
LMG 1502

Aronson B-002

Cruise Data Report

By Jason Bryenton and W. Kevin Pedigo



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Introduction

The LMG data acquisition systems continuously log data from a suite of instrumentation throughout the cruise. This document describes the format of that data and its location on the distribution CDs or DVDs. It also contains important information that may affect how this data is processed such as instrument failures or other known problems with acquisition.

All of the data has been archived with the Unix “tar” command and/or compressed using Unix “gzip” compression. Tar files have a “.tar” extension and Gzipped files have a “.gz” extension. Tools are available on all platforms for uncompressing and de-archiving these formats. On Macintosh, Stuffit Expander with DropStuff will open a tar archive and uncompress gzipped and Unix compressed files. For Windows, WinZip, a shareware utility included on this CD (remember, it is shareware) will open these files.

In some cases to adhere to the ISO9660 format the .tar extension was removed. When we tarred the files then gzip the tar archive the name of the file became *File.tgz*. This name does not follow the 8.3 naming convention of the ISO9660 format. On Windows and Mac Platforms Winzip and Stuffit Expander handles this just fine. When they expand the *File.gz* the expanded file becomes *File.tar*, which both software packages can handle. On Unix platforms gunzip expands *File.tgz* but it does not append the .tar extension. So you may not recognize the file as a tar archive, but OS does recognize it as a tar archive. If you use the file command it will return saying it is a tar file. The below tar command will un-archive the file just fine.

IMPORTANT: Read the last section in this document, Acquisition Problems and Events, for important information that may affect the processing of this data.

Archive Data Extraction

It is often useful to know exactly how an archive was produced when expanding its contents. Tar files were created using the following commands:

```
tar cvf archive-file files-to-be-archived
```

To create a list of the files in the archive:

```
tar tvf archive-file > contents.list
```

To extract the files from the archive:

```
tar xvf archive-file file(s)-to-extract
```

G-zipped files will have a “.gz” extension on the filename. These files can be decompressed after de-archiving, using:

```
gunzip filename.gz
```

Distribution Contents

ADCP

/ADCP/

This directory contains a tar file of gentoo's proc directory, which contains a database of the averaged ping data, Matlab m-files used in processing the data, and daily graphs of the currents. For more information contact Teri Chereskin at tchereskin@ucsd.edu.

Calibration

/Cal/

Refer to the InstCoef.txt file along with the specific instrument calibration sheets, both located in this directory, for information on how the RVDAS data was collected and processed.

Imagery

/Imagery/

This directory contains things such as ice imagery, isobar charts, sat imagery, wave and wind images, and weather reports.

Logsheets

/logsheet/

This directory contains scanned paper log sheets in PDF format for various science of opportunity or projects or cruise related science, including such things as XBT's, XCTD's, air sample log sheets, oxygen system maintenance logs, etc.

Maps

/Maps/

This directory maps and mapping data generated by the ship's MCIS and automated scripts, usually in JPEG or PostScript format, plus any maps provided for this purpose by the on-board science party.

Ocean (CTD, XBT and XCTD)

/Ocean/XBT

Contains a zip archive of XBT data generated for the Drake Transect by NOAA standard "AMVERSEAS" software. Non-Drake transect data may also be included, which will a combination of binary and ascii files generated by standard Sippican MK-21 software. The dataset includes the following files:

- dat.zip The probe drop schedule and other configuration files.
- efiles.zip The edited data files.
- log.zip The log files for drop and GPS positioning.
- nav.zip The navigation files.

sfiles.zip	The raw data files.
*.pdf	Scanned images of the paper log sheets.

/Ocean/XCTD

Expendable Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth (XCTD) digital probes were used to obtain water column temperature and Salinity profiles. The two files were created for each drop .RDF files contain the raw data, and the .EDF contain the exported ascii data.

Data and Science Report

/Report/

Copies of this report in MS Word, pdf, and text formats.

Science

/Science/

This directory, if populated, contains data specified by the on-board science party.

