

# **Data Report NBP0908**

**Drake Passage**

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## Introduction

The NBP data acquisition systems continuously log data from the instruments used during the cruise. This document describes:

- The structure and organization of the data on the distribution media
- The format and contents of the data strings
- Formulas for calculating values
- Information about the specific instruments in use during the cruise
- A log of acquisition problems and events during the cruise that may affect the data
- Scanned calibration sheets for the instruments in use during the cruise.

The data is distributed on a DVD-R or CD-ROM written in ISO9660 level-1 format. It is readable by virtually every computing platform.

All the data has been compressed using Unix “gzip,” identified by the “.gz” extension. It has been copied to the distribution media in the Unix tar archive format, “.tar” extension. Tools are available on all platforms for uncompressing and de-archiving these formats: On Macintosh, use Stuffit Expander with DropStuff. On Windows operating systems use WinZip.

MultiBeam, BathyW data, and raw ADCP data are distributed separately.

*IMPORTANT: Read the last section, “Acquisition Problems and Events,” for important information that may affect the processing of this data.*

## Distribution Contents at a Glance

### Volume 1 of 1: NBP0908

| File             | Description                           |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| /                | Root level directory                  |
| NBP0908.trk      | Text file of cruise track (lat,lon)   |
| NBP0908.mgd      | Full Cruise MGD77 data file           |
| NBP0908.gmt      | GMT binary file of MGD77 data         |
| INSTCOEF.TXT     | Instrument Coefficient File           |
| 0908DATA.doc     | Data Report NBP0908 (MS Word)         |
| 0908DATA.pdf     | Data Report NBP0908 (pdf)             |
| 0908MBReport.doc | Multibeam Report (MS Word)            |
| /plots           | Cruise track plots                    |
| 0908_trak.ps     | Cruise track plot (PostScript format) |
| 0908_trak.jpg    | Cruise track plot (JPEG format)       |
| /process         | Processed data                        |
| 0908jgof.tar     | JGOFS format data files               |
| 0908qc.tar       | Daily RVDAS QC postscript plots       |
| 0908pco2.tar     | Merged pCO <sub>2</sub> data files    |
| 0908mgd.tar      | MGD Data                              |
| 0908proc.tar     | Other processed data                  |
| /rvdas/nav       | Navigation data                       |
| 0908gyr1.tar     | Gyro raw data                         |
| 0908pcod.tar     | Trimble P-code raw data               |
| 0908seap.tar     | Seapath data                          |
| 0908adcp.tar     | ADCP Data Sets                        |
| /rvdas/uw        | Underway data                         |
| 0908eng1.tar     | Engineering Data                      |
| 0908grv1.tar     | Gravimeter raw data                   |
| 0908hdas.tar     | HydroDAS raw data                     |
| 0908knud.tar     | Knudsen raw data                      |
| 0908mtsg.tar     | Micro TSG data                        |
| 0908mwx1.tar     | Meteorology raw data                  |
| 0908pco2.tar     | pCO <sub>2</sub> raw data             |
| 0908pguv.tar     | GUV raw data                          |
| 0908rtmp.tar     | Remote temperature data               |
| 0908svp1.tar     | Sound velocity probe (in ADCP well)   |
| /Imagery         | Other data, files and pictures        |
| 0908lmag.tar     | Satellite imagery                     |
| /ocean           | Ocean data                            |
| 0908ctd.tar      | CTD Data                              |
| /science         | Science Drive Data                    |
| NBP0908.tar      |                                       |

## Extracting Data

The Unix tar command has many options. It is often useful to know exactly how an archive was produced when expanding its contents. All archives were created using the command,

```
tar cvf archive_filename files_to_archive
```

To create a list of the files in the archive, use the Unix command,

```
tar tvf archive_filename > contents.list
```

where `contents.list` is the name of the file to create

To extract the files from the archive:

```
tar xvf archive_filename file(s)_to_extract
```

G-zipped files will have a “.gz” extension on the filename. These files can be decompressed after de-archiving, using the Unix command,

```
gunzip filename.gz
```

## Distribution Contents

### Cruise Information

NBP0908 departed Punta Arenas, Chile on November 19, 2009. There was one unscheduled stop at Palmer Station before arriving at Rothera. There were no major problems during the cruise. The weather and the seas were very cooperative for the majority of the cruise. The basic objective was to visit moorings deployed on NBP0812. The NBP returned to Punta Arenas on December 19, 2009.

