Inlet Line #2
18	jflt - flow in sccm on Long-Term reference cylinder
19	jflcal - flow in sccm on selected Calibration cylinder
20	jflwta - flow in sccm on selected Working Tank Cylinder
21	jvsoset - purge line voltage-sensitive orifice set voltage
22	jflpurge - flow in sccm on purge line
23	jflwtb - flow in sccm on Working Tank line through sensors
24	jflsp - flow in sccm on Span line through sensors
25	jpridge - pressure in torr inside fridge trap
26	jtridge - temperature in C inside fridge trap
27	jtmpt - fuel-cell control temperature (thermistor) in C for MPT10000
28	jtfcell - fuel-cell thermistor temperature in C
29	jtagch1 - rmp of fan inside Line #1 Inlet
30	jtagch2 - rmp of fan inside Line #2 Inlet
31	jtcyl1 - temperature in C from cylinder box RTD #1
32	jtcyl2 - temperature in C from cylinder box RTD #2
33	jtcchill - temperature in C from chiller RTD
34	jtagamb - temperature in C RTD near Analyzer Box electronics
35	jtagomega - Analyzer Box control temperature (RTD) for Omega CNi2332
36	jtu4ch - temperature in C inside USB4CH 24-bit A/D box

37	jtfcrtd - fuel-cell RTD temperature in C
38	jfirga - temperature in C inside Li7000
39	jliflags - Li7000 status flag
40	jlirhsrc - Li7000 source/detector relative humidity
41	jsdfcv1 - standard deviation of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #1 voltage
42	jsdfcv2 - standard deviation of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #2 voltage
43	jslfcv1 - slope of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #1 voltage
44	jslfcv2 - slope of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #2 voltage
45	jsdco2a - standard deviation of 1-Hz Li7000 Cell A CO2 in ppm
46	jsdco2b - standard deviation of 1-Hz Li7000 Cell B CO2 in ppm
47	posneg - flag indicating position of fuel-cell changeover valve
48	jogdeltadiff - amplitude of 3-jog O2 difference-signal [O2 MEASUREMENT]

loxy - Oxygen (Part of PCO2 system, separate from Oxygen System)

For further information on this data, contact Tim Newberger at ***tim.newberger@noaa.gov***

```
04+117:23:57:23.504 MEASUREMENT      3830      380  Oxygen:      309.95      Saturation:
83.48  Temperature:    -1.35      DPhase:      33.41      BPhase:      32.22      RPhase:
          0.00      BAmp:      262.09      BPot:      163.00      RAmp:      0.00      RawTem.:
694.92
```

Field	Data	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	UTC
2 - 4	Measurement ID, Model Number, Serial Number	text
5	Oxygen (literal text heading)	text
6	Oxygen reading	Numeric (raw)
7	Saturation (literal text heading)	text
8	Saturation reading	Numeric (raw)
9	Temperature (literal text heading)	text
10	Water Temperature	°C
11	Dphase (literal text heading)	text
12	D-phase	Numeric (raw)
13	BPhase (literal text heading)	text
14	B-phase	Numeric (raw)
15	RPhase (literal text heading)	V
16	R-phase	Numeric (raw)
17	Bamp (literal textheadings)	text
18	B-amplitude	Numeric (raw)
19	Bpot (literal text heading)	text
20	Bpot	Numeric (raw)
21	Ramp (literal text heading)	text
22	R-amplitude	Numeric (raw)
23	RawTem (literal text heading)	Text
24	Raw Temperature	Numeric (raw)

lpc0 - PCO2 system

For further information on this data, contact Tim Newberger at tim.newberger@noaa.gov

```
02+319:23:59:13.748 2002319.99851      7154.27      26.49      1033.6      325.79      6.74      329.3      53.76
0   Equil
```

Field	Data	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	UTC
2	Julian date file string	Julian date
3	IR voltage reading	mV
4	Cell temperature	°C
5	Barometer	millibar
6	Gas flow	ml/min
7	VCO2 dry value	PPM
8	PCO2 wet/Delta value	PPM
9	Equilibrator temperature from RTD	°C
10	Equilibrator temperature from SBE-38	°C
11	Solenoid position ID	number
12	Measured gas	text

lsvp - Sound Velocity Probe in ADCP Transducer Well

NOTE: This value does not represent or reflect the sound speed in the ocean, and is for internal use by the ADCP.

00+348:01:59:52.128 177204

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Raw data counts	xxxx	Integer

ladc - ADCP Speed Log

00+019:23:59:59.099 \$PUHAW,UVH,-1.48,-0.51,250.6

Field	Data	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	UTC
2	\$PUHAW	text
3	UVH (E-W, N-S, Heading)	text
4	Ship speed over water relative to reference ¹ layer velocity ² , East vector	nautical miles per hour
5	Ship speed over water relative to reference ¹ layer velocity ² , North vector	nautical miles per hour
6	Ship heading	Degrees (true)

¹The reference layer is an average velocity measured in a number of depth “bins”. On the LMG, the bins are typically eight meters deep and bins 3-10 define the reference layer. Hence, the reference layer is the water column from 16-80 meters beneath the ship.