WAYPOINTS

/waypoint/

Contains the waypoint file used for the cruise; this is read by the DAS system and the selected waypoint is displayed on the CCTV system.

QC Plots

/process/QC_PLOTS/

Postscript files of data stored each day on RVDAS for quality control analysis during the cruise. There are 3 types of files, named metXXX.ps, navXXX.ps, and oceanXXX.ps, where XXX is represents the Julian day. Met files are a summary of the data from the meteorological instruments, Nav files are a summary of navigational data, and Ocean files are a summary of the underway seawater and bathymetry data.

JGOFS Data Set

/Process/JGOF/

The JGOFS data set consists of a single file produced each day named `jg<julian_day>.dat.gz` where `<julian_day>` is the day the data was acquired. The “.gz” extension indicates that the individual files are compressed before archiving. The daily file consists of 22 separate columnar fields in text format, which are described below. The JGOFS data set is obtained primarily by applying calibrations to raw data and decimating to whole minute intervals. However, several fields are derived measurements from more than a single raw input. *Note: Null, unused, or unknown fields are filled with 9's in the JGOFS data.*

Additionally, 3 separate QC plots are generated daily by the ET using the JGOFS data set. These plots include TSG and Bathymetry data, meteorological data, and navigation data. The files are called `ocean<julian_day>.ps`, `met<julian_day>.ps`, and `nav<julian_day>.ps` respectively.

Field	Data	Units
01	GMT date	dd/mm/yy
02	GMT time	hh:mm:ss
03	PCOD latitude (negative is South)	Ddd.dddd
04	PCOD longitude (negative is West)	Ddd.dddd
05	Ships speed	Knots
06	GPS HDOP	-
07	Gyro Heading	Degrees (azimuth)
08	Course over ground	Degrees (azimuth)
09	Mast PAR	μ Einstins/meters ² sec
10	Sea surface temperature	°C
11	Not used	-
12	Sea surface salinity	PSU
13	Sea depth (uncorrected, calc. sw sound vel. 1500 m/s)	meters
14	True wind speed (port windbird)	meters/sec
15	True wind direction (port windbird)	degrees (azimuth)
16	Ambient air temperature	°C
17	Relative humidity	%
18	Barometric pressure	mBars
19	Sea surface fluorometry	μ g/l
20	Transmissometer	Volts (0-5)
21	PSP	W/m ²
22	PIR	W/m ²

pCO₂-merged Data Set/Process/PCO₂/

00+346:23:58:20.672 2000346.9991 2398.4 1008.4 0.01 45.4 350.3 342.6 15.77 Equil -43.6826
 173.1997 15.51 33.90 0.33 5.28 9.05 1007.57 40.0 14.87 182.44 -1

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS time tag	
2	pCO ₂ time tag (decimal is fractional time of day)	yyyyddd.ttt
3	Raw voltage (IR)	mV
4	Cell temperature	°C
5	Barometer	MBar
6	Flow rate	ml / min
7	Concentration	ppm
8	pCO ₂ pressure	microAtm
9	Equilibrated temperature	°C
10	Sea Water Temp	1 or 2 digits
11	Valve position	°C
12	Flow source (Equil = pCO ₂ measurement)	text
13	RVDAS latitude	degrees
14	RVDAS longitude	degrees
15	TSG external temperature	°C
16	TSG 1 salinity	PSU
17	Fluorometer	V
18	RVDAS true wind speed	m/s
19	RVDAS true wind direction	degrees
20	Barometric Pressure	mBars
21	Uncontaminated seawater pump flow rate	l/min
22	Speed over ground	knots
23	Course made good	degrees
24	Oxygen	µM
25	TSG 2 internal temperature	°C
26	TSG 2 salinity	PSU
27	TSG 1 internal temperature	°C

Field	Data	Units
28	H2O Input Source	-1 stern thruster 0 moonpool

RVDAS

/RVDAS/

RVDAS (Research Vessel Data Acquisition System) was developed at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University and has been used on the R/V Maurice Ewing for several years. It was adapted for use on the Nathaniel B. Palmer and her sister ship, the R/V Laurence M. Gould.