### *Cruise Track*

The distribution DVD includes a GMT cruise track file (NBP0908.trk). It contains the longitude and latitude of the ship's position at one-minute intervals extracted from the NBP0908.gmt file.

JPEG and PostScript cruise track files have been produced and placed in the /plots directory.

### *Satellite Images*

Satellite Images received for this cruise can be found in the file called /Imagery/0908Imag.tar collected and processed on the ship is in two further subdirectories, Ice and WX (weather). Files are named using the convention, ssss\_fff\_mmddyy\_tttt\_ww.gif where:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| ssss_fff | = satellite and flight number   |
| mm       | = month   |
| dd       | = day   |
| yy       | = year  |
| tttt     | = time in hours and minutes (UTC)   |
| ww       | = optional field for identifying wavelength, such as vis (visible) or IR (infrared) |

### NBP Data Products

Two datasets are created on each cruise: JGOFS and MGD77.

The data processing scripts used to produce JGOFS and MGD77 data sets create a lot of intermediate files. These files are included on the data distribution media in a file called /process/0908proc.tar. They are included to make re-processing easier in the event of an error, but no extensive detail of the formats is included in this document. If you have any questions, please contact [itvessel@usap.gov](mailto:itvessel@usap.gov).

## JGOFS

The JGOFS data set can be found on the distribution media in the file /process/0908jgof.tar. The archive contains one file produced for each day named jgDDD.dat.gz, where DDD is the year-day the data was acquired. The “.gz” extension indicates that the individual files are compressed before archiving. Each daily file consists of 22 columnar fields in text format as described in the table below. The JGOFS data set is created from calibrated data decimated at one-minute intervals. Several fields are derived measurements from more than a single raw input. For example, Course Made Good (CMG) and Speed Over Ground (SOG) are calculated from gyro and GPS inputs. Daily plots during the cruise are produced from the JGOFS data set. Note: Null, unused, or unknown fields are indicated as “NAN” as 9999 in the JGOFS data.

| Field | Data   | Units                                     |
|-------|--|---|
| 01    | GMT date   | dd/mm/yy                                  |
| 02    | GMT time   | hh:mm:ss                                  |
| 03    | NGL latitude (negative is South)                         | tt.tttt                                   |
| 04    | NGL longitude (negative is West)                         | ggg.gggg                                  |
| 05    | Speed over ground  | Knots                                     |
| 06    | GPS HDOP   | -   |
| 07    | Gyro Heading   | Degrees (azimuth)                         |
| 08    | Course made good   | Degrees (azimuth)                         |
| 09    | Mast PAR   | $\mu\text{Einsteins/meter}^2 \text{ sec}$ |
| 10    | Sea surface temperature                                  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$                        |
| 11    | Sea surface conductivity                                 | siemens/meter                             |
| 12    | Sea surface salinity                                     | PSU                                       |
| 13    | Sea depth<br>(uncorrected, calc. sw sound vel. 1500 m/s) | meters                                    |
| 14    | True wind speed (max speed windbird)                     | meters/sec                                |
| 15    | True wind direction (max speed windbird)                 | degrees (azimuth)                         |
| 16    | Ambient air temperature                                  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$                        |
| 17    | Relative humidity  | %   |
| 18    | Barometric pressure                                      | mBars                                     |
| 19    | Sea surface fluorometry                                  | $\mu\text{g/l}$ ( $\text{mg/m}^3$ )       |
| 20    | Transmissometry  | %   |
| 21    | PSP  | $\text{W/m}^2$                            |
| 22    | PIR  | $\text{W/m}^2$                            |



## MGD77

The MGD77 data set is contained in a single file for the entire cruise. It can be found in the top level of the distribution data structure as NBP0908.mgd. The file NBP0908.gmt is created from the MGD77 dataset using the “mgd77togmt” utility. NBP0908.gmt can be used with the GMT plotting package.

