
LMG 1207

Northward Bound

Cruise Data Report

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Introduction

The LMG data acquisition systems continuously log data from a suite of instrumentation throughout the cruise. This document describes the format of that data and its location on the distribution CDs. It also contains important information that may affect how this data is processed such as instrument failures or other known problems with acquisition.

The data collected during this cruise is distributed on a CD-ROM written in ISO9660 level-1 format. This data format has very strict requirements on filenames and organization. However, it is readable by virtually every computing platform.

All of the data has been archived with the Unix “tar” command and/or compressed using Unix “gzip” compression. Tar files have a “.tar” extension and Gzipped files have a “.gz” extension. Tools are available on all platforms for uncompressing and de-archiving these formats. On Macintosh, Stuffit Expander with DropStuff will open a tar archive and uncompress gzipped and Unix compressed files. For Windows, WinZip, a shareware utility included on this CD (remember, it is shareware) will open these files.

In some cases to adhere to the ISO9660 format the .tar extension was removed. When we tarred the files then gzip the tar archive the name of the file became *File.tgz*. This name does not follow the 8.3 naming convention of the ISO9660 format. On Windows and Mac Platforms Winzip and Stuffit Expander handles this just fine. When they expand the *File.gz* the expanded file becomes *File.tar*, which both software packages can handle. On Unix platforms gunzip expands *File.tgz* but it does not append the .tar extension. So you may not recognize the file as a tar archive, but OS does recognize it as a tar archive. If you use the file command it will return saying it is a tar file. The below tar command will un-archive the file just fine.

IMPORTANT: Read the last section in this document, Acquisition Problems and Events, for important information that may affect the processing of this data.

Archive Data Extraction

It is often useful to know exactly how an archive was produced when expanding its contents. Tar files were created using the following commands:

```
tar cvf archive-file files-to-be-archived
```

To create a list of the files in the archive:

```
tar tvf archive-file > contents.list
```

To extract the files from the archive:

```
tar xvf archive-file file(s)-to-extract
```

G-zipped files will have a “.gz” extension on the filename. These files can be decompressed after de-archiving, using:

```
gunzip filename.gz
```

CD Directory Structure

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| <p>ADCP: ADCP.tar</p> <p>Cal: InstCoef.txt UW/</p> <p>Imagery: Imag.tar</p> <p>Logs: Airlog_SB.pdf Airlog_NB.pdf</p> <p>Maps: LMG1205.jpg LMG1205.track</p> <p>Process: JGOF.tar PCO2.tar PROC.tar QC.tar</p> <p>Report: Report.doc Report.pdf</p> <p>RVDAS: nav/ uw/</p> <p>Utility: Acrobat Winzip</p> | | |
|--|--|--|

Distribution Contents

ADCP

/Adcp/

This directory contains a tar file of gentoo's proc directory, which contains a database of the averaged ping data, Matlab m-files used in processing the data, and daily graphs of the currents. For more information contact Teri Chereskin at tchereskin@ucsd.edu.

Calibration

/Cal/

Refer to the InstCoef.txt file along with the specific instrument calibration sheets, both located in this directory, for information on how the RVDAS data was collected and processed.

Imagery

/Imagery/

This directory contains things such as ice imagery, isobar charts, sat imagery, wave and wind images, and weather reports.

Logsheets

/logsheet/

This directory contains logsheets for XBT, XCTD, salts, air samples and TCO2 data. For further information on this data (TCO2), contact Tim Newberger at tnewberg@ldeo.columbia.edu.

Maps

/Maps/

This directory maps and mapping data generated by the ship's MCIS and automated scripts, usually in JPEG or PostScript format, plus any maps provided for this purpose by the on-board science party.

Ocean (CTD, XBT and XCTD)

/Ocean/CTD

The ctd data was collected and processed on a computer running Windows XP, using Seasave Win32 – Version 7.20 and SBE Data Processing – Version 7.21

For more information and software visit the web site at www.seabird.com.

/Ocean/CTD/Configs/

This directory contains the Seabird .xmlcon config file. This file contains information of which sensors where used and what freq or volt the where connected to.

/Ocean/CTD/Scripts/

This directory contains the batch file and psa files that we used for post processing the data. The data was processed with the standard seabird processing method. This is just a preliminary processing which was done to verify that the sensors were functioning properly during the cruise. The raw data should be re-processed using the pre and post cruise sensor calibrations.

/Ocean/CTD/Raw

This directory contains the raw file collected at each CTD cast, which is represented by a set of four files containing a bottle-firing file (.bl), a configuration file (.xmlcon), a data file (.hex) and a header file (.hdr). Casts are named with the following g501CCC.ext, where g is for the LMG, 501 is the cruise 05-01, CCC is the cast number. For example; the raw files associated with the Cast 1 are: g501001.bl, g501001.con, g501001.dat, g501001.hdr. The raw data files(*.hex) are binary files.

/Ocean/CTD/Graphs

This directory contains graphical plots of each CTD cast.

/Ocean/CTD/Process

This directory contains the processed data files for each CTD cast, the processing method used is briefly described in the above section *CTD/Scripts/*. Also see the above section *CTD/Data/raw* for a description of the file naming convention used. Each processed cast is represented here by a set of ten files:

| | |
|----------------|---|
| GXXXCCC.xmlcon | A copy of the configuration file for the cast. |
| GXXXCCC.cnv | The converted file for the whole cast. |
| GXXXCCC.ros | The rosette file that contains the scan lines for each bottle trip. |
| GXXXCCC.btl | The bottle file that contains the avg, standard deviation, min, and max for a select set of variables for each bottled fired during the upcast. |
| dGXXXCCC.cnv | The converted file for the down cast. |
| dGXXXCCC.asc | An ASCII formatted file for the down cast without a header. |
| dGXXXCCC.hdr | The header for the down cast. |
| uGXXXCCC.cnv | The converted file for the up cast. |
| uGXXXCCC.asc | An ASCII formatted file for the up cast without a header. |
| uGXXXCCC.hdr | The header for the up cast. |

/Ocean/XBT

Contains a zip archive of XBT data generated for the Drake Transect by NOAA standard "AMVERSEAS" software. Non-Drake transect data may also be included, which will a combination of binary and ascii files generated by standard Sippican MK-21 software. The dataset includes the following files:

| | |
|------------|--|
| dat.zip | The probe drop schedule and other configuration files. |
| efiles.zip | The edited data files. |
| log.zip | The log files for drop and GPS positioning. |
| nav.zip | The navigation files. |
| sfiles.zip | The raw data files. |
| *.pdf | Scanned images of the paper log sheets. |

/Ocean/XCTD

Expendable Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth (XCTD) digital probes were used to obtain water column temperature and Salinity profiles. The two files were created for each drop .RDF files contain the raw data, and the .EDF contain the exported ascii data.

Data and Science Report

/Report/

Copies of this report in MS Word, HTML, and text formats.

Salts

/Salinity/

This directory contains the log sheet for the Salt sample take during the Drake Transect Sampling, also a spreadsheet containing the Salt sample and TSG comparison. These samples were analyzed with the onboard AutoSal by the MST.

Science

/Science/

This directory, if populated, contains data specified by the on-board science party.

WAYPOINTS

/WAYPTS/

Contains the waypoint file used for the cruise; this is read by the DAS system and the selected waypoint is displayed on the CCTV system.

QC Plots

/Process/QC_PLOTS/

Postscript files of data stored each day on RVDAS for quality control analysis during the cruise. There are 3 types of files, named metXXX.ps, navXXX.ps, and oceanXXX.ps, where XXX is represents the Julian day. Met files are a summary of the data from the meteorological instruments, Nav files are a summary of navigational data, and Ocean files are a summary of the underway seawater and bathymetry data.