Below you will find detailed information on the data included. Be sure to read the “Significant Acquisition Events” section below for important information about data acquisition during this cruise.

Meteorological Data

Measurement	File ID	Collect. Status	Rate	Instrument
Air Temperature	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	R. M. young 41372VC
Relative Humidity	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	R. M. young 41372VC
Wind Speed/Direction	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	Gill Ultrasonic
PAR, (Photosynthetically-Available Radiation)	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	BSI QSR-240
Barometer	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	R. M. young 61201
Port Ultrasonic Wind Speed/Direction	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	Gill Wind Observer II
PIR (LW radiation)	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	Eppley PIR
PSP (SW radiation)	lmwx	continuous	1 sec	Eppley PSP
Oxygen	lgo2	continuous	1 min	UCAR Oxygen system

Navigational Data

Measurement	File ID	Collect. Status	Rate	Instrument
Gyro	lgyr	continuous	0.2 sec	Meridian Bridgemate Gyro
Garmin GPS	lgar	continuous	1 sec	Garmin 17
Seapath GPS	lsep	Continuous	1 sec	Seapath 330

Geophysical Data

Measurement	File ID	Collect. Status	Rate	Instrument
Bathymetry	lknu	variable	Varies	Knudsen Chirp 3260
DUSH 11 Winch	lwn1	variable	varies	Markey DUSH 11
DUSH 5 Winch	lwn1	variable	varies	Markey DUSH 5
DUSH 4 Winch	lwn1	variable	varies	Markey DUSH 4
COM10 Winch	lwn1	variable	varies	Markey COM10

Oceanographic Data

Measurement	File ID	Collect. Status	Rate	Instrument
Salinity	utsg	continuous	3 sec	SeaBird 45
Salinity	tsg2	continuous	3 sec	SeaBird 45
Sea Surface Temperature	lutm	continuous	1 sec	SeaBird 38
Fluorometry (digital)	ldfl	continuous	1 sec	Wetlab ECO
ADCP, Speed Log	ladc	continuous	1 sec	RD Instruments
Oxygen	loxy	continuous	1 sec	
PCO2	lpco2	continuous	2.5 min	

Data File Names and Structures

RVDAS data is divided into two broad categories, ***Underway*** and ***Navigation***. The groups are abbreviated “uw” and “nav”. Thus, these two tar files, lmguw.tar and lmgnav.tar exist under the top-level rvdas directory. The instruments are broken down as shown. Each data file is g-zipped to save space on the distribution. Not all data types are collected everyday or on every cruise.

RVDAS data files are named following the convention: LMG[FileID].dDDD.

- The FileID is a 4-character code representing the system being logged, for example: lmet (for meteorology)
- DDD is the Julian day of the data collection

Underway Data	File ID	Navigation Data	File ID
Meteorological - Cambell	lmwx	Gyro Compass	lgyr
Knudsen	lknu	Garmin 17 GPS	lgar
microTSG	utsg	Seapath 330 GPS	lsep
Digital Remote Temperature	lrm		
Fluorometer – Wetlab ECO	ldfl		
ADCP	ladc		
Sound Velocity Probe	lsvp		
GUV & PUV	lguv		
PCO2 System	lpco		
Oxygen	loxy		
Wet Wall Flows	lsea		
Winches: Dush4,5,&11	lwn1		
Net Depth Sensor	lnds		

Data is received by the RVDAS system via RS-232 serial connections. The data files that comprise the rvdas data set are described below. A time tag is added to each line of data received and the data is written to disk.

YY+DDD:HH:MM:SS.SSS [data stream from instrument]

Where, YY: two-digit year, DDD: Julian Day, HH: 2 digit hours, MM: 2 digit minutes SS.SSS: seconds. All times are UTC.