The data used to produce the NBP0908.mgd file can be found on the distribution media in the file /process/0908proc.tar. The data files in the archive contain a day’s data and follow the naming convention Dddd.fnl.gz, where ddd is the year-day. These files follow a space-delimited columnar format that may be more accessible for some purposes. They contain data at one-second intervals rather than one minute and are individually “gzipped” to save space. Below is a detailed description of the MGD77 data set format. The other files in the archive contain interim processing files and are included to simplify possible reprocessing of the data using the RVDAS NBP processing scripts.

All decimal points are implied. Leading zeros and blanks are equivalent. Unknown or unused fields are filled with 9’s. All “corrections”, such as time zone, diurnal magnetics, and EOTVOS, are understood to be added.

| Col   | Len | Type | Contents                                      | Description, Possible Values, Notes   |
|-------|-----|------|---|---|
| 1     | 1   | Int  | Data record type                              | Set to “5” for data record  |
| 2-9   | 8   | Char | Survey identifier                             |   |
| 10-12 | 3   | int  | Time zone correction                          | Corrects time (in characters 13-27) to GMT when added; 0 = GMT                              |
| 13-16 | 4   | int  | Year  | 4 digit year  |
| 17-18 | 2   | int  | Month   | 2 digit month   |
| 19-20 | 2   | int  | Day   | 2 digit day   |
| 21-22 | 2   | int  | Hour  | 2 digit hour  |
| 23-27 | 5   | real | Minutes x 1000                                |   |
| 28-35 | 8   | real | Latitude x 100000                             | + = North<br>- = South. (–9000000 to 9000000)   |
| 36-44 | 9   | real | Longitude x 100000                            | + = East<br>- = West. (–18000000 to 18000000)   |
| 45    | 1   | int  | Position type code                            | 1=Observed fix<br>3=Interpolated<br>9=Unspecified   |
| 46-51 | 6   | real | Bathymetry, 2- way travel time                | In 10,000th of seconds. Corrected for transducer depth and other such corrections           |
| 52-57 | 6   | real | Bathymetry, corrected depth                   | In tenths of meters.  |
| 58-59 | 2   | int  | Bathymetric correction code                   | This code details the procedure used for determining the sound velocity correction to depth |
| 60    | 1   | int  | Bathymetric type code                         | 1 = Observed<br>3 = Interpolated (Header Seq. 12)<br>9 = Unspecified                        |
| 61-66 | 6   | real | Magnetics total field, 1 <sup>ST</sup> sensor | In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas)  |
| 67-72 | 6   | real | Magnetics total field, 2 <sup>ND</sup> sensor | In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas), for trailing sensor                                       |
| 73-78 | 6   | real | Magnetics residual field                      | In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas). The reference field used is in Header Seq. 13             |
| 79    | 1   | int  | Sensor for residual                           | 1 = 1 <sup>ST</sup> or leading sensor   |