²The speed output is water velocity relative to the ship’s hull and is therefore opposite of the actual movement of the ship. For example, if the ship’s heading is due north, the North/South reference layer velocity is likely to be negative (southerly).

lgyr - Gyrocompass

02+315:23:59:58.616 \$HEHDT,287.7,T*25

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$HEHDT		
3	Heading	x.xx	degrees
4	T = True (for previous)	x	T
5	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

lsep - Seapath 330 GPS*INZDA: Time and Date Data*

10+351:23:59:58.142 \$INZDA,235958.08,17,12,2010,,*78

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$INZDA		
3	Time	hhmmss.ss	UTC
4	Day	dd	UTC
5	Month	mm	UTC
6	Year	yyyy	UTC
7	(empty field)	x	Blank or 0
8	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

INGGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

10+351:23:59:58.142 \$INGGA,235958.07,6118.168460,S,06008.089527,W,1,12,0.7,22.57,M,17.79,M,,*46

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$INGGA		
3	Time	hhmmss.ss	UTC
4	Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
5	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
6	Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmmmmm	ddmm.mmmmmm
7	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
8	GPS quality indicator	x	0 – 6
9	Number of satellites in use (00-99)	xx	00-99
10	Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP)	x.x	
11	Antenna height	x.xx	meters
12	M = meters (for previous)	X	M
13	Geoidal separation	x.xx	meters
14	M = meters (for previous)	X	M
15	Age of DGPS corrections (null with no DGPS)	x.x	seconds
16	If used, ID of DGPS reference station	xxxx	0000 - 1023

INRMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

10+351:23:59:58.200 \$INRMC,235958.07,A,6118.168460,S,06008.089527,W,12.8,331.22,171210,11.3,E,A*1C

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$INRMC		
3	Time	hhmmss.sss	UTC
4	Status A=valid data, N=receiver warning	x	A or N
5	Latitude	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
6	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
7	Longitude	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
8	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
9	Speed over Ground, True	x.x	knots
10	Course over Ground True	x.xx	degrees
11	Date	ddmmyy	UTC
12	Magnetic Variation	x.x	degrees
13	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
14	Mode	x	alphanumeric
15	Checksum	xx	UTC

INVTG: Speed Over Ground, Course Over Ground

14+025:23:59:59.100 \$INVTG,32.69,T,,M,10.6,N,19.6,K,A*1A

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPVTG		
3	Heading	x.xx	degrees
4	T = True (for previous)	x	T
5	Heading	x.xx	degrees
6	M = Magnetic (for previous)	x	M
7	Speed over Ground (knots)	x.x	knots
8	N = knots (for previous)	x	N
9	Speed over Ground (kilometers per hour)	x.x	km/h
10	K = km per hour (for previous)	x	K
11	Mode*	X	A,D,E, or N
12	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

PSXN,20: Data Quality

10+351:23:59:58.200 \$PSXN,20,1,2,0,0*38

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$PSXN		
3	20		
4	Horizontal position and velocity quality	x	0,1,2
5	Height and vertical velocity quality	x	0,1,2
6	Heading quality	x	0,1,2
7	Roll and pitch quality	x	0,1,2
8	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Quality flags: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data

PSXN,23: Roll, Pitch, Heading and Heave

10+351:23:59:58.213 \$PSXN,23,0.02,-0.76,330.56,*0B

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$PSXN		
3	23		
4	Roll, port side up is positive	x.xx	degrees
5	Pitch, bow up is positive	x.xx	degrees
6	Heading, True	x.xx	degrees
7	Heave, positive is down	x.xx	m
8	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Igar - Garmin GPS

RMC: Recommended Minimum for Navigation

15+051:21:02:04.741 \$GPRMC,210204.38,A,7712.979182,S,16741.063669,W,9.4,270.82,200215,105.6,E,A*06

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPRMC		
3	Time	hhmmss.sss	UTC
4	Status*	x	A or N
5	Latitude	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
6	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
7	Longitude	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
8	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
9	Speed over Ground, True	x.x	knots
10	Course over Ground True	x.xx	degrees
11	Date	ddmmyy	UTC
12	Magnetic Variation	x.x	degrees
13	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
14	Mode*	x	alphanumeric
15	Checksum	xx	UTC

GGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

08+034:12:26:06.131 \$GPGGA,122607,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,1,11,0.9,-193.4,M,9.7,M,,*5A

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPGGA		
3	Time	hhmmss.ss	UTC
4	Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
5	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
6	Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmmmmm	ddmm.mmmmmm
7	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
8	GPS quality indicator	x	0 – 6
9	Number of satellites in use (00-99)	xx	00-99
10	Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP)	x.x	
11	Antenna height	x.xx	meters
12	M = meters (for previous)	X	M
13	Geoidal separation	x.xx	meters
14	M = meters (for previous)	X	M
15	Age of DGPS corrections (null with no DGPS)	x.x	seconds
16	If used, ID of DGPS reference station	XXXX	0000 - 1023

VTG: Track Made Good and Speed over Ground

15+051:16:47:06.625 \$GPVTG,357.84,T,251.99,M,9.5,N,17.7,K,A*15

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPVTG		
3	Heading	x.xx	degrees
4	T = True (for previous)	x	T
5	Heading	x.xx	degrees
6	M = Magnetic (for previous)	x	M
7	Speed over Ground (knots)	x.x	knots
8	N = knots (for previous)	x	N
9	Speed over Ground (kilometers per hour)	x.x	km/h
10	K = km per hour (for previous)	x	K
11	Mode*	X	A,D,E, or N
12	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Modes

A = GPS used, D = DGPS used, E = Dead reckoning used, N = Invalid position / velocity

GNS: Global Positioning Fix Data

16+148:00:00:01.835 \$GPGNS,000001,6451.3766,S,06352.1432,W,AA,21,0.5,33.0,M,12.7,M,*50

This string only produced between day 146 and 152 for experimental purpose

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPGNS		
3	Time	hhmmss.ss	UTC
4	Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmfffff	degrees
5	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
6	Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmfffff	ddmm.mmfffff
7	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
8	Mode indicator*	x[x]	N, A, D, P
9	Number of satellites in use (00-99)	xx	00-99
10	Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP)	x.x	
11	Antenna height	x.xx	meters
12	M = meters (for previous)	X	M
13	Geoidal separation	x.xx	meters
14	M = meters (for previous)	X	M
15	Age of DGPS corrections (null with no DGPS)	x.x	seconds
16	If used, ID of DGPS reference station	xxxx	0000 - 1023
17	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

* Mode Indicator: One character indicator per constellation tracked. First character for GPS, second (optional) for GLONASS