The delimiters used to separate fields in the raw data files are usually spaces and commas, but other delimiters are used (:, =, @) and occasionally there is no delimiter. Care should be taken when reprocessing the data that the field separations are clearly understood. An example data

Iknu – Knudsen Chirp 3260 Sonar

14+002:19:07:04.648 3.5kHz,4000.92,1,12.0kHz,4001.12,1,1500,-57.343073,-63.750720

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	3.5kHz – low frequency header	
3	LF - depth to surface	meters
4	LF – Depth Valid Flag	
5	12.0kHz – high frequency header	
6	HF - depth to surface	meters
7	HF – Depth Valid Flag	
8	Sound speed velocity	m/s
9	Latitude	Dec degrees
10	Longitude	Dec degrees

Iwn1 - Winches

08+033:11:27:50.673 RD,DUSH-5,00111.63,00000000,-0000012,1938

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	Record Identifier, RD=Remote Data	
3	Winch Identifier, DUSH-X where X is 4, 5, or 11	
4	Tension	lbs
5	Speed	Meters/minute
6	Payout	meters
7	Checksum	

Imwx - Campbell Meteorological DAS

08+034:13:52:14.216 PUS,A,356,002.15,M,+332.28,+000.97,60,08

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	PUS tag – Port UltraSonic Anemometer	
3	Unit Identification, A-Z	
4	Port Wind Direction, degrees relative to Bow	deg
5	Port Wind Speed	m/s
6	Units, M=meters per second	
7	Sound Speed	m/s
8	Sonic Temperature	°C
9	Status, 0=ok, 60=Heating Enabled & ok, Other value mean a fault	
10	Check Sum	

08+034:13:52:14.216 SUS,A,356,002.15,M,+332.28,+000.97,60,08

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	SUS tag – Starboard UltraSonic Anemometer	
3	Unit Identification, A-Z	
4	Port Wind Direction, degrees relative to Bow	deg
5	Port Wind Speed	m/s
6	Units, M=meters per second	
7	Sound Speed	m/s
8	Sonic Temperature	°C
9	Status, 0=ok, 60=Heating Enabled & ok, Other value mean a fault	
10	Check Sum	

08+034:13:52:14.454 MET,12.22322,44.25706,-75,-25,-363.6365,2.332982,-0.08215196,278.6845,
279.2192,854.6198

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	MET tag	
3	Power Supply Voltage	Volts
4	Enclosure Relative Humidity	%
5	Air Temp	°C
6	Air Relative Humidity	%
7	PAR	mVolts
8	PSP Thermopile	mVolts
9	PIR Thermopile	mVolts
10	PIR Case Temperature	°K
11	PIR Dome Temperature	°K
12	Barometer	mBars

Lsea – wet wall flows, transmissometer

12+004:12:01:04.438 WetLab_1,14.1,XMISS,3.098,V,
 0.000,0.000,0.000,-928.535,-220.566,0.000,0.000,T,NAN,NAN,NAN,NAN,P,0,0,F,
 47.91811,0,6.815308,0,0,0,0,I,1,1,1,1

Field	Data	Units
01	RVDAS Time Tag	
02	WetLab_1	Text
03	Internal Temperature	°C
04	XMISS	Text
05	Transmissometer	V
06	V	Text
07	Double Ended Voltage 1	V
08	Double Ended Voltage 2	V
09	Double Ended Voltage 3	V
10	Voltage 1	V
11	Voltage 2	V
12	Voltage 3	V
13	Voltage 4	V
14	T	Text
15	Temperature 1	°C
16	Temperature 2	°C
17	Temperature 3	°C
18	Temperature 4	°C
19	P	Text
20	Pulse Counter 1	Number
21	Pulse Counter 2	Number
22	F	Text
23	Flow Counter 1	Number
24	Flow Counter 2	Number
25	Flow Counter 3	Number
26	Flow Counter 4	Number
27	Flow Counter 5	Number
28	Flow Counter 6	Number

Field	Data	Units
29	Flow Counter 7	Number
30	Flow Counter 8	Number
31	I	Text
32	Digital Input 1	Number
33	Digital Input 2	Number
34	Digital Input 3	Number
35	Digital Input 4	Number

utsg – microTSG, ThermosalinographFor further information on this data, check www.seabird.com for SBE 45 MicroTSG Thermosalinograph