JGOFS Data Set

/Process/JGOF/

The JGOFS data set consists of a single file produced each day named jg<julian_day>.dat.gz where <julian_day> is the day the data was acquired. The “.gz” extension indicates that the individual files are compressed before archiving. The daily file consists of 22 separate columnar fields in text format, which are described below. The JGOFS data set is obtained primarily by applying calibrations to raw data and decimating to whole minute intervals. However, several fields are derived measurements from more than a single raw input. *Note: Null, unused, or unknown fields are filled with 9's in the JGOFS data.*

Additionally, 3 separate QC plots are generated daily by the ET using the JGOFS data set. These plots include TSG and Bathymetry data, meteorological data, and navigation data. The files are called ocean<julian_day>.ps, met<julian_day>.ps, and nav<julian_day>.ps respectively.

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|
| 01 | GMT date | dd/mm/yy |
| 02 | GMT time | hh:mm:ss |
| 03 | PCOD latitude (negative is South) | Ddd.dddd |
| 04 | PCOD longitude (negative is West) | Ddd.dddd |
| 05 | Ships speed | Knots |
| 06 | GPS HDOP | - |
| 07 | Gyro Heading | Degrees (azimuth) |
| 08 | Course over ground | Degrees (azimuth) |
| 09 | Mast PAR | μEinsteins/meters ² sec |
| 10 | Sea surface temperature | °C |
| 11 | Not used | - |
| 12 | Sea surface salinity | PSU |
| 13 | Sea depth (uncorrected, calc. sw sound vel. 1500 m/s) | meters |
| 14 | True wind speed (port windbird) | meters/sec |
| 15 | True wind direction (port windbird) | degrees (azimuth) |
| 16 | Ambient air temperature | °C |
| 17 | Relative humidity | % |
| 18 | Barometric pressure | mBars |
| 19 | Sea surface fluorometry | μg/l |
| 20 | Transmissometer | Volts (0-5) |
| 21 | PSP | W/m ² |
| 22 | PIR | W/m ² |

RVDAS

/RVDAS/

RVDAS (Research Vessel Data Acquisition System) was developed at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University and has been used on the R/V Maurice Ewing for several years. It was adapted for use on the Nathaniel B. Palmer and her sister ship, the R/V Laurence M. Gould.

Below you will find detailed information on the data included. Be sure to read the "Significant Acquisition Events" section below for important information about data acquisition during this cruise.

Meteorological and Light Data

| Measurement | File ID | Collect. Status | Rate | Instrument |
|--|---------|-----------------|-------|-----------------------|
| Air Temperature | lmwx | continuous | 1 sec | R. M. young 41372VC |
| Relative Humidity | lmwx | continuous | 1 sec | R. M. young 41372VC |
| Wind Speed/Direction | lmwx | continuous | 1 sec | Gill Ultrasonic |
| PAR, (Photosynthetically-Available Radiation) | lmwx | continuous | 1 sec | BSI QSR-240 |
| Barometer | lmwx | continuous | 1 sec | R. M. young 61201 |
| GUV | lguv | continuous | 1 sec | GUV2511 |
| Port Ultrasonic Wind Speed/Direction | lmwx | continuous | 1 sec | Gill Wind Observer II |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Navigational Data

| Measurement | File ID | Collect. Status | Rate | Instrument |
|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Trimble GPS | tgps | civilian mode | 1 sec | Trimble 20636-00SM |
| Gyro | lgyr | continuous | 0.2 sec | Anschutz Gyro |
| Garmin GPS | lgar | continuous | 1 sec | Garmin 17 |
| Seapath GPS | Lsep | Continuous | 1 sec | Seapath 330 |

Geophysical Data

| Measurement | File ID | Collect. Status | Rate | Instrument |
|------------------|---------|-----------------|----------|----------------|
| Bathymetry | lknu | variable | Varies | Knudsen 320B/R |
| Net Depth Sensor | lnds | variable | ~1/3 sec | Omega PX-605 |
| DUSH 11 Winch | lwn1 | variable | varies | Markey DUSH 11 |
| DUSH 5 Winch | lwn1 | variable | varies | Markey DUSH 5 |
| DUSH 4 Winch | lwn1 | variable | varies | Markey DUSH 4 |

Oceanographic Data

| Measurement | File ID | Collect. Status | Rate | Instrument |
|-------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|------------------|
| Salinity | utsg | continuous | 1 sec | SeaBird 45 |
| Sea Surface Temperature | Lrtm | continuous | 1 sec | SeaBird 38 |
| Fluorometry (digital) | lfir | continuous | 1 sec | Turner 10-AU-005 |
| Fluorometry (digital) | ldflr | continuous | 1 sec | Wetlab ECO |
| ADCP, Speed Log | ladc | continuous | 1 sec | RD Instruments |
| Oxygen | loxy | continuous | 1 sec | |
| PCO2 | lpco2 | continuous | 2.5 min | |

Data File Names and Structures

RVDAS data is divided into two broad categories, **Underway** and **Navigation**. The groups are abbreviated “uw” and “nav”. Thus, these two tar files, lmguw.tar and lmgnav.tar exist under the top-level rvdas directory. The instruments are broken down as shown. Each data file is g-zipped to save space on the distribution. Not all data types are collected everyday or on every cruise.

RVDAS data files are named following the convention: LMG[FileID].dDDD.

- The FileID is a 4-character code representing the system being logged, for example: lmet (for meteorology)
- DDD is the Julian day of the data collection

| Underway Data | File ID | Navigation Data | File ID |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| Meteorological - Cambell | lmwx | Gyro Compass | lgyr |
| Knudsen | lknu | P-CODE GPS | tgps |
| microTSG | utsg | Garmin 17 GPS | lgar |
| Digital Remote Temperature | lrtm | Seapath 330 GPS | lsep |
| Fluorometer – Wetlab ECO | ldfl | | |
| ADCP | ladc | | |
| Sound Velocity Probe | lsvp | | |
| GUV & PUV | lguv | | |
| PCO2 System | lpcu | | |
| Oxygen | loxy | | |
| Wet Wall Flows | lsea | | |
| Winches: Dush4,5,&11 | lwn1 | | |
| Net Depth Sensor | lnds | | |

Data is received by the RVDAS system via RS-232 serial connections. The data files that comprise the rvdas data set are described below. A time tag is added to each line of data received and the data is written to disk.

YY+DDD:HH:MM:SS.SSS [data stream from instrument]

Where, YY: two-digit year, DDD: Julian Day, HH: 2 digit hours, MM: 2 digit minutes SS.SSS: seconds. All times are UTC.