A = Autonomous, N = No fix, D = Differential, P = Precise

lais – AIS receiver

AIVDM: AIS Data

14+070:00:02:38.575 !AIVDM,1,1,,B,15O5G4000oKPfggK2F2RQj7>0@FU,0*04

Field	Data	Format
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss
2	!AIVDM	text
3	Total number of sentences needed to transfer message	(1-9)
4	Message sentence number	(1-9)
5	Sequential identifier to link multiple messages	(0-9 or null)
6	AIS channel	A or B
7	Encapsulated Binary Coded Data ¹	ASCII text
8	Number of fill bits	(0-5)
9	*Checksum	hexadecimal

¹Data is encoded as described in ITU-R M.1371

LMG Sensors

Shipboard Sensors

Sensor	Description	Serial #	Cal. Date	Status
Port Anemometer	Gill Ultrasonic Wind Observer II	1246001-WC45	N/A	Collected
Starboard Anemometer	Gill Ultrasonic Wind Observer II	1246002-WC45	N/A	Collected
Barometer (primary)	Vaisala PTB210B	K284002	10-July-2014	Collected
Barometer (secondary)	R.M. Young 61201	BP01707	12-Aug-2014	Collected
Humidity/Wet Temp	RM Young 41372LC	6133	14-Aug-2014	Collected
PAR for Mast	Biosph. Inst. QSR-240P	6393	31-Mar-2015	Collected
PIR	Eppley PIR	28903F3	3-Feb-2015	Collected
PSP	Eppley PSP	28933F3	3-Feb-2015	Collected
GUV (Mast)	Biosph. Inst. GUV-2511	25110805127	15-Jun-2015	Collected
Transmissometer	WET Labs C-Star 25 cm deep	CST-407DR	21-Aug-2015	Collected
MicroTSG (Primary)	Sea-Bird 45	243	16-May-2014	Collected
MicroTSG (Secondary)	Sea-Bird 45	390	30-Oct-2014	Collected
Digital Remote Temp	Sea-Bird 38	351	28-Dec-2013	Collected
Fluorometer	WET Labs ECO-FL	FLRTD-1735	22-Jun-2015	Collected

Underway Calibration Sheets

Anemometer- Port

WindObserver II™ Product Test Report



Product Tested: WindObserver II

Part Number: 1390-70-B-322

Serial Number: 1246001 - WC45

Test Date: 16/11/2012

Location: Gill Instruments Ltd

GILL ensures that quality is inherent in all aspects of the activities and ensures that compliance with BS EN ISO9001: 2008 is maintained.

This report certifies that the above instrument has been tested in accordance with Gill internal procedures

Results

Test	Limits	Passed
Still Air Test (Zero Wind Speed)	< 0.02m/s	Pass
Wind Tunnel Test (12 m/s nominal)	Pass/Fail	Pass

Generic calibration is traceable to the University of Southampton wind tunnel and instrumentation is maintained in accordance with UKAS.

All tests have been successfully completed

On behalf of Gill Instruments Ltd

Tony Raine
Quality Control

2002-0395 Issue 1



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www.gill.co.uk



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Gill Instruments Ltd
Reg. No. 315452 Registered Office: The George Business Centre, Christchurch Road, New Milton, BH25 6QJ

Anemometer-Starboard

WindObserver II™

Product Test Report



Product Tested: WindObserver II

Part Number: 1390-70-B-322

Serial Number: 1246002 - WC45

Test Date: 15/11/2012

Location: Gill Instruments Ltd

GILL ensures that quality is inherent in all aspects of the activities and ensures that compliance with BS EN ISO9001: 2008 is maintained.

This report certifies that the above instrument has been tested in accordance with Gill internal procedures

Results

Test	Limits	Passed
Still Air Test (Zero Wind Speed)	< 0.02m/s	Pass
Wind Tunnel Test (12 m/s nominal)	Pass/Fail	Pass

Generic calibration is traceable to the University of Southampton wind tunnel and instrumentation is maintained in accordance with UKAS.

All tests have been successfully completed

On behalf of Gill Instruments Ltd

Tony Raine
Quality Control

2002-0395 Issue 1



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Barometer

R.M. Young Company
2901 Aero Park Drive
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

COPY

CALIBRATION REPORT
Barometric Pressure

Customer: *Lockheed Martin Corp*

Test Number: 4812-01B

Customer PO: 4900051187

Test Date: 12 August 2014

Sales Order: 4249

Test Sensor:	
Model: E1201	Serial Number: BP01707
Description: Barometric Pressure Sensor	

Report of calibration comparison of test barometric pressure sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard pressure calibrator at five pressures in the R.M. Young Company controlled pressure facility. Calibration accuracy ± 1.0 hPa.

Reference Pressure (hPa)	Voltage Output (millivolts)	Indicated (1) Pressure (hPa)
800.0	0	800.0
875.0	1251	875.0
950.0	2501	950.1
1025.0	3750	1025.0
1100.0	4997	1099.8

(1) Calculated from voltage output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

<u>Reference Instrument:</u>	<u>Serial #</u>	<u>NIST Test Reference</u>
Druck Pressure Controller Model DPC1516	51500497	UKAS Lab J221
Fluke Multimeter Model 8060A	4085407	234027

Tested By:

R. Bruneau

M E T E O R O L O G I C A L I N S T R U M E N T S
Tel: 231-946-3860 Fax: 231-946-4772 Email: mleaves@youngusa.com Web site: youngusa.com
ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED

Air Temperature / Relative Humidity

R.M. Young Company
2001 Aero Park Drive
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

CALIBRATION REPORT
Temperature

Customer: *Lockheed Martin Corp*

Test Number: 4814-08T
Test Date: 14 August 2014

Customer PO: 4900051185
Sales Order: 4250

Test Sensor:	Model: 41372LC	Serial Number: TS06133
Description: Temperature/Relative Humidity Sensor		

Report of calibration comparison of test temperature sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard thermometers at three temperatures in the R.M. Young Company controlled temperature calibration bath facilities. Calibration accuracy = 0.1° Celsius.