08+037:13:45:57.596 2.6470, 3.03853, 33.8129, 1459.351

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	Internal water temperature	°C
3	Conductivity	S/m
4	Salinity	psu
5	Sound Velocity	m/s

Irtm – digital Remote TemperatureFor further information on this data, check on www.seabird.com on SBE38 Digital Thermometer

08+037:13:47:17.841 2.2527

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	External water temperature	°C

Idfl – Fluorometer, Wetlab ECO

08+037:13:55:08.434 99/99/99 99:99:99 0.00 2585 73 543

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	Fluorometer Date	mm/dd/yy
3	Fluorometer Time	hh:mm:ss
4	Chlorophyll Signal	µg/l
5	Reference	λq
6	Counts – Chlorophyll Signal	Count
7	Thermistor	

Igo2 – Oxygen System

For further information on this data, please contact Britt Stephens at stephens@ucar.edu

```
12+301:22:35:30.558 81300.8 16.0 32.0 000.0 005.0 1.2589631 1.2379622 744.549 111.853 131.642
-2.089 -2.448 723.594 002.50 086.43 099.74 002.77 000.97 050.65 0.000 001.19 065.59 039.48
1966.097 01.345 37.0171 37.8433 000.0 000.0 20.66 20.41 -92.0 28.66 37.44 42.33 37.80 47.95 0.0
01.88 0.0001711 0.0001712 0.0000747 0.0000725 02.657 02.678 -1 0.0000895 -043.94
```

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	jsecoday - Seconds since midnight	
3	jselflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated selected gases	
4	jpргflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated purged gases	
5	jmfcflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated mass-flow controller states	
6	jgenflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated other parameters	
7	jfcv1 - voltage on Fuel Cell #1	
8	jfcv2 - voltage on Fuel Cell #2	
9	jpfcell - pressure in torr at fuel cells	
10	jlico2a - CO2 in ppm in Li7000 Cell A	
11	jlico2b - CO2 in ppm in Li7000 Cell B [CO2 MEASUREMENT]	
12	jlih2oa - H2O in ppt in Li7000 Cell A	
13	jlih2ob - H2O in ppt in Li7000 Cell B	
14	jlipb - pressure in torr at Li7000 Cell B	
15	flmfcset - mass-flow controller set voltage	
16	jfl1 - flow in sccm on Inlet Line #1	
17	jfl2 - flow in sccm on Inlet Line #2	
18	jfllt - flow in sccm on Long-Term reference cylinder	
19	jflcal - flow in sccm on selected Calibration cylinder	
20	jflwta - flow in sccm on selected Working Tank Cylinder	
21	jvsoset - purge line voltage-sensitive orifice set voltage	
22	jflpurge - flow in sccm on purge line	
23	jflwtb - flow in sccm on Working Tank line through sensors	
24	jflsp - flow in sccm on Span line through sensors	
25	jpfridge - pressure in torr inside fridge trap	
26	jtfridge - temperature in C inside fridge trap	

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	jsecoday - Seconds since midnight	
3	jselflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated selected gases	
4	jprgflag - 8 bit decimal value indicated purged gases	
27	jtmpt - fuel-cell control temperature (thermistor) in C for MPT10000	
28	jtfcell - fuel-cell thermistor temperature in C	
29	jtach1 - rmp of fan inside Line #1 Inlet	
30	jtach2 - rmp of fan inside Line #2 Inlet	
31	jtcyl1 - temperature in C from cylinder box RTD #1	
32	jtcyl2 - temperature in C from cylinder box RTD #2	
33	jtchill - temperature in C from chiller RTD	
34	jtamb - temperature in C RTD near Analyzer Box electronics	
35	jtomega - Analyzer Box control temperature (RTD) for Omega CNi2332	
36	jtu4ch - temperature in C inside USB4CH 24-bit A/D box	
37	jtfcrtd - fuel-cell RTD temperature in C	
38	jtirga - temperature in C inside Li7000	
39	jliflags - Li7000 status flag	
40	jlirhsrc - Li7000 source/detector relative humidity	
41	jsdfcv1 - standard deviation of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #1 voltage	
42	jsdfcv2 - standard deviation of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #2 voltage	
43	jslfcv1 - slope of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #1 voltage	
44	jslfcv2 - slope of 1-Hz Fuel Cell #2 voltage	
45	jsdco2a - standard deviation of 1-Hz Li7000 Cell A CO2 in ppm	
46	jsdco2b - standard deviation of 1-Hz Li7000 Cell B CO2 in ppm	
47	posneg - flag indicating position of fuel-cell changeover valve	
48	jogdeltadiff - amplitude of 3-jog O2 difference-signal [O2 MEASUREMENT]	