The delimiters used to separate fields in the raw data files are usually spaces and commas, but other delimiters are used (::, =, @) and occasionally there is no delimiter. Care should be taken when reprocessing the data that the fields separations are clearly understood. An example data

lknu – Knudsen Sonar

08+024:07:36:36.245 HF,00.00, 000,0,LF,448.9,-026,1

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | HF – high frequency header (12 kHz) | |
| 3 | HF - depth to surface | meters |
| 4 | HF - Echo Strength | |
| 5 | HF – Depth Valid Flag | |
| 6 | LF – low frequency header (3.5 kHz) | |
| 7 | LF - depth to surface | meters |
| 8 | LF - Echo Strength | |
| 9 | LF – Depth Valid Flag | |

Inds – Net Depth Sensor

99+099:00:18:19.775 V01 00199.8

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------|--------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | V01 – Sensor 1 | label |
| 3 | Depth | meters |

lwn1 - Winches

08+033:11:27:50.673 RD,DUSH-5,00111.63,00000000,-0000012,1938

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|---------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | Record Identifier, RD=Remote Data | |
| 3 | Winch Identifier, DUSH-X where X is 4, 5, or 11 | |
| 4 | Tension | lbs |
| 5 | Speed | Meters/minute |
| 6 | Payout | meters |
| 7 | Checksum | |

Imwx - Campbell Meteorological DAS

08+034:13:52:14.216 PUS,A,356,002.15,M,+332.28,+000.97,60,08

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|-------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | PUS tag – Port UltraSonic Anemometer | |
| 3 | Unit Identification, A-Z | |
| 4 | Port Wind Direction, degrees relative to Bow | deg |
| 5 | Port Wind Speed | m/s |
| 6 | Units, M=meters per second | |
| 7 | Sound Speed | m/s |
| 8 | Sonic Temperature | °C |
| 9 | Status, 0=ok, 60=Heating Enabled & ok, Other value mean a fault | |
| 10 | Check Sum | |

08+034:13:52:14.216 SUS,A,356,002.15,M,+332.28,+000.97,60,08

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|-------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | SUS tag – Starboard UltraSonic Anemometer | |
| 3 | Unit Identification, A-Z | |
| 4 | Port Wind Direction, degrees relative to Bow | deg |
| 5 | Port Wind Speed | m/s |
| 6 | Units, M=meters per second | |
| 7 | Sound Speed | m/s |
| 8 | Sonic Temperature | °C |
| 9 | Status, 0=ok, 60=Heating Enabled & ok, Other value mean a fault | |
| 10 | Check Sum | |

08+034:13:52:14.454 MET,12.22322,44.25706,-75,-25,-363.6365,2.332982,-0.08215196,278.6845,279.2192,854.6198

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | MET tag | |
| 3 | Power Supply Voltage | Volts |
| 4 | Enclosure Relative Humidity | % |
| 5 | Air Temp | °C |
| 6 | Air Relative Humidity | % |
| 7 | PAR | mVolts |
| 8 | PSP Thermopile | mVolts |
| 9 | PIR Thermopile | mVolts |
| 10 | PIR Case Temperature | °K |
| 11 | PIR Dome Temperature | °K |
| 12 | Barometer | mBars |

Lsea – wet wall flows, transmissometer

12+004:12:01:04.438 WetLab_1,14.1,XMISS,3.098,V,0.000,0.000,0.000,-928.535,-220.566,0.000,0.000,T,NAN,NAN,NAN,NAN,P,0,0,F,47.91811,0,6.815308,0,0,0,0,0,I,1,1,1,1

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|------------------------|--------|
| 01 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 02 | WetLab_1 | Text |
| 03 | Internal Temperature | °C |
| 04 | XMISS | Text |
| 05 | Transmissometer | V |
| 06 | V | Text |
| 07 | Double Ended Voltage 1 | V |
| 08 | Double Ended Voltage 2 | V |
| 09 | Double Ended Voltage 3 | V |
| 10 | Voltage 1 | V |
| 11 | Voltage 2 | V |
| 12 | Voltage 3 | V |
| 13 | Voltage 4 | V |
| 14 | T | Text |
| 15 | Temperature 1 | °C |
| 16 | Temperature 2 | °C |
| 17 | Temperature 3 | °C |
| 18 | Temperature 4 | °C |
| 19 | P | Text |
| 20 | Pulse Counter 1 | Number |
| 21 | Pulse Counter 2 | Number |
| 22 | F | Text |
| 23 | Flow Counter 1 | Number |
| 24 | Flow Counter 2 | Number |
| 25 | Flow Counter 3 | Number |
| 26 | Flow Counter 4 | Number |
| 27 | Flow Counter 5 | Number |
| 28 | Flow Counter 6 | Number |
| 29 | Flow Counter 7 | Number |
| 30 | Flow Counter 8 | Number |

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-----------------|--------|
| 31 | I | Text |
| 32 | Digital Input 1 | Number |
| 33 | Digital Input 2 | Number |
| 34 | Digital Input 3 | Number |
| 35 | Digital Input 4 | Number |

utsg – microTSG, Thermosalinograph

For further information on this data, check www.seabird.com for SBE 45 MicroTSG Thermosalinograph

08+037:13:45:57.596 2.6470, 3.03853, 33.8129, 1459.351

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | Internal water temperature | °C |
| 3 | Conductivity | S/m |
| 4 | Salinity | psu |
| 5 | Sound Velocity | m/s |

Irtm – digital Remote Temperature

For further information on this data, check on www.seabird.com on SBE38 Digital Thermometer

08+037:13:47:17.841 2.2527

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | External water temperature | °C |

Idflr – Fluorometer, Wetlab ECO

08+037:13:55:08.434 99/99/99 99:99:99 0.00 2585 73 543

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | Fluorometer Date | mm/dd/yy |
| 3 | Fluorometer Time | hh:mm:ss |
| 4 | Chlorophyll Signal | µg/l |
| 5 | Reference | λq |
| 6 | Counts – Chlorophyll Signal | Count |
| 7 | Thermistor | |

loxy - Oxygen

For further information on this data, contact Tim Newberger at tnewberg@ldeo.columbia.edu

```

04+117:23:57:23.504 MEASUREMENT      3830      380 Oxygen:      309.95      Saturation:
83.48 Temperature:      -1.35      DPhase:      33.41      BPhase:      32.22
0.00 RPhase:      0.00      BAmp:      262.09      BPot:      163.00      RAmp:
0.00 RawTem.:      694.92

```

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|--------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2-4 | Measurement ID, Model Number, Serial Number | alphanumeric |
| 5 | Oxygen heading | text |
| 6 | Oxygen Reading | Raw numeric |
| 7 | Saturation heading | text |
| 8 | Saturation Reading | Raw numeric |
| 9 | Temperature heading | text |
| 10 | Water Temperature | °C |
| 11 | Dphase heading | text |
| 12 | Dphase | Raw numeric |
| 13 | Bphase heading | text |
| 14 | BPhase | Raw numeric |
| 15 | Rphase heading | text |
| 16 | Rphase | Raw numeric |
| 17 | Bamp heading | text |
| 18 | Bamp | Raw numeric |
| 19 | Bpot heading | text |
| 20 | Bpot | Raw numeric |
| 21 | Ramp heading | text |
| 22 | Ramp | Raw numeric |
| 23 | RawTem heading | text |
| 24 | RawTemp | Raw numeric |

Ipco – PCO2 system

For further information on this data, contact Tim Newberger at tnewberg@ldeo.columbia.edu

```

02+319:23:59:13.748 2002319.99851      7154.27      26.49      1033.6      325.79      6.74      329.3
53.76      0      Equil

```

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | Julian date file string | Julian |
| 3 | IR voltage reading | mV |
| 4 | Cell temperature | °C |
| 5 | Barometer | millibars |
| 6 | VCO2 | mL |
| 7 | Equilibrator temperature | °C |
| 8 | PCO2 | millibars |
| 9 | Gas flow | mL/min |
| 10 | Solenoid position ID | number |
| 11 | Valve Position ID | number |
| 12 | Measured gas | name |