Bath Temperature (degrees C)	Current Output (milliamperes)	Indicated (1) Temperature (degrees C)
-50.00	4.001	-49.99
-0.01	11.997	0.02
49.94	19.989	49.93

(1) Calculated from current output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Reference Instrument:	Serial #	NIST Test Reference
Brooklyn Thermometer Model 48-FC	3006118	W204690
Brooklyn Thermometer Model 22332-D5-FC	25071	W204691
Brooklyn Thermometer Model 2X400-D7-FC	77532	W204692
Keithley Multimeter Model 191	15232	4200646497

Tested By: R. P. Miller

M E T E O R O L O G I C A L I N S T R U M E N T S
Tel 231-648 3600 Fax 231-648-4772 E-mail rmtsales@youngusa.com www.youngusa.com
ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED

PAR for mast**Biospherical Instruments Inc.****CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Calibration Date 3/31/2015
 Model Number QSR240
 Serial Number 6393
 Operator TPC
 Standard Lamp V-039(3/3/15)
 Probe Excitation Voltage Range: 6 to 18 VDC(+)
 Output Polarity: Positive

Probe Conditions at Calibration (in air):

Calibration Voltage: 6 VDC(-)
 Probe Current: 1.3 mA

Probe Output Voltage:

Probe Illuminated	<u>97.9</u>	mV
Probe Dark	<u>0.4</u>	mV
Probe Net Response	<u>97.5</u>	mV
RG780	<u>0.4</u>	mV

Corrected Lamp Output:Output in Air (same condition as calibration):

9.391E+15 quanta/cm²/sec
155.94603 uE/m² sec

Calibration Scale Factor:

(To calculate irradiance, divide the net voltage reading in Volts by this value.)

Dry: 1.0379E-17 V/(quanta/cm²/sec)
6.2504E-04 V/(uE/m² sec)

Notes:

1. Annual calibration is recommended.
2. Calibration is performed using a Standard of Spectral Irradiance traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
3. The collector should be cleaned frequently with alcohol.
4. Calibration was performed with customer cable, when available.

PIR

THE EPPELEY LABORATORY, INC.

12 Sheffield Avenue, PO Box 419, Newport, Rhode Island USA 02840
 Phone: 401.847.1020 Fax: 401.847.1031 E-mail: info@eppleylab.com

STANDARDIZATION OF EPPELEY PRECISION INFRARED RADIOMETER Model PIR

Serial Number: 28903F3

Resistance: 675 Ω at 23°C

Temperature Compensation Range: -20° to +40°C

This pyrgeometer has been compared against Eppley's Blackbody Calibration System under radiation intensities of approximately 200 watts meter⁻² and an average ambient temperature of 25°C as measured by Standard Omega Temperature Probe, RTD#1.

As a result of a series of comparisons, it has been found to have a sensitivity of:

$$3.57 \times 10^{-6} \text{ volts/watts meter}^{-2}$$

The calculation of this constant is based on the fact that the relationship between radiation intensity and emf is rectilinear to intensities of 700 watts meter⁻². This radiometer is linear to within ±1.0% up to this intensity.

The calibration of this instrument is traceable to the International Practical Temperature Scale (IPTS) through a precision low-temperature blackbody.

Eppley recommends a minimum calibration cycle of five (5) years but encourages annual calibrations for highest measurement accuracy. Unless otherwise stated in the remarks section below or on the Sales Order, the results are "AS FOUND / AS LEFT".

Shipped to: LMP4 ISGS(NSF)
 Port Hueneme, CA

Date of Test: February 3, 2015

S.O. Number: 64325
 Date: February 3, 2015

In Charge of Test: *John L. Gentry*
 Reviewed by: *Thomas D. Cook*

Remarks:

End of Report



THE EPPLEY LABORATORY, INC.

12 Sheffield Avenue, PO Box 419, Newport, Rhode Island USA 02840
 Phone: 401.847.1020 Fax: 401.847.1031 Email: info@eppleylab.com

Calibration Certificate

Instrument: Precision Spectral Pyranometer, Model PSP, Serial Number 28923F3

Procedure: This pyranometer was compared in Eppley's Integrating Hemisphere according to procedures described in *ISO 9847 Section 5.3.1* and Technical Procedure, TP01 of The Eppley Laboratory, Inc.'s Quality Assurance Manual on Calibrations.

Transfer Standard: Eppley Precision Spectral Pyranometer, Model PSP, Serial Number 21231F3

Results: **Sensitivity:** $S = 8.13 \mu\text{V} / \text{Wm}^{-2}$

Uncertainty: $U_95 = \pm 0.91\%$ (95% confidence level, k=2)

Resistance: 686 Ω at 23°C

Date of Test: February 3, 2015

Traceability: This calibration is traceable to the World Radiation Reference (WRR) through comparisons with Eppley's AHF standard self calibrating cavity pyrheliometers which participated in the Eleventh International Pyrheliometric Comparisons (IPC XI) at Davos, Switzerland in September-October 2010. Unless otherwise stated in the remarks section below or on the Sales Order, the results of this calibration are "AS FOUND / AS LEFT".

Due Date: Eppley recommends a minimum calibration cycle of five (5) years but encourages annual calibrations for highest measurement accuracy.

Customer: LMP4 ISGS(NSF)
 Port Hueneme, CA

Signatures: *Dale L. Flarity* *Reviewed by:*

In Charge of Test: *Thomas D. Rush*

Eppley SO: 64325

Date of Certificate: February 3, 2015

Remarks:

End of Report

PSP

GUV

GUV-2511 Calibration Certificate										
System Serial Number Calibration database DASSN Microprocessor Tag Number				Date of Calibration Date of Certificate Standard of Spectral Irradiance Operator				6/15/2015 6/15/2015 V-033 (3/3/15) TC		
Monochromatic Channels	Address	Wavelength [nm]	Responsivity [Amps per μW/(cm²·nm)]	ScaleSmall [Volts per μW/(cm²·nm)]	ScaleMedium [Volts per μW/(cm²·nm)]	ScaleLarge [Volts per μW/(cm²·nm)]	OffsetSmall [volts]	OffsetMedium [volts]	OffsetLarge [volts]	Measurement Units
Ed0305	2	305	4.3412E-11	4.4645E-06	1.3124E-03	4.0159E-01	-4.4209E-04	-4.4843E-04	-5.4940E-04	μW/(cm²·nm)
Ed0313	6	313	1.7792E-10	1.8120E-05	5.3084E-03	1.8643E+00	1.3446E-04	1.4032E-04	1.2464E-03	μW/(cm²·nm)
Ed0320	8	320	2.5802E-10	2.6271E-05	7.7145E-03	2.5278E+00	-1.8351E-04	-1.8545E-04	6.7677E-05	μW/(cm²·nm)
Ed0340	10	340	1.9800E-10	2.0210E-05	5.9050E-03	2.1161E+00	1.0116E-04	9.5762E-05	1.2368E-03	μW/(cm²·nm)
Ed0380	12	380	7.0722E-11	7.2188E-06	2.1141E-03	7.2645E-01	-2.7743E-04	-2.8172E-04	-1.4003E-04	μW/(cm²·nm)
Ed0395	13	395	2.7486E-10	2.8166E-05	8.2305E-03	2.8018E+00	-2.2586E-04	-2.2546E-04	-4.9964E-04	μW/(cm²·nm)
Broadband Channels	Address	Wavelength [nm]	Responsivity [Amps per μE/(cm²·s)]	ScaleSmall [Volts per μE/(cm²·s)]	ScaleMedium [Volts per μE/(cm²·s)]	ScaleLarge [Volts per μE/(cm²·s)]	OffsetSmall [volts]	OffsetMedium [volts]	OffsetLarge [volts]	Measurement Units
Ed0PAR	18	400-700	1.6871E-05	1.6983E+00	4.9737E+02	1.6394E+05	-1.0804E-04	-1.0693E-04	6.2169E-04	μE/(cm²·sec)
Auxiliary Channels	Address	Wavelength	Responsivity	ScaleS	ScaleM	ScaleL	OffsetS	OffsetM	OffsetL	Measurement Units
Ed0Temp	22	0	1	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0	0	°C
Ed0VIN	27	0	1	-0.25	-0.25	-0.25	0	0	0	V

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Calibration Data – Do Not Destroy

page 2 of 2

Transmissometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

C-Star Calibration

Date	8.21.15	S/N#	CST-407DR	Pathlength	25cm
V_d			Analog output	Digital output	
V_{air}			0.004 V	0 counts	
V_{ref}			4.821 V	15832 counts	
			4.699 V	15433 counts	
Temperature of calibration water				24.3 °C	
Ambient temperature during calibration				22.8 °C	

Relationship of transmittance (Tr) to beam attenuation coefficient (c), and pathlength (x, in meters): $Tr = e^{-cx}$

To determine beam transmittance: $Tr = (V_{sig} - V_{dark}) / (V_{ref} - V_{dark})$

To determine beam attenuation coefficient: $c = -1/x * \ln (Tr)$

V_d Meter output with the beam blocked. This is the offset.

V_{air} Meter output in air with a clear beam path.

V_{ref} Meter output with clean water in the path.

Temperature of calibration water: temperature of clean water used to obtain V_{ref} .

Ambient temperature: meter temperature in air during the calibration.

V_{sig} Measured signal output of meter.

Thermosalinograph (Temperature) - Primary

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0243
 CALIBRATION DATE: 16-May-14

SBE 45 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

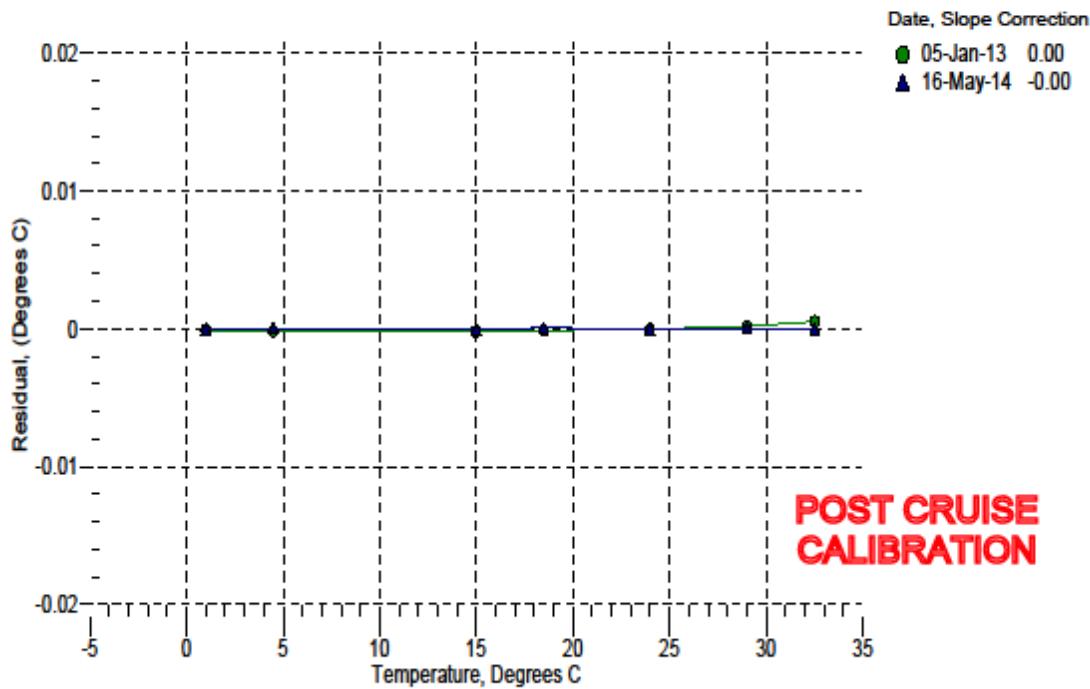
a0 = 1.417246e-005
 a1 = 2.749041e-004
 a2 = -2.553507e-006
 a3 = 1.527836e-007