Ioxy – Oxygen (Part of PCO2 system, separate from Oxygen System)For further information on this data, contact Tim Newberger at tim.newberger@noaa.gov

```
04+117:23:57:23.504 MEASUREMENT      3830      380 Oxygen:      309.95      Saturation:
83.48  Temperature:     -1.35      DPhase:      33.41      BPhase:      32.22
RPhase:      0.00      BAmp:      262.09      BPot:      163.00      RAmp:      0.00
RawTem.:      694.92
```

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2-4	Measurement ID, Model Number, Serial Number	alphanumeric
5	Oxygen heading	text
6	Oxygen Reading	Raw numeric
7	Saturation heading	text
8	Saturation Reading	Raw numeric
9	Temperature heading	text
10	Water Temperature	°C
11	Dphase heading	text
12	Dphase	Raw numeric
13	Bphase heading	text
14	BPhase	Raw numeric
15	Rphase heading	text
16	Rphase	Raw numeric
17	Bamp heading	text
18	Bamp	Raw numeric
19	Bpot heading	text
20	Bpot	Raw numeric
21	Ramp heading	text
22	Ramp	Raw numeric
23	RawTem heading	text
24	RawTemp	Raw numeric

Ipc0 – PCO2 systemFor further information on this data, contact Tim Newberger at tim.newberger@noaa.gov

```
02+319:23:59:13.748 2002319.99851      7154.27      26.49      1033.6      325.79      6.74      329.3
53.76      0      Equil
```

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	Julian date file string	Julian
3	IR voltage reading	mV
4	Cell temperature	°C
5	Barometer	millibars
6	Gas flow	mL/min
7	VCO2 dry value	PPM
8	PCO2 wet/Delta value	PPM
9	Equilibrator Temperature from RTD	°C
10	Equilibrator Temperature from SBE-38	°C
11	Solenoid position ID	number
12	Measured gas	name

lsvp - Sound Velocity Probe in ADCP Transducer Well

NOTE: This value does not represent or reflect the sound speed in the ocean, and is for internal use by the ADCP.

00+348:01:59:52.128 1539.40

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	Sound velocity	m/s

ladc – ADCP Speed Log

00+019:23:59:59.099 \$PUHAW,UVH,-1.48,-0.51,250.6

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$PUHAW	
3	UVH (E-W, N-S, Heading)	
4	Ship Speed relative to reference layer ¹ velocity ² , East vector	knots
5	Ship Speed relative to reference layer ¹ velocity ² , North vector	knots
6	Ship heading	degrees

¹The reference layer is an average velocity measured in a number of depth “bins”. On the LMG, the bins are typically eight meters deep and bins 3-10 define the reference layer. Hence, the reference layer is the water column from 16-80 meters beneath the ship.

²The speed output is water velocity relative to the ship’s hull and is therefore opposite of the actual movement of the ship. For example, if the ship’s heading is due north, the North/South reference layer velocity is likely to be negative (southerly).