Lguv – Biospherical GUV

08+037:14:17:59.211 020608 141758 -.000099 1.307E0 7.24E0 1.316E1 2.609E1 3.285E1 3.505E1 8.075E-
2 38.993 17.985

GUV only

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | GUV Computer Date | mmddyy |
| 3 | GUV Computer Time | hhmmss |
| 4 | Ed0Gnd - GUV | Volts |
| 5 | Ed0305 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 6 | Ed0313 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 7 | Ed0320 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 8 | Ed0340 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 9 | Ed0380 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 10 | Ed0395 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 11 | Ed0PAR - GUV | $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{sec}$ |
| 12 | Ed0Temp - GUV | °C |
| 13 | Ed0VIn | Volts |

GUV and PUV

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | GUV Computer Date | mmddyy |
| 3 | GUV Computer Time | hhmmss |
| 4 | EdZGnd -PUV | Volts |
| 5 | EdZ305 -PUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 6 | EdZ313 -PUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 7 | EdZ320 -PUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 8 | EdZ395 -PUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 9 | EdZ340 -PUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 10 | EdZPAR -PUV | $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{sec}$ |
| 11 | LuZChl -PUV | $\mu\text{E}/\text{srm}^2\text{sec}$ |
| 12 | EdZ380 -PUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 13 | WTemp -PUV | °C |
| 14 | Depth -PUV | m |
| 15 | EdZTemp -PUV | °C |
| 16 | LuZTemp -PUV | °C |
| 17 | Tilt -PUV | Degrees |
| 18 | Roll -PUV | Degrees |
| 19 | Ed0Gnd - GUV | Volts |
| 20 | Ed0305 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 21 | Ed0313 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 22 | Ed0320 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 23 | Ed0340 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 24 | Ed0380 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 25 | Ed0395 - GUV | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{nm}$ |
| 26 | Ed0PAR - GUV | $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{sec}$ |
| 27 | Ed0Temp - GUV | °C |
| 28 | Ed0VIn | Volts |

Isvp - Sound Velocity Probe in ADCP Transducer Well

00+348:01:59:52.128 1539.40

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------|-------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | Sound velocity | m/s |

Iadc - ADCP Speed Log

00+019:23:59:59.099 \$PUHAW,UVH,-1.48,-0.51,250.6

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|---------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$PUHAW | |
| 3 | UVH (E-W, N-S, Heading) | |
| 4 | Ship Speed relative to reference layer ¹ velocity ² , East vector | knots |
| 5 | Ship Speed relative to reference layer ¹ velocity ² , North vector | knots |
| 6 | Ship heading | degrees |

¹The reference layer is an average velocity measured in a number of depth "bins". On the LMG, the bins are eight meters deep and bins 3-10 define the reference layer. Hence, the reference layer is the water column from 16-80 meters beneath the ship.

²The speed output is water velocity relative to the ship's hull and is therefore opposite of the actual movement of the ship. For example, if the ship's heading is due north, the North/South reference layer velocity is likely to be negative (southerly).

Igyr - Gyro

02+315:23:59:58.194 \$PASVW,00.1,A*1D

02+315:23:59:58.414 \$IIVHW,287.7,T,,M,,N,,K*71

02+315:23:59:58.616 \$HEHDT,287.7,T*25

02+315:23:59:58.821 \$HEROT,001.6,A*2C

02+315:23:59:58.984 \$HCHDT,,T*07

HDT: True Heading

01+083:00:00:02.893 \$HEHDT,246.3,T*2C

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag \$HEHDT | |
| 2 | Heading XXXXX = ddd.d | degrees |
| 3 | T flag for true heading, checksum | |

ROT: Rate of Turn

01+083:00:00:03.093 \$HEROT,-006.3,A*03

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag \$HEROT | |
| 2 | Rate of turn | degrees/min |
| 3 | Status: A = data valid, checksum | |

Isep – Seapath 330 GPS

INZDA: Time and Date Data

10+351:23:59:58.142 \$INZDA,235958.08,17,12,2010,,*78

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------|-------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$INZDA Tag | |
| 3 | time | hhmmss.ss |
| 3 | day | dd |
| 4 | month | mm |
| 5 | year | yyyy |
| 6 | (blank) | |
| 7 | Check sum | hexadecimal |

INGGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

10+351:23:59:58.142 \$INGGA,235958.07,6118.168460,S,06008.089527,W,1,12,0.7,22.57,M,17.79,M,,*46

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|-------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$INGGA Tag | |
| 3 | Time (UTC) | hhmmss.ss |
| 3 | Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 4 | {NIS} (latitude is north or south) | |
| 5 | Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 6 | {EIW} (longitude is east of west) | |
| 7 | GPS quality indicator: 0 = invalid position, 1 = GPS SPS used, 2 = DGPS used, 3 = GPS PPS used, 4 = GPS RTK used, 5 = GPS float RTK used, 6 = dead reckoning | |
| 8 | Number of Satellites in use (00-99) | |
| 9 | HDOP | |
| 10 | Height above ellipsoid in meters | m.mm |
| 11 | M | |
| 12 | Age of DGPS corrections in seconds | ss.ss |
| 13 | M | |
| 14 | (blank) | |
| 15 | *Check sum | hexadecimal |

INRMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

10+351:23:59:58.200 \$INRMC,235958.07,A,6118.168460,S,06008.089527,W,12.8,331.22,171210,11.3,E,A*1C

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$INRMC Tag | |
| 3 | UTC of position | hhmmss.ss |
| 4 | Status A = Data Valid, V = Navigation Receiver Warning | |
| 5 | Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 6 | North (N) or South (S) | |
| 7 | Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 8 | East (E) or West (W) | |
| 9 | Speed Over Ground, knots | knots |
| 10 | Course Over Ground, degrees True | degrees |
| 11 | Date | ddmmyy |
| 12 | Magnetic Variation, degrees E/W | degrees |

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|
| 13 | Mode Indicator E= Estimated Mode | |
| 14 | *Check sum | |

PSXN,20: Data Quality

10+351:23:59:58.200 \$PSXN,20,1,2,0,0*38

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|-------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$PSXN Tag | |
| 3 | 20 (PSXN identifier) | |
| 3 | Horizontal position and velocity quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data | |
| 4 | Height and vertical velocity quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data | |
| 5 | Heading quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data | |
| 6 | Roll and pitch quality: 0 = normal, 1 = reduced performance, 2 = invalid data | |
| 7 | *Check sum | hexadecimal |

PSXN,23: Roll, Pitch, Heading and Heave

10+351:23:59:58.213 \$PSXN,23,0.02,-0.76,330.56,*0B

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|-------------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$PSXN Tag | |
| 3 | 23 (PSXN identifier) | |
| 3 | Roll in degrees. Positive with port side up. | d.dd |
| 4 | Pitch in degrees. Positive with bow up. | d.dd |
| 5 | Heading in degrees true | d.dd |
| 6 | Heave in meters. Positive is down | m.mm |
| 7 | *Check sum | hexadecimal |

Igar - Garmin GPS

GGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

08+034:12:26:06.131 \$GPGGA,122607,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,1,11,0.9,-193.4,M,9.7,M,,*5A

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPGGA Tag | |
| 3 | UTC of position | hhmmss.ss |
| 4 | Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 5 | North (N) or South (S) | |
| 6 | Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 7 | East (E) or West (W) | |
| 8 | GPS quality (1=GPS 2=DGPS) | |
| 9 | Number of GPS satellites used | |
| 10 | Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) | |
| 11 | Antenna height above/below mean-sea-level (geoid) | meters |
| 12 | Units for antenna height (M = Meters) | |
| 13 | Geoidal Separation ¹ | |
| 14 | Units for Geoidal Separation (M = Meters) | meters |
| 15 | Age of differential GPS data, number of seconds since last SC104 Type 1 or 9 | |
| 16 | Differential reference station ID | |

¹Geoidal Separation: the difference between the WGS-84 earth ellipsoid and mean-sea-level (geoid). A negative value represents mean-sea-level below ellipsoid.