| Col     | Len | Type | Contents                              | Description, Possible Values, Notes   |
|---------|-----|------|---------------------------------------|---|
|         |     |      | field                                 | 2 = 2 <sup>nd</sup> or trailing sensor<br>9 = Unspecified   |
| 80-84   | 5   | real | Magnetics diurnal correction          | In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas). (In nanoteslas) if 9-filled (i.e., set to "+9999"), total and residual fields are assumed to be uncorrected; if used, total and residuals are assumed to have been already corrected. |
| 85-90   | 6   | F6.0 | Depth or altitude of magnetics sensor | (In meters)<br>+ = Below sea level<br>3 = Above sea level   |
| 91-97   | 7   | real | Observed gravity                      | In 10 <sup>th</sup> of mgals. Corrected for Eotvos, drift, tares  |
| 98-103  | 6   | real | EOTVOS correction                     | In 10 <sup>th</sup> of mgals.<br>$E = 7.5 V \cos \phi \sin \alpha + 0.0042 V^*V$  |
| 104-108 | 5   | real | Free-air anomaly                      | In 10 <sup>th</sup> of mgals<br>G = observed<br>G = theoretical   |
| 109-113 | 5   | char | Seismic line number                   | Cross-reference for seismic data  |
| 114-119 | 6   | char | Seismic shot-point number             |   |
| 120     | 1   | int  | Quality code for navigation           | 5= Suspected, by the originating institution<br>6= Suspected, by the data center<br>9= No identifiable problem found  |

## Science of Opportunity

### ADCP

The shipboard ADCP system measures currents in a depth range from about 30 to 300 m -- in good weather. In bad weather or in ice, the range is reduced, and sometimes no valid measurements are made. ADCP data collection is the OPP-funded project of Eric Firing (University of Hawaii) and Teri Chereskin (Scripps Institution of Oceanography). Data is collected on both the LMG and the NBP for the benefit of scientists on individual cruises, and for the long-term goal of building a profile of current structure in the Southern Ocean.

A data feed is sent from the ADCP system to RVDAS whenever a reference layer is acquired. This feed contains east and north vectors for ship's speed, relative to the reference layer, and ship's heading. Collected files (one per day) are archived in 0908adcp.tar in the directory /rvdas/nav.

### pCO<sub>2</sub>

The NBP carries a pCO<sub>2</sub> measurement system from Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO). pCO<sub>2</sub> data is recorded by RVDAS and transmitted to LDEO at the end of each cruise. You will find pCO<sub>2</sub> data in a file named 0908pco2.tar in the /process directory, which contains the pCO<sub>2</sub> instrument's data merged with GPS, meteorological and other oceanographic measurements. For more information contact Colm Sweeney (csweeney@ldeo.columbia.edu).

## Cruise Science

### ***CTD***

The ctd data has been placed in the tar file /ocean/0908ctd.tar. The archive contains tar files 0908proc.tar.

### **RVDAS**

The Research Vessel Data Acquisition System (RVDAS) was developed at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University and has been in use on its research ship for many years. It has been extensively adapted for use on the USAP research vessels.

Daily data processing of the RVDAS data is performed to calibrate and convert values into useable units and as a quality-control on operation of the DAS. Raw and processed data sets from RVDAS are included in the data distribution. The tables below provide detailed information on the sensors and data. Be sure to read the “Significant Acquisition Events” section for important information about data acquisition during this cruise.

### ***Sensors and Instruments***

RVDAS data is divided into two general categories, *underway and navigation*. They can be found on the distribution media as subdirectories under the top level rvdas directory: /rvdas/uw, and /rvdas/nav. Processed oceanographic data is in the top level directory, /process. Each instrument or sensor produces a data file named with its channel ID. Each data file is g-zipped to save space on the distribution media. Not all data types are collected every day or on every cruise.

The naming convention for data files produced by the sensors and instruments is

NBP[CruiseID][ChannelID].dDDD

Example:    NBP0908.mwx1.d330

- The CruiseID is the numeric name of the cruise, in this case, NBP0908.
- The ChannelID is a 4-character code representing the system being logged. An example is “mwx1,” the designation for meteorology.
- DDD is the day of year the data was collected