BATH TEMP (ITS-90)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT	INST TEMP (ITS-90)	RESIDUAL (ITS-90)
1.0000	759568.9	1.0000	-0.0000
4.5000	647915.0	4.5000	0.0000
15.0000	410152.8	14.9999	-0.0001
18.5000	354383.2	18.5001	0.0001
24.0000	283362.0	24.0000	-0.0000
29.0000	232648.2	29.0000	0.0000
32.5000	203331.4	32.5000	-0.0000

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/\{a_0 + a_1[\ln(n)] + a_2[\ln^2(n)] + a_3[\ln^3(n)]\} - 273.15 \text{ } (\text{°C})$$

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature

n = instrument output



Thermosalinograph (Conductivity) - Primary

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0243
CALIBRATION DATE: 16-May-14

SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

$g = -1.008861e+000$	$CPcor = -9.5700e-008$
$h = 1.574112e-001$	$CTcor = 3.2500e-006$
$i = -3.646901e-004$	$WBOTC = 1.1173e-006$
$j = 5.431565e-005$	

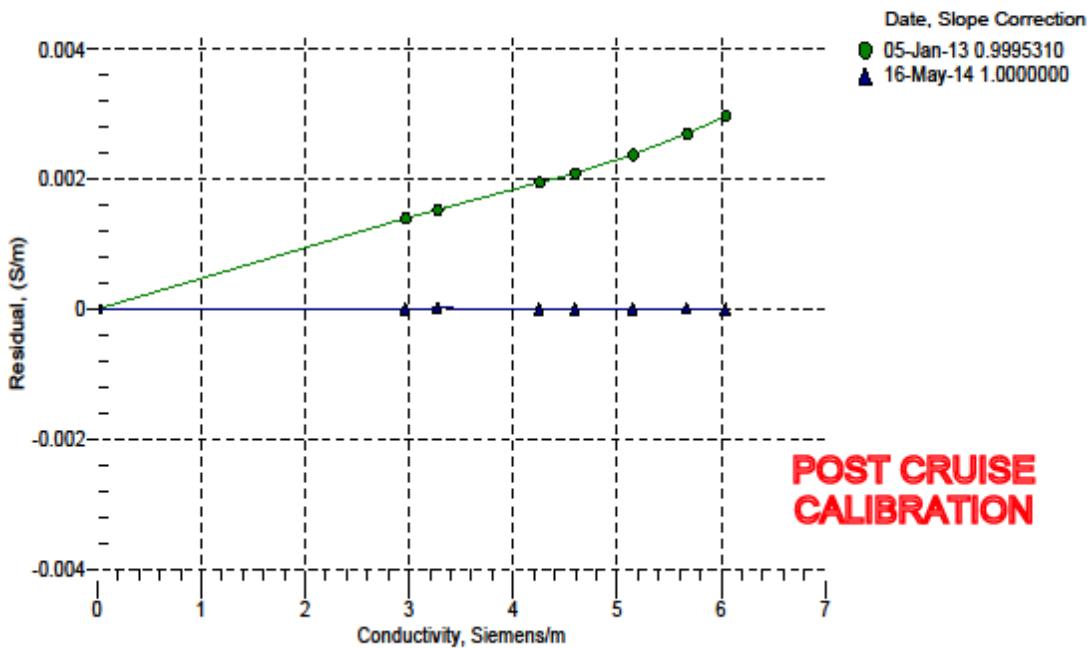
BATH TEMP (ITS-90)	BATH SAL (PSU)	BATH COND (Siemens/m)	INST FREQ (Hz)	INST COND (Siemens/m)	RESIDUAL (Siemens/m)
22.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2536.23	0.00000	0.00000
1.0000	34.6704	2.96468	5031.60	2.96467	-0.00001
4.5000	34.6504	3.27061	5221.13	3.27062	0.00001
15.0000	34.6078	4.24873	5784.74	4.24873	-0.00000
18.5000	34.5989	4.59263	5969.99	4.59263	-0.00000
24.0000	34.5892	5.14857	6257.55	5.14856	-0.00000
29.0000	34.5834	5.66845	6514.65	5.66846	0.00001
32.5000	34.5796	6.03937	6691.83	6.03936	-0.00000

$$f = \text{INST FREQ} * \sqrt{1.0 + WBOTC * t} / 1000.0$$

$$\text{Conductivity} = (g + h * f^2 + i * f^3 + j * f^4) / (1 + \delta * t + e * p) \text{ Siemens / meter}$$

t = temperature [°C]; p = pressure[decibars]; δ = CTcor; e = CPcor;

Residual = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



Thermosalinograph (Temperature) - Secondary

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0390
 CALIBRATION DATE: 30-Oct-14

SBE 45 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

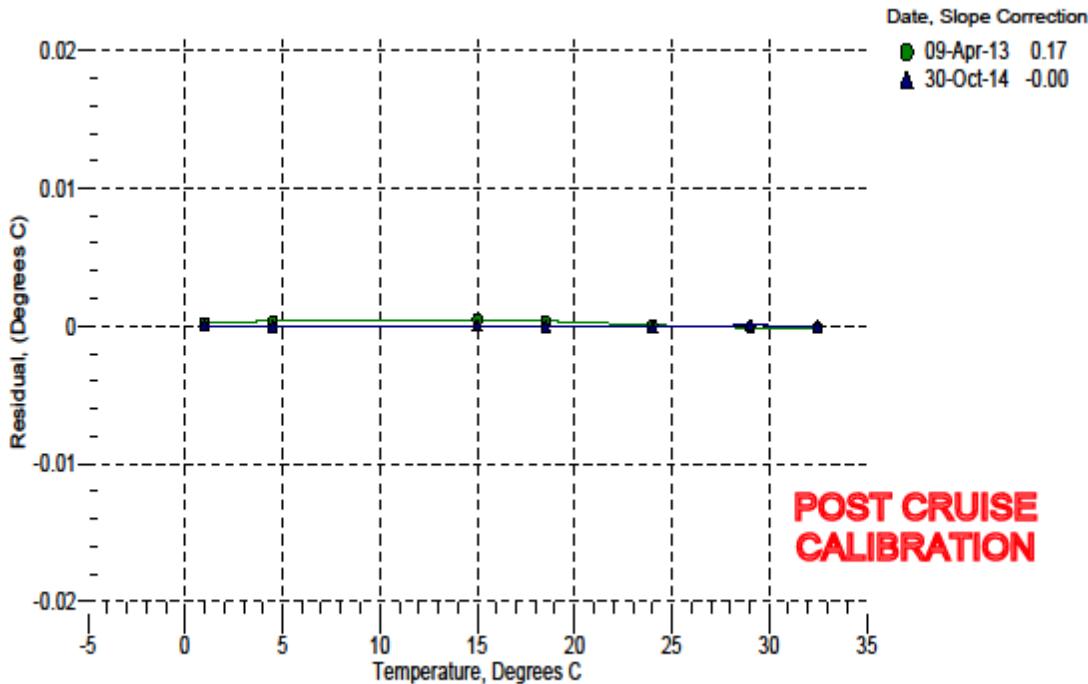
a0 = 8.496577e-006
 a1 = 2.825921e-004
 a2 = -3.093430e-006
 a3 = 1.690910e-007