GLL: Geographic Position – Latitude/Longitude

08+034:12:26:06.211 \$GPGLL,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,122607,A

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPGLL Tag | |
| 3 | Latitude | ddmm.mmm |
| 4 | North (N) or South (S) | |
| 5 | Longitude | ddmm.mmm |
| 6 | East (E) or West (W) | |
| 7 | UTC of position | hhmmss.ss |
| 8 | Status: A = Data Valid, V =Data Not Valid | |

VTG: Track Made Good and Speed over Ground

08+034:12:26:06.211 \$GPVTG,167,T,151,M,000.0,N,0000.0,K

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-------------------------|---------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPVTG Tag | |
| 3 | Track, degrees true | degrees |
| 3 | T flag for True | |
| 4 | Track, degrees magnetic | degrees |
| 5 | M flag for Magnetic | |
| 6 | Speed over Ground | knots |
| 7 | N flag for Knots | |
| 8 | Speed over Ground | kmhr |
| 9 | K flag for km/hr | |

tgps – Trimble Centurion GPS

GGA: Global Positioning Fix Data

08+034:12:26:06.131 \$GPGGA,122607,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,1,11,0.9,-193.4,M,9.7,M,,*5A

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPGGA Tag | |
| 3 | UTC of position | hhmmss.ss |
| 4 | Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 5 | North (N) or South (S) | |
| 6 | Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 7 | East (E) or West (W) | |
| 8 | GPS quality (1=GPS 2=DGPS) | |
| 9 | Number of GPS satellites used | |
| 10 | Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) | |
| 11 | Antenna height above/below mean-sea-level (geoid) | meters |
| 12 | Units for antenna height (M = Meters) | |
| 13 | Geoidal Separation ¹ | |
| 14 | Units for Geoidal Separation (M = Meters) | meters |
| 15 | Age of differential GPS data, number of seconds since last SC104 Type 1 or 9 | |
| 16 | Differential reference station ID | |

¹Geoidal Separation: the difference between the WGS-84 earth ellipsoid and mean-sea-level (geoid). A negative value represents mean-sea-level below ellipsoid.

GLL: Geographic Position – Latitude/Longitude

08+034:12:26:06.211 \$GPGLL,6446.4733,S,06403.4455,W,122607,A

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|---|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPGLL Tag | |
| 3 | Latitude | ddmm.mmm |
| 4 | North (N) or South (S) | |
| 5 | Longitude | ddmm.mmm |
| 6 | East (E) or West (W) | |
| 7 | UTC of position | hhmmss.ss |
| 8 | Status: A = Data Valid, V =Data Not Valid | |

VTG: Track Made Good and Speed over Ground

08+034:12:26:06.211 \$GPVTG,167,T,151,M,000.0,N,0000.0,K

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|-------------------------|---------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPVTG Tag | |
| 3 | Track, degrees true | degrees |
| 3 | T flag for True | |
| 4 | Track, degrees magnetic | degrees |
| 5 | M flag for Magnetic | |
| 6 | Speed over Ground | knots |
| 7 | N flag for Knots | |
| 8 | Speed over Ground | kmhr |
| 9 | K flag for km/hr | |

RMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

08+034:13:17:26.627 \$GPRMC,131726.605,A,6446.4820,S,06403.3075,W,000.0,094.4,030208,16.3,E

| Field | Data | Units |
|-------|--|-----------|
| 1 | RVDAS Time Tag | |
| 2 | \$GPRMC Tag | |
| 3 | UTC of position | hhmmss.ss |
| 4 | Status A = Data Valid, V = Navigation Receiver Warning | |
| 5 | Latitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 6 | North (N) or South (S) | |
| 7 | Longitude in degrees with decimal minutes | ddmm.mmm |
| 8 | East (E) or West (W) | |
| 9 | Speed Over Ground, knots | knots |
| 10 | Course Over Ground, degrees True | degrees |
| 11 | Date | ddmmyy |
| 12 | Magnetic Variation, degrees E/W | degrees |
| 13 | Mode Indicator E= Estimated Mode | |

LMG Sensors

Shipboard Sensors

| Sensor | Description | Serial # | Cal. Date | Status |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Port Anemometer | Gill Ultrasonic Wind Observer II | 840018 | N/A | Collected |
| Starboard Anemometer | Gill Ultrasonic Wind Observer II | 71738 | N/A | Collected |
| Barometer | R.M. Young 61201 | BP01150 | 03-Jun-2011 | Collected |
| Humidity/Wet Temp | RM Young 41372LC | 06133 | 03-Dec-2010 | Collected |
| PAR for Mast | Biosph. Inst. QSR-240P | 6393 | 31-Aug-2010 | Collected |
| PIR | Eppley PIR | 28903F3 | 13-Oct-2010 | Collected |
| PSP | Eppley PSP | 28933F3 | 9-Sept-2010 | Collected |
| GUV (Mast) | Biosph. Inst. GUV-2511 | 25110805126 | 18-May-2011 | Collected |
| Transmissometer | WET Labs C-Star 25 cm deep | CST-830DR | 04-Nov-2011 | Collected |
| MicroTSG (Primary) | Sea-Bird 45 | 390 | 20-Oct-2012 | Collected |
| MicroTSG (Secondary) | Sea-Bird 45 | 227 | 21-Jul-2010 | Collected |
| Digital Remote Temp | Sea-Bird 38 | 262 | 22-Jul-2010 | Collected |
| Fluorometer | WET Labs ECO-FL | FLRTD-398 | 07-Sep-11 | Collected |

Underway Calibration Sheets

Note: Embedded pdf files can be opened with a right-click, Acrobat Document Object, Open

Thermosalinograph (temp) – Primary

7

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax: (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0390
CALIBRATION DATE: 20-Oct-11