## Underway Sensors

### Meteorology and Radiometry

| Measurement          | Channel ID | Collect. Status | Rate  | Instrument         |
|----------------------|------------|-----------------|-------|--------------------|
| Air Temperature      | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | R.M. Young 41372LC |
| Relative Humidity    | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | R.M. Young 41372LC |
| Wind Speed/Direction | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | Gill 1390-PK-007   |
| Barometer            | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | R.M. Young 61201   |
| PIR (LW radiation)   | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | Eppley PIR         |
| PSP (SW radiation)   | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | Eppley PSP         |
| PAR                  | mwx1       | continuous      | 1 sec | BSI QSR-240        |
| GUV                  | pguv       | continuous      | 2 sec | BSI PUV-2511       |
| PUV                  | pguv       | not collected   |       | BSI PUG-2500       |

### Geophysics

| Measurement  | Channel ID | Collect. Status | Rate    | Instrument         |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Gravimeter   | grv1       | continuous      | 10 sec* | LaCoste & Romberg  |
| Magnetometer | mag1       | not collected   | 15 sec  | EG&G G-866         |
| Bathymetry   | bat1       | continuous**    | Varies  | ODEC Bathy 2000    |
| Bathymetry   | knud       | continuous      | Varies  | Knudsen 320B/R     |
| Bathymetry   | sim1       | not collected   | Varies  | Simrad EK500 Sonar |

\*Data is output every second but it only changes every 10 seconds.

\*\*Primary underway bathymetry was switched from Knudsen to Bathy 2000 at 016:16:33.

### Oceanography

| Measurement      | Channel ID | Collect. Status | Rate   | Instrument           |
|------------------|------------|-----------------|--------|----------------------|
| Conductivity     | mtsg       | Continuous      | 6 sec  | SeaBird SBE-45       |
| Salinity         | mtsg       | Continuous      | 6 sec  | Calc. from pri. temp |
| Sea Surface Temp | mtsg       | Continuous      | 6 sec  | SeaBird 3-01/S       |
| Fluorometry      | hdas       | Continuous      | 2 sec  | WET Lab AFL          |
| Transmissometry  | hdas       | Continuous      | 2 sec  | WET Lab C-Star       |
| pCO <sub>2</sub> | Pco2       | Continuous      | 70 sec | (LDEO)               |
| ADCP             | adcp       | Continuous      | varies | RD Instruments       |

## **Navigational Instruments**

| Measurement | Channel ID | Collect. Status | Rate    | Instrument         |
|-------------|------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| Trimble GPS | PCOD       | Continuous      | 1 sec   | Trimble 20636-00SM |
| Gyro        | gyr1       | Continuous      | 0.2 sec | Yokogawa Gyro      |
| SeaPath     | seap       | Continuous      | 1 sec   | SeaPath 200        |

## ***Data***

Data is received from the RVDAS system via RS-232 serial connections. A time tag is added at the beginning of each line of data in the form,

```
yy+dd:hh:mm:ss.sss [data stream from instrument]
```

where

yy       = two-digit year  
ddd      = day of year  
hh       = 2 digit hour of the day  
mm       = 2 digit minute  
ss.sss   = seconds

All times are reported in UTC.

The delimiters that separate fields in the raw data files are often spaces and commas but can be other characters such as : = @. Occasionally no delimiter is present. Care should be taken when reprocessing the data that the field's separations are clearly understood.

In the sections below a sample data string is shown, followed by a table that lists the data contained in the string.

## Underway Data

Each section below describes a type of data file (file name extension in parentheses) followed by a typical line of data in the file. In the table(s) for each section is a description of the fields within each line of data. Note: most data files listed below will be included with each cruise's data distribution; however some types of files may be omitted if the instrument was not operating during the cruise. The available data files can be found in the /rvdas/uw directory on the distribution disc.