BATH TEMP (ITS-90)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT	INST TEMP (ITS-90)	RESIDUAL (ITS-90)
1.0000	662306.1	1.0000	0.0000
4.5000	565262.5	4.5000	-0.0000
15.0000	358389.6	15.0000	0.0000
18.5000	309815.7	18.5000	-0.0000
24.0000	247915.6	23.9999	-0.0001
29.0000	203683.3	29.0001	0.0001
32.5000	178100.4	32.5000	-0.0000

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/\{a_0 + a_1[\ln(n)] + a_2[\ln^2(n)] + a_3[\ln^3(n)]\} - 273.15 \text{ } (\text{°C})$$

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature

n = instrument output



Thermosalinograph (Conductivity) - Secondary

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0390
CALIBRATION DATE: 30-Oct-14

SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -9.863328e-001	CPcor = -9.5700e-008
h = 1.453844e-001	CTcor = 3.2500e-006
i = -4.104173e-004	WBOTC = 2.8724e-007
j = 5.237151e-005	

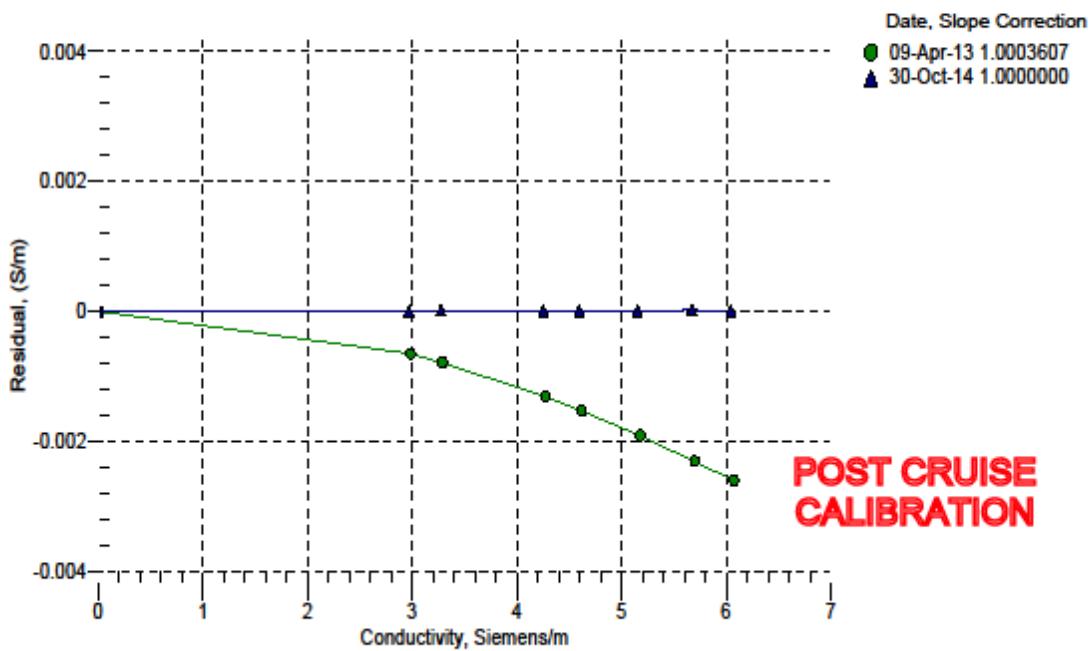
BATH TEMP (ITS-90)	BATH SAL (PSU)	BATH COND (Siemens/m)	INST FREQ (Hz)	INST COND (Siemens/m)	RESIDUAL (Siemens/m)
22.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2611.09	0.00000	0.00000
1.0000	34.6932	2.96644	5227.11	2.96644	-0.00000
4.5000	34.6730	3.27253	5425.21	3.27254	0.00001
15.0000	34.6287	4.25103	6014.01	4.25103	-0.00000
18.5000	34.6182	4.59492	6207.39	4.59491	-0.00000
24.0000	34.6058	5.15076	6507.48	5.15076	-0.00000
29.0000	34.5974	5.67049	6775.69	5.67050	0.00001
32.5000	34.5926	6.04138	6960.54	6.04137	-0.00001

$$f = \text{INST FREQ} * \sqrt{1.0 + WBOTC * t} / 1000.0$$

Conductivity = $(g + h * f^2 + i * f^3 + j * f^4) / (1 + \delta * t + \epsilon * p)$ Siemens / meter

t = temperature [°C]; p = pressure[decibars]; δ = CTcor; ϵ = CPcor;