S3045 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

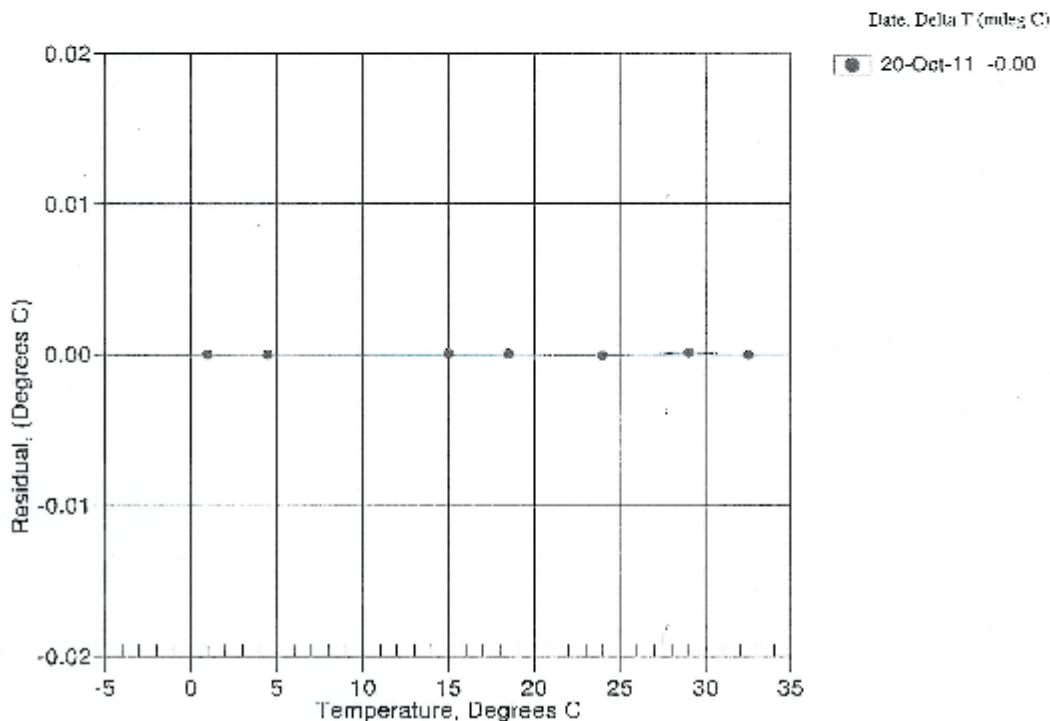
ITS 90 COEFFICIENTS

a0 = 3.167593e-006
a1 = 2.337220e-004
a2 = -3.178238e-006
a3 = 1.712408e-007

| BATH TEMP (ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT OUTPUT | INST TEMP (ITS 90) | RESIDUAL (ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1.0000 | 882265.1 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 4.0000 | 582231.6 | 4.0000 | -0.0000 |
| 14.0000 | 358378.3 | 14.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 18.4000 | 303807.3 | 18.4000 | 0.0000 |
| 24.0000 | 247911.8 | 24.0000 | -0.0001 |
| 29.0000 | 203681.3 | 29.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 32.0000 | 178100.8 | 32.0000 | -0.0000 |

Temperature ITS-90 = $[a_0 + a_1(t(n)) + a_2(t(n))^2 + a_3(t(n))^3] - 273.15$ (°C)

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature



Thermosalinograph (conductivity) - Primary

8

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (+1) 425-643-9868 Fax (+1) 425-643-9054 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0990
CALIBRATION DATE: 20-Oct-11SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -9.852963e-001

h = 1.457244e-001

i = -9.951034e-004

j = 3.25707e-003

CPROD = -9.5300e-006

CT202 = 5.2500e-006

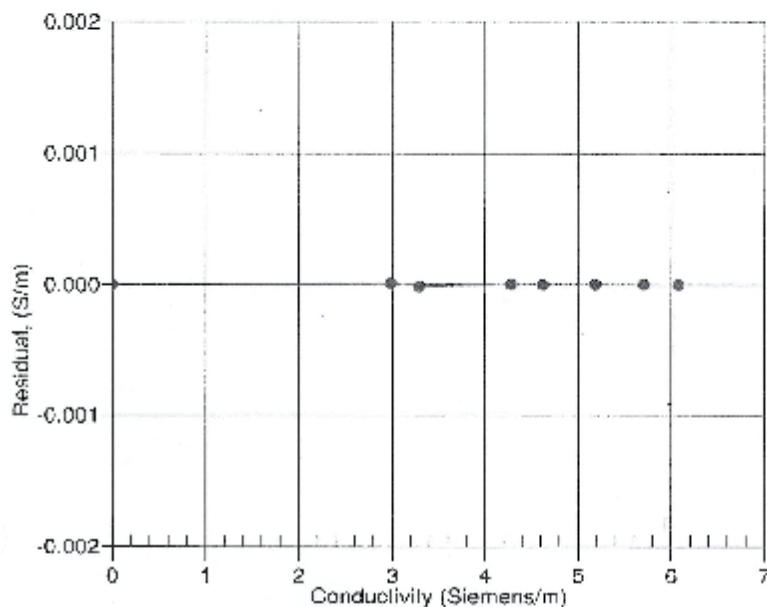
WBCTC = 2.5724e-007

| BATH TEMP (TSS-50) | BATH SAL (PSU) | BATH COND (Siemens/m) | INST FREQ (MHz) | INST COND (Siemens/m) | RESIDUAL (Siemens/m) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 23.0000 | 34.0000 | 3.30000 | 2616.64 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 1.0000 | 34.0210 | 2.96405 | 5239.98 | 2.98407 | 0.00001 |
| 4.5000 | 34.0005 | 3.29188 | 5438.78 | 3.28187 | -0.00001 |
| 14.9999 | 34.0066 | 4.27800 | 6009.77 | 4.27600 | 0.00000 |
| 16.4999 | 34.0467 | 4.62186 | 6221.63 | 4.62196 | 0.00000 |
| 24.0000 | 34.0354 | 5.18113 | 6525.11 | 5.18105 | 0.00000 |
| 29.0000 | 34.0277 | 5.70337 | 6794.28 | 5.70395 | 0.00000 |
| 32.5000 | 34.0211 | 5.07873 | 6979.83 | 6.07672 | 0.00000 |

 $f = \text{INST FREQ} \wedge \sin(1.0 + \text{WBCTC} \wedge Q / 1000.0)$ Conductivity = $(g + hT^2 - iT^3 + jT^4) / (1 + \delta T + \epsilon p)$ Siemens/meterT = temperature[°C]; p = pressure[decibars]; $\delta = \text{CT202}$; $\epsilon = \text{CPROD}$

Residual = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity

Data Slope Correction



20-Oct-11 1.0000000

Thermosalinograph (Temp) – Secondary

SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, Washington, 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0227
CALIBRATION DATE: 13-Jan-11SBE 45 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS

a0 = 4.295395e-005

a1 = 2.699658e-004

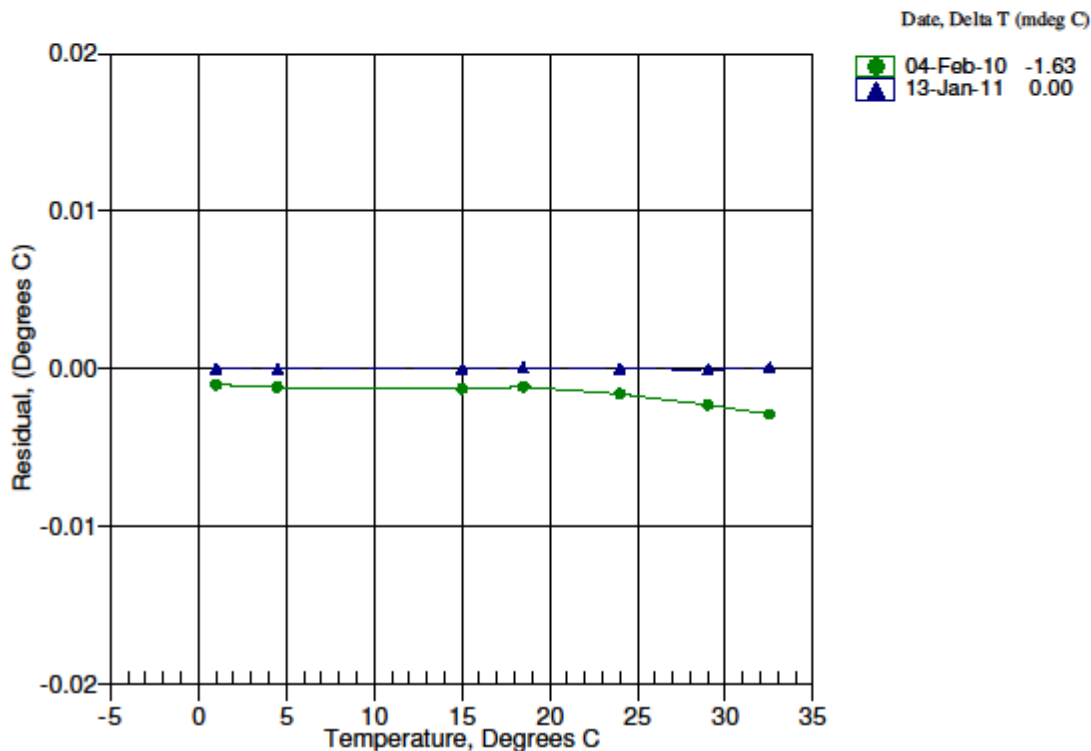
a2 = -1.997370e-006

a3 = 1.428605e-007

| BATH TEMP (ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT OUTPUT | INST TEMP (ITS-90) | RESIDUAL (ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1.0000 | 664636.8 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 4.5000 | 568064.0 | 4.5000 | -0.0000 |
| 15.0000 | 361650.9 | 15.0000 | -0.0000 |
| 18.5000 | 313042.5 | 18.5000 | 0.0000 |
| 24.0000 | 250996.4 | 24.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 29.0000 | 206574.3 | 28.9999 | -0.0001 |
| 32.5001 | 180837.8 | 32.5001 | 0.0000 |