### Sound Velocity Probe (svp1)

08+330:00:00:49.011 1519.35

| Field | Data                              | Units |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS Time tag                    |       |
| 2     | Sound velocity in ADCP sonar well | m/s   |

### Meteorology (mw1)

There are 3 different data strings in the mw1 data file:

MET

08+330:23:59:57.725 MET,12.1,-54,6.64,88.7,111.3374,0.02414567,-  
0.4827508,282.9581,281.8823,1003.119

PUS

08+330:23:59:58.546 PUS,A,020,008.53,M,+337.12,+009.00,00,0F

SUS

08+330:23:59:58.779 SUS,A,017,008.76,M,+335.53,+006.35,00,02

### MET string

| Field | Data  | Units   |
|-------|---|---------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag                                |         |
| 2     | MET (string flag)                             |         |
| 3     | Power Supply Voltage                          | V       |
| 4     | Enclosure Relative Humidity                   | %       |
| 5     | Air temperature                               | °C      |
| 6     | Air Relative Humidity                         | %       |
| 7     | PAR (photosynthetically available radiation)* | mV      |
| 8     | PSP (short wave radiation)*                   | mV      |
| 9     | PIR Thermopile (long wave radiation)*         | mV      |
| 10    | PIR Case Temperature                          | °Kelvin |
| 11    | PIR Dome Temperature                          | °Kelvin |
| 12    | Barometer                                     | mBar    |

\*See page 21 for calculations.

**PUS string**

| Field | Data   | Units |
|-------|--|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag   |       |
| 2     | PUS (string flag)  |       |
| 3     | A (unit identification)  |       |
| 4     | Port Wind direction relative                                     | deg   |
| 5     | Port Wind speed relative   | m/s   |
| 6     | Units  |       |
| 7     | Sound Speed  | m/s   |
| 8     | Sonic Temperature  | °C    |
| 9     | Unit Status (00 or 60 are good, any other value indicates fault) |       |
| 10    | Check Sum  |       |

**SUS string**

| Field | Data   | Units |
|-------|--|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag   |       |
| 2     | SUS (string flag)  |       |
| 3     | A (unit identification)  |       |
| 4     | Starboard Wind direction relative                                | deg   |
| 5     | Starboard Wind speed relative                                    | m/s   |
| 6     | Units  |       |
| 7     | Sound Speed  | m/s   |
| 8     | Sonic Temperature  | °C    |
| 9     | Unit Status (00 or 60 are good, any other value indicates fault) |       |
| 10    | Check Sum  |       |

**Knudsen (knud)**

99+099:00:18:19.775 HF,305.2,LF,304.3

| Field | Data                              | Units  |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag                    |        |
| 2     | HF = High frequency flag (12 kHz) |        |
| 3     | High frequency depth              | meters |
| 4     | LF = Low frequency flag (3.5 kHz) |        |
| 5     | Low frequency depth               | meters |

**Fluorometer (flr1)**

This Fluorometer is not in use. Current Fluorometer goes to the hdas string.

00+019:23:59:58.061 0 0818 :: 1/19/00 17:23:17 = 0.983 (RAW) 1.2 (C)

| Field | Data   | Units    |
|-------|--|----------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag   |          |
| 2     | Marker 0 to 8  |          |
| 3     | 4-digit index  |          |
| 4     | Date   | mm/dd/yy |
| 5     | Time   | hh:mm:ss |
| 6     | Signal   |          |
| 7     | Signal units of measurement  |          |
| 8     | Cell temperature (if temperature compensation package is installed)  |          |
| 9     | Temperature units (if temperature compensation package is installed) |          |

**pCO<sub>2</sub> (pco2)**

00+021:23:59:43.190 2000021.99920 2382.4 984.2 30.73 50.8 345.9 334.1 -1.70  
 -68.046 -144.446 Equil

| Field | Data  | Units         |
|-------|---|---------------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag  |               |
| 2     | pCO <sub>2</sub> time tag (decimal is fractional time of day) | yyyyddd.ttt   |
| 3     | Raw voltage (IR)  | mV            |
| 4     | Cell temperature  | °C            |
| 5     | Barometer   | MBar          |
| 6     | Concentration   | ppm           |
| 7     | Equilibrated temperature                                      | °C            |
| 8     | pCO <sub>2</sub> pressure                                     | microAtm      |
| 9     | Flow rate   | ml / min      |
| 10    | Source ID #   | 1 or 2 digits |
| 11    | Valve position  | 1 or 2 digits |
| 12    | Flow source (Equil = pCO <sub>2</sub> measurement)            | text          |