Igyr - Gyro

02+315:23:59:58.616 \$HEHDT,287.7,T*25

HDT: True Heading

01+083:00:00:02.893 \$HEHDT,246.3,T*2C

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag \$HEHDT	
2	Heading XXXXX = ddd.d	degrees
3	T flag for true heading, checksum	

Isep – Seapath 330 GPS

INZDA: Time and Date Data

10+351:23:59:58.142 \$INZDA,235958.08,17,12,2010,,*78

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$INZDA Tag	
3	time	hhmmss.ss
3	day	dd
4	month	mm
5	year	yyyy
6	(blank)	
7	Check sum	hexadecimal

INGGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

10+351:23:59:58.142 \$INGGA,235958.07,6118.168460,S,06008.089527,W,1,12,0.7,22.57,M,17.79,M,,*46

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$INGGA Tag	
3	Time (UTC)	hhmmss.ss
3	Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmm
4	{NIS} (latitude is north or south)	
5	Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmm
6	{EIW} (longitude is east or west)	
7	GPS quality indicator: 0 = invalid position, 1 = GPS SPS used, 2 = DGPS used, 3 = GPS PPS used, 4 = GPS RTK used, 5 = GPS float RTK used, 6 = dead reckoning	
8	Number of Satellites in use (00-99)	
9	HDOP	
10	Height above ellipsoid in meters	m.mm
11	M	
12	Age of DGPS corrections in seconds	ss.ss

Field	Data	Units
13	M	
14	(blank)	
15	*Check sum	hexadecimal

INRMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

10+351:23:59:58.200 \$INRMC,235958.07,A,6118.168460,S,06008.089527,W,12.8,331.22,171210,11.3,E,A*1C

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$INRMC Tag	
3	UTC of position	hhmmss.ss
4	Status A = Data Valid, V = Navigation Receiver Warning	
5	Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmm
6	North (N) or South (S)	
7	Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmm
8	East (E) or West (W)	
9	Speed Over Ground, knots	knots
10	Course Over Ground, degrees True	degrees
11	Date	ddmmyy
12	Magnetic Variation, degrees E/W	degrees
13	Mode Indicator E= Estimated Mode	
14	*Check sum	

INVTG: Speed Over Ground, Course Over Ground

14+025:23:59:59.100 \$INVTG,32.69,T,,M,10.6,N,19.6,K,A*1A

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$INVTG Tag	
3	Course over ground, degrees true	d.dd
4	T	
5	,	

Field	Data	Units
6	M	
7	Speed over ground in Knots	k.k
8	N	
9	,	
10	K	
11	Mode	
12	Checksum	

PSXN,20: Data Quality

10+351:23:59:58.200 \$PSXN,20,1,2,0,0*38

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$PSXN Tag	
3	20 (PSXN identifier)	
3	Horizontal position and velocity quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data	
4	Height and vertical velocity quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data	
5	Heading quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data	
6	Roll and pitch quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data	
7	*Check sum	hexadecimal

PSXN,23: Roll, Pitch, Heading and Heave

10+351:23:59:58.213 \$PSXN,23,0.02,-0.76,330.56,*0B

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$PSXN Tag	
3	23 (PSXN identifier)	
3	Roll in degrees. Positive with port side up.	d.dd
4	Pitch in degrees. Positive with bow up.	d.dd
5	Heading in degrees true	d.dd

Field	Data	Units
6	Heave in meters. Positive is down	m.mm
7	*Check sum	hexadecimal

Igar - Garmin GPS

GGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

08+034:12:26:06.131 \$GPGGA,122607,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,1,11,0.9,-193.4,M,9.7,M,,*5A

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$GPGGA Tag	
3	UTC of position	hhmmss.ss
4	Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmm
5	North (N) or South (S)	
6	Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes	ddmm.mmm
7	East (E) or West (W)	
8	GPS quality (1=GPS 2=DGPS)	
9	Number of GPS satellites used	
10	Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP)	
11	Antenna height above/below mean-sea-level (geoid)	meters
12	Units for antenna height (M = Meters)	
13	Geoidal Separation ¹	
14	Units for Geoidal Separation (M = Meters)	meters
15	Age of differential GPS data, number of seconds since last SC104 Type 1 or 9	
16	Differential reference station ID	

¹Geoidal Separation: the difference between the WGS-84 earth ellipsoid and mean-sea-level (geoid). A negative value represents mean-sea-level below ellipsoid.