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1 / \{ a_0 + a_1[\ln(n)] + a_2[\ln^2(n)] + a_3[\ln^3(n)] \} - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature



Thermosalinograph (Conductivity) – Secondary

SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, Washington, 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0227
CALIBRATION DATE: 13-Jan-11SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -1.018313e+000
h = 1.576139e-001
i = -3.532319e-004
j = 5.274352e-005CPcor = -9.5700e-008
CTcor = 3.2500e-006
WBOTC = 1.0472e-006

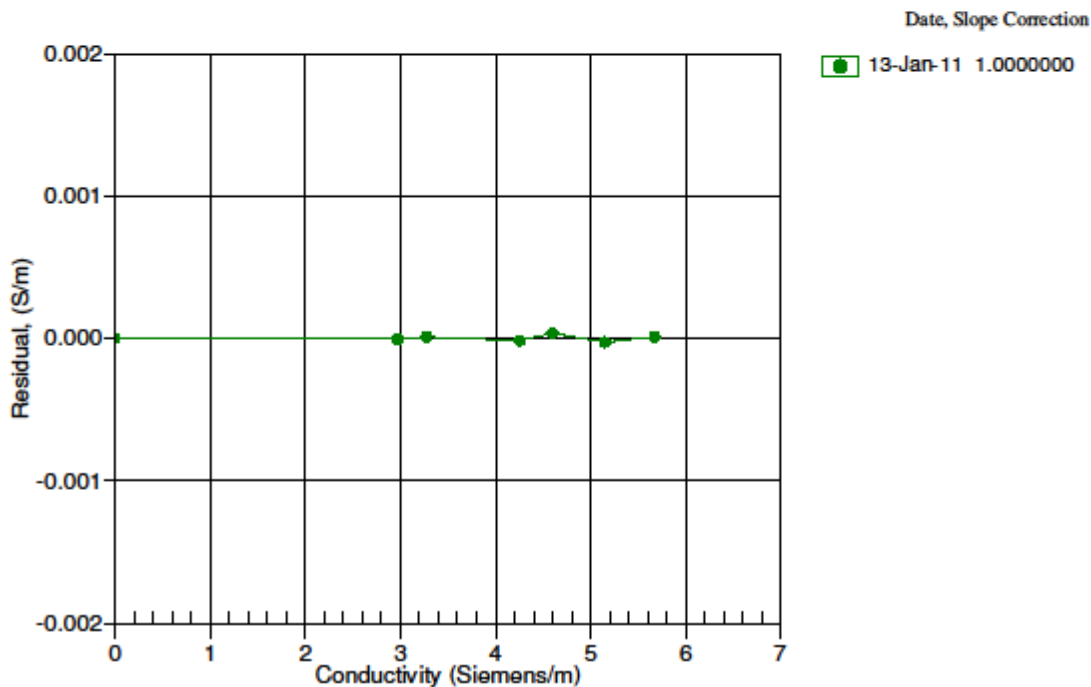
| BATH TEMP (ITS-90) | BATH SAL (PSU) | BATH COND (Siemens/m) | INST FREQ (Hz) | INST COND (Siemens/m) | RESIDUAL (Siemens/m) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 22.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.00000 | 2546.29 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 1.0000 | 34.7157 | 2.96818 | 5036.25 | 2.96818 | -0.00001 |
| 4.5000 | 34.6957 | 3.27447 | 5225.56 | 3.27447 | 0.00001 |
| 15.0000 | 34.6524 | 4.25363 | 5788.62 | 4.25361 | -0.00002 |
| 18.5000 | 34.6427 | 4.59782 | 5973.70 | 4.59785 | 0.00003 |
| 24.0000 | 34.6329 | 5.15435 | 6261.02 | 5.15432 | -0.00003 |
| 29.0000 | 34.6270 | 5.67479 | 6517.97 | 5.67480 | 0.00001 |

f = INST FREQ * sqrt(1.0 + WBOTC * t) / 1000.0

Conductivity = (g + hf² + if³ + jf⁴) / (1 + δt + εp) Siemens/meter

t = temperature[°C]; p = pressure[decibars]; δ = CTcor; ε = CPcor;

Residual = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



Transmissometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 829-5650
Fax (541) 829-5277
www.wetlabs.com

C-Star Calibration

| | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------|-----------|------------|---------|
| Date | November 4, 2011 | S/N# | CST-830DR | Pathlength | 25 cm |
| Analog output | | | | | |
| V_d | 0.059 V | | | | |
| V_{air} | 4.868 V | | | | |
| V_{ref} | 4.713 V | | | | |
| Temperature of calibration water | | | | | 23.5 °C |
| Ambient temperature during calibration | | | | | 21.6 °C |

Relationship of transmittance (Tr) to beam attenuation coefficient (c), and pathlength (x , in meters): $Tr = e^{-cx}$

To determine beam transmittance: $Tr = (V_{sig} - V_{dark}) / (V_{ref} - V_{dark})$

To determine beam attenuation coefficient: $c = -1/x * \ln(Tr)$

V_d Meter output with the beam blocked. This is the offset.

V_{air} Meter output in air with a clear beam path.

V_{ref} Meter output with clean water in the path.

Temperature of calibration water: temperature of clean water used to obtain V_{ref} .

Ambient temperature: meter temperature in air during the calibration.

V_{sig} Measured signal output of meter.

Revision M

7/26/11

Fluorometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

ECO Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 9/7/2011

S/N: FLRTD-398

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in µg/l can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{CHL } (\mu\text{g/l}) = \text{Scale Factor} * (\text{Output} - \text{Dark Counts})$$

| | Analog Range 1 | Analog Range 2 | Analog Range 4 (default) | Digital |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Dark Counts | 0.097 | 0.053 | 0.031 V | 70 counts |
| Scale Factor (SF) | 6 | 13 | 25 µg/VV | 0.0076 µg/l/count |
| Maximum Output | 4.96 | 4.96 | 4.96 V | 16328 counts |
| Resolution | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 mV | 1.0 counts |

Ambient temperature during characterization

22.3 °C

Analog Range: 1 (most sensitive, 0–4,000 counts), 2 (midrange, 0–8,000 counts), 4 (entire range, 0–16,000 counts).

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: $SF = x \div (\text{output} - \text{dark counts})$, where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of.

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-a concentrations *in-situ* is highly variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer, you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction-based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determining chlorophyll concentration see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" part 10200 H, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and the Water Environment Federation.