**Simrad EM120 (mbdp)**

09+282:10:53:38.318 \$KGDPT,3945.60,7.29,1;12000.0\*7c

| Field | Data                | Units  |
|-------|---------------------|--------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag      |        |
| 2     | EM120 (string flag) |        |
| 3     | Depth below keel    | Meters |
| 4     | Keel depth          | Meters |
| 5     |                     |        |

**Micro-TSG (mtsg)**

08+330:23:59:40.894 5.9322, 3.34685, 34.0550, 1473.281

| Field | Data                 | Units |
|-------|----------------------|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag       |       |
| 2     | Internal Temperature | °C    |
| 3     | Conductivity         | s/m   |
| 4     | Salinity             | PSU   |
| 5     | Sound velocity       | m/s   |



## Gravimeter (grv1)

There are now two sets of fields output by the gravity meter. The data record is output once per second, and identified by "\$DAT" in the id field. A summary of sensor environmental data is output every ten seconds, identified by "%ENV" in the id field.

### Data record (\$DAT):

05+194:00:00:27.995 \$DAT,2005/ 7/13, 0: 7: 7.36,194, 9050.37, 9050.06, 5410.86, -0.00, -0.01, -0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.70, 0.19, -0.12, -0.25, 0.00, -69.45711315, -54.32181487, 0.000, 285.200,

| Field | Data                   | Conversion                     | Units   |
|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag         |                                |         |
| 2     | Text string (id field) | \$DAT for data record          |         |
| 3     | Date                   | YYYY/MM/DD                     |         |
| 4     | Time                   | HH:MM:SS.SS                    |         |
| 5     | Day of Year            | DDD                            |         |
| 6     | Gravity count          | mgal = count x 1.0046 + offset | count   |
| 7     | Spring Tension         |                                | CU      |
| 8     | Beam Position          | Volts x 750,000                |         |
| 9     | VCC                    |                                |         |
| 10    | AL                     |                                |         |
| 11    | AX                     |                                |         |
| 12    | VE                     |                                |         |
| 13    | AX2                    |                                |         |
| 14    | XACC2                  |                                |         |
| 15    | LACC2                  |                                |         |
| 16    | CROSS ACCEL            |                                | GAL     |
| 17    | LONG ACCEL             |                                | GAL     |
| 18    | EOTVOS CORR            |                                | MGAL    |
| 19    | LONGITUDE              |                                | Degrees |
| 20    | LATITUDE               |                                | Degrees |
| 21    | HEADING                |                                | Degrees |
| 22    | VELOCITY               |                                | Knots   |

**Environmental record (\$ENV)**

05+183:19:13:10.945 %ENV,2005/ 7/ 2,19:19:52.16,183,S-036/V1.5, 3.34,  
 47.19, 20.34,1.111840E-1,-0.57700,-0.10591, 0.40180, 2.55260, 0.43000, 1,  
 300

| Field | Data                   | Conversion                     | Units   |
|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag         |                                |         |
| 2     | Text string (id field) | \$ENV for environmental record |         |
| 3     | Date                   | YYYY/MM/DD                     |         |
| 4     | Time                   | HH:MM:SS.SS                    |         |
| 5     | Day of Year            | DDD                            |         |
| 6     | Meter ID               |                                |         |
| 7     | Meter Pressure         |                                | inch-Hg |
| 8     | Meter temp             |                                | °C      |
| 9     | Ambient temp           |                                | °C      |
| 10    | K-Factor               |                                |         |
| 11    | VCC Coeff              |                                |         |
| 12    | AL Coeff               |                                |         |
| 13    | AX Coeff               |                                |         |
| 14    | VE Coeff               |                                |         |
| 15    | AX2 Coeff              |                                |         |
| 16    | Serial Filter Length   |                                | Seconds |
| 17    | QC Filter Length       |                                | Seconds |