Residual = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



*Digital Remote Temperature***Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0351
CALIBRATION DATE: 28-Dec-13SBE 38 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS

a0 = 6.847307e-005
 a1 = 2.737587e-004
 a2 = -2.376425e-006
 a3 = 1.515438e-007

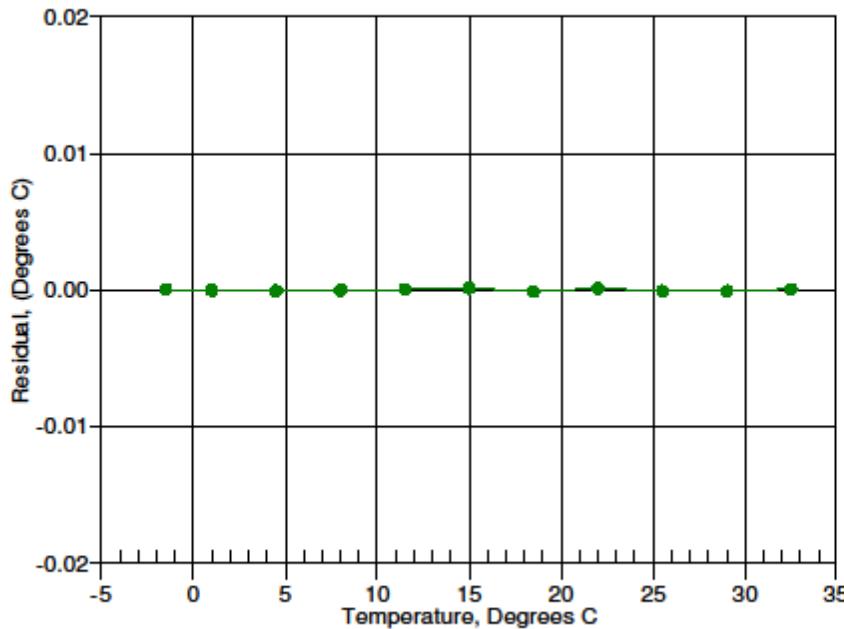
BATH TEMP (ITS-90)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT	INST TEMP (ITS-90)	RESIDUAL (ITS-90)
-1.50000	674751.5	-1.49996	0.00004
1.00000	601342.4	0.99997	-0.00003
4.50020	513289.0	4.50015	-0.00005
8.00000	439602.0	7.99997	-0.00003
11.50000	377712.0	11.50004	0.00004
14.99990	325560.5	15.00003	0.00013
18.50020	281469.0	18.50008	-0.00012
22.00000	244073.8	22.00011	0.00011
25.50000	212261.3	25.49992	-0.00008
29.00010	185112.4	29.00003	-0.00007
32.50010	161877.4	32.50017	0.00007

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/(a_0 + a_1[\ln(n)] + a_2[\ln^2(n)] + a_3[\ln^3(n)]) - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature

Date, Delta T (mdeg C)

28-Dec-13 0.00



Fluorometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

ECO Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 6/22/2015

S/N: FLRTD-1735

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in $\mu\text{g/l}$ can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{CHL } (\mu\text{g/l}) = \text{Scale Factor} * (\text{Output} - \text{Dark Counts})$$

	Analog Range 1	Analog Range 2	Analog Range 4 (default)	Digital
Dark Counts	0.054	0.025	0.010 V	48 counts
Scale Factor (SF)	6	13	25 $\mu\text{g/l}/\text{V}$	0.0076 $\mu\text{g/l}/\text{count}$
Maximum Output	4.99	4.99	4.99 V	16380 counts
Resolution	0.8	0.8	0.8 mV	1.0 counts

Ambient temperature during characterization

21.0 °C

Analog Range: 1 (most sensitive, 0–4,000 counts), 2 (midrange, 0–8,000 counts), 4 (entire range, 0–16,000 counts).

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: SF = x ÷ (output - dark counts), where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of.

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-a concentrations *in-situ* is highly variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer, you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction-based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determining chlorophyll concentration see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" part 10200 H, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and the Water Environment Federation.

Acquisition and Processing Information

Errors and Events

Of particular note this cruise is the primary TSG, which our diagnostics indicate is a less reliable indicator of the actual ocean salinity than the secondary. End users are encouraged to use salinity values derived from the secondary TSG for this cruise.

Day Of Year	Time (GMT)	Event	Location
143	02:52	Begin logging	@68W
143	11:25	MET system off-line (equipment failure). UCAR oxygen system impacted.	
143	12:58	MET system restored.	
143	20:37	ADCP Bottom Tracking Off	Patagonian Shelf
146	13:49	ADCP Bottom Tracking On	Arrive Antarctic Shelf
146	21:26	Added GNS string to output of Garmin GPS	
146	21:50	Garmin offline for firmware update	
146	22:24	Garmin GPS back on line	
147	14:52	Suspend logging of seawater and sonar	Arrive Palmer Station
147	20:19	Resumed seawater system and sonars	Depart Palmer Station
147	22:08	Oxygen system offline. Cause unknown.	
147	22:34	Oxygen back on line after reboot.	
148	07:39	PCO2 system offline (Power Fluctuation)	
148	11:39	PCO2 system restarted	
149	00:22	Ship's power failure kicked seawater pump off.	
149	00:35	Seawater restored.	
149	13:15	Replaced Vacu-guards on PCO2 system	
149	13:28	Moved Oxygen system off ship's power to UPS power	
149	15:14	After replacing hard drive, Oxygen system restored.	
150	11:11	O2 system taken offline to clone HD.	
150	12:06	O2 system restored after failure to clone drive.	
151	14:40	Suspend logging of seawater and sonar	Arrive Palmer Station
152	XX:XX	O2 system taken offline to clone HD.	
152	16:39	Removed GPGNS string from Garmin 19 GPS	
156	13:50	Weekly Oxygen System Maintenance	
158	12:54	Resumed seawater system and sonars	Depart Palmer Station
162	13:32	Suspend logging of seawater and sonar	Arrive Palmer Station
163	12:35	O2 system weekly maintenance	
168	18:30	O2 system interrupted for tank purge	
169	13:12	Resumed seawater system and sonars	Depart Palmer Station
170	13:43	ADCP Bottom Tracking off	Depart Antarctic Shelf
172	14:30	ADCP Bottom Tracking on	Patagonian Shelf
173	06:42	End data collection	@68W