FLRTD-398.xls

Revision J

3/17/08

Temperature/Relative Humidity



R.M. Young Company
2801 Aero Park Drive
Livestock City, Michigan 48666 USA



CALIBRATION REPORT Temperature Sensor

Customer: *Raytheon Technical Services Company LLC*

Test Number: 00641

Customer ID: RR53870-01

Test Date: 3 December 2010

Sales Order: 1597

Test Sensor:

Model: 41372LC Serial Numbr. TS06133
Description: Temperature/Relative Humidity Sensor

Report of calibration comparison of test temperature sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard thermometers at three temperatures in the R.M. Young Company controlled temperature calibration bath facilities. Calibration accuracy $\pm 0.1^\circ$ Celsius.

| Bath Temperature (degrees C) | Current Output (milliamps) | Indicated (1) Temperature (degrees C) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| -50.04 | 3.990 | -50.06 |
| 0.04 | 12.008 | 0.05 |
| 50.00 | 20.000 | 50.00 |

(1) Calculated from current output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

| Reference Instrument | Serial # | NIST Test Reference |
|--|----------|---------------------|
| Brooklyn Thermometer Model 43-FC | 8006-B | 204365 |
| Brooklyn Thermometer Model 22332-D5-FC | 2571 | 249763 |
| Brooklyn Thermometer Model 2X400-D7-FC | 7712 | 228060 |
| Keithley Multimeter Model 191 | 1512 | 234027 |

Tested By: *E. Channing*

METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS
Tel: 231-916-3950 Fax: 231-949-4772 Email: rm.young@youngusa.com Web: youngusa.com

Barometer

R.M. Young Company
180 Aero Park Drive
Troy, Michigan 48066 USA

CALIBRATION REPORT Barometric Pressure Sensor

Customer: *Raytheon Technical Services Company LLC*

Test Number: 1803-01B
Test Date: 3 June 2011

Customer PO: RR58987-01
Sales Order: 1959

| Test Sensor: | |
|---|------------------------|
| Model: 61201 | Serial Number: BP01150 |
| Description: Barometric Pressure Sensor | |

Report of calibration comparison of test barometric pressure sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard pressure calibrator at five pressures in the R.M. Young Company controlled pressure facility. Calibration accuracy – 1.0 hPa.

| Reference Pressure (hPa) | Voltage Output (millivolts) | Indicated (1) Pressure (hPa) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 800.0 | 0 | 800.0 |
| 875.0 | 1251 | 875.1 |
| 950.0 | 2501 | 950.1 |
| 1025.0 | 3750 | 1025.0 |
| 1100.0 | 4998 | 1099.9 |

(1) Calculated from voltage output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Reference Instrument
Druck Pressure Controller Model DPI515
Fluke Multimeter Model 9080A

Serial # NIST Test Reference
51500497 UKAS Lab 0221
4865407 234027

Tested By: *E. Channing*

METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS
Tel: 231-946-3900 Fax: 231-946-4772 Email: rmlsales@youngusa.com Website: youngusa.com
ISO 9001:2005 CERTIFIED

GUV



Biospherical Instruments Inc.

GUV-2511 Calibration Certificate

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------|--|---|--|---|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| System Serial Number | | 25110805126 | | Date of Calibration | | 5/18/2011 | | | | | |
| Calibration database | | 25110805126v6.mdb | | Date of Certificate | | 5/18/2011 | | | | | |
| DASSN | | 0109 | | Standard of Spectral Irradiance | | GS-1024/8/28/08) | | | | | |
| Microprocessor Tag Number | | 2 | | Operator | | TC | | | | | |
| Monochromatic Channels | | Address | Wavelength [nm] | Responsivity [amps per $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$] | ScaleSmall [Volts per $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$] | ScaleMedium [Volts per $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$] | ScaleLarge [Volts per $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$] | OffsetSmall [Volts] | OffsetMedium [mVolts] | OffsetLarge [Volts] | Measurement Units |
| Ed0305 | | 2 | 305 | 4.6890E-11 | 4.6239E-05 | 1.4095E-03 | 4.2917E-01 | -6.9000E-05 | -5.7000E-05 | 1.2390E-03 | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$ |
| Ed0313 | | 6 | 313 | 2.3710E-10 | 2.4178E-05 | 7.0677E-03 | 2.4874E+00 | -1.1400E-04 | -1.1000E-04 | 1.1370E-03 | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$ |
| Ed0320 | | 8 | 320 | 2.6470E-10 | 2.6842E-05 | 7.9183E-03 | 2.7409E+00 | -2.9100E-04 | -2.9500E-04 | 4.6900E-04 | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$ |
| Ed0340 | | 10 | 340 | 1.9970E-10 | 2.0334E-05 | 5.9605E-03 | 2.1066E+00 | -1.0600E-04 | -1.0700E-04 | 1.1780E-03 | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$ |
| Ed0380 | | 12 | 380 | 7.3830E-11 | 7.8232E-05 | 2.1963E-03 | 7.7065E-01 | -3.8400E-04 | -3.8500E-04 | 3.6900E-04 | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$ |
| Ed0395 | | 13 | 395 | 3.0960E-10 | 3.1661E-05 | 9.2971E-03 | 3.2340E+00 | 5.4000E-05 | 5.2000E-05 | 1.5050E-03 | $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2\text{-nm}$ |
| Broadband Channels | | Address | Wavelength [nm] | Responsivity [amps per $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{-s}$] | ScaleSmall [Volts per $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{-s}$] | ScaleMedium [Volts per $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{-s}$] | ScaleLarge [Volts per $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{-s}$] | OffsetSmall [Volts] | OffsetMedium [mVolts] | OffsetLarge [Volts] | Measurement Units |
| Ed0PAR | | 18 | 400-700 | 1.65820E-05 | 1.7232E+00 | 5.0483E+02 | 1.7874E+05 | -1.7000E-05 | -1.9000E-05 | 1.4830E-03 | $\mu\text{E}/\text{cm}^2\text{-sec}$ |
| Auxiliary Channels | | Address | Wavelength | Responsivity | ScaleS | ScaleM | ScaleL | OffsetS | OffsetM | OffsetL | Measurement Units |
| Ed0Temp | | 22 | 0 | 1 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Ed0Win | | 27 | 0 | 1 | -0.25 | -0.25 | -0.25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |

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Calibration Data – Do Not Destroy

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Acquisition and Processing Information

Processing Specifics

Refer to the InstCoef.txt file along with the specific instrument calibration sheets, both located in the Cal/ directory of the data distribution, for information on how the RVDAS data was collected and processed.

Significant Notes

Radiometric sensors (PIR, PSP, and PAR) were removed prior to the start of this cruise for calibration. They were not replaced because the ship is bound for a shipyard period where the sensors could easily be damaged, scratched, or receive overspray.

Errors and Events

This section lists all significant events and known problems with acquisition during this cruise including instrument failures, data acquisition system failures, and other factors affecting this data set.

i.e, The PCO2 system was turned off for the troubleshooting and repairs of the equilibrator pump.

Cruise Notes: The Sea Surface Temperature probe (SBE-38), and three radiometers (PAR, PSP, PIR) were not collected during this cruise. The presence of data in their respective fields in such data sets as JGOFS or the met data set (lmwx) is an artifact of the data collection and processing system, and does not imply the presence of valid data.

| Day Of Year | Time (GMT) | Event | Location |
|-------------|------------|---|-----------------------|
| 189 | 0516 | Started data acquisition | Cleared Chilean EEZ |
| 195 | ~1100 | Power failure impacting data collection | |
| 195 | ~1315 | Data collection restored. | |
| 195 | 14:30 | Ended data acquisition | Entered Columbian EEZ |
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