GLL: Geographic Position – Latitude/Longitude

08+034:12:26:06.211 \$GPGLL,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,122607,A

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$GPGLL Tag	
3	Latitude	ddmm.mmm
4	North (N) or South (S)	
5	Longitude	ddmm.mmm
6	East (E) or West (W)	

Field	Data	Units
7	UTC of position	hhmmss.ss
8	Status: A = Data Valid, V =Data Not Valid	

VTG: Track Made Good and Speed over Ground

08+034:12:26:06.211 \$GPVTG,167,T,151,M,000.0,N,0000.0,K

Field	Data	Units
1	RVDAS Time Tag	
2	\$GPVTG Tag	
3	Track, degrees true	degrees
3	T flag for True	
4	Track, degrees magnetic	degrees
5	M flag for Magnetic	
6	Speed over Ground	knots
7	N flag for Knots	
8	Speed over Ground	kmhr
9	K flag for km/hr	

LMG Sensors

Shipboard Sensors

Sensor	Description	Serial #	Cal. Date	Status
Port Anemometer	Gill Ultrasonic Wind Observer II	1246001-WC45	N/A	Collected
Starboard Anemometer	Gill Ultrasonic Wind Observer II	1246002-WC45	N/A	Collected
Barometer	R.M. Young 61201	BP00873	12-Jun-2014	Collected
Humidity/Wet Temp	RM Young 41372LC	06133	07-Dec-2012	Collected
PAR for Mast	Biosph. Inst. QSR-240P	6393	1-Oct-2012	Collected
PIR	Eppley PIR	28903F3	14-Dec-2012	Collected
PSP	Eppley PSP	28933F3	20-Dec-2012	Collected
GUV (Mast)	Biosph. Inst. GUV-2511	5126	28-Jan-2013	Collected
Transmissometer	WET Labs C-Star 25 cm deep	CST-553DR	01-Oct-2012	Collected
MicroTSG (Primary)	Sea-Bird 45	243	05-Jan-2013	Collected
MicroTSG (Secondary)	Sea-Bird 45	390	09-Apr-2013	Collected
Digital Remote Temp	Sea-Bird 38	390	15-Nov-2012	Collected
Fluorometer	WET Labs ECO-FL	FLRTD-380	23-Aug-12	Collected

Acquisition and Processing Information

Processing Specifics

Refer to the InstCoef.txt file along with the specific instrument calibration sheets, both located in the Cal/ directory of the data distribution, for information on how the RVDAS data was collected and processed.

Significant Notes

Icing impacted collection of seawater data during first several hours after departure from Palmer Station on day 265. Data end users are encouraged to visually evaluate the data prior to use.

Errors and Events

This section lists all significant events and known problems with acquisition during this cruise including instrument failures, data acquisition system failures, and other factors affecting this data set.
(i.e, The PCO₂ system was turned off for the troubleshooting and repairs of the equilibrator pump.)

Day Of Year	Time (GMT)	Event	Location
045	11:40	Begin Logging	@68W
046	18:40	Bottom Tracking off on ADCP	Leaving Patagonian Shelf
047	23:33	ADCP Bottom Tracking on	Arriving Antarctic Shelf
049	10:44	Suspended sonars and seawater measurement	Arrive Palmer Station
050	11:54	Resumed sonars and seawater measurement	Depart Palmer Station
053	06:15	UPS Failure impacted data collection on all instruments	
053	20:30	Rebooted Sonar computer	
068	16:04	ADCP Bottom Tracking Off	
069	12:09	Suspended sonars and seawater measurement	Arrive Palmer Station
070	11:28	Resumed sonars and seawater measurement	Depart Palmer Station
074	13:13	ADCP Bottom Tracking On	Arrive Patagonian Shelf
075	05:46	End Logging	@68W