**Engineering (eng1)**

08+330:23:59:50.899 12.25684 23.89813 0.4029922 0.2541656 233.4218 -  
 751.9 -8145.28 -1.386184 23.37653 23.37653 NAN

| Field | Data  | Units     |
|-------|---|-----------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag  |           |
| 2     | Power Supply Voltage  | V         |
| 3     | Internal Case Temperature   | °C        |
| 4     | Pump #1 flow rate   | L/min     |
| 5     | Pump #2 flow rate   | L/min     |
| 6     | Pump #3 flow rate   | L/min     |
| 7     | Seismic air pressure  | Lbs/sq-in |
| 8     | PIR case resistance (not currently hooked up, data is irrelevant)         | Kohm      |
| 9     | PIR case ratiometric output (not currently hooked up, data is irrelevant) | mV        |
| 10    | Freezer #1 temperature  | °C        |
| 11    | Freezer #2 temperature  | °C        |
| 12    | Freezer #3 temperature  | °C        |

\*See page 25 for PIR calculations.

**Hydro-DAS (hdas)**

08+330:23:59:41.877 12.15836 14.22853 368.9655 4060.69 -1 65.5 65.5 80  
57

| Field | Data   | Units |
|-------|--|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag   |       |
| 2     | Supply voltage   | V     |
| 3     | Panel temperature  | °C    |
| 4     | Fluorometer  | mV    |
| 5     | Transmissometer  | mV    |
| 6     | Sea Water Valve (-1 = stern thruster valve, 0 = moon pool valve) |       |
| 7     | Flow meter 1 frequency   | Hz    |
| 8     | Flow meter 2 frequency   | Hz    |
| 9     | Flow meter 3 frequency   | Hz    |
| 10    | Flow meter 4 frequency   | Hz    |

**GUV Data (pguv)**

08+330:23:59:40.328 112508 235940 .000197 1.856E-1 1.116E0 4.987E-2 -  
1.959E-4 1.637E0 4.153E-3 1.76E0 42.296 17.844

| Field | Data           | Units                   |
|-------|----------------|-------------------------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag |                         |
| 2     | Date           | mmddyy                  |
| 3     | Time (UTC)     | hhmmss                  |
| 4     | Ed0Gnd         | V                       |
| 5     | Ed0320         | uW (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 6     | Ed0340         | uW (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 7     | Ed0313         | uW (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 8     | Ed0305         | uW (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 9     | Ed0380         | uW (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 10    | Ed0PAR         | uE (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 11    | Ed0395         | uW (cm <sup>2</sup> nm) |
| 12    | Ed0Temp        | °C                      |
| 13    | Ed0Vin         | V                       |

**Remote Temperature (rtmp)**

07+272:00:00:15.960 -1.7870

| Field | Data                           | Units |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag                 |       |
| 2     | Temperature at seawater intake | °C    |

## **Navigational Data**

### **Seapath GPS (seap)**

The Seapath GPS outputs the following data strings, four in NMEA format and two in proprietary PSXN format:

- GPZDA
- GPGGA
- GPVTG
- GPHDT
- PSXN, 20
- PSXN, 22
- PSXN, 23

#### **GPZDA**

02+253:00:00:00.772 \$GPZDA,235947.70,09,09,2002,,\*7F

| Field | Data           | Units     |
|-------|----------------|-----------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag |           |
| 2     | \$GPZDA        |           |
| 3     | time           | hhmmss.ss |
| 4     | Day            | dd        |
| 5     | Month          | mm        |
| 6     | Year           | yyyy      |
| 7     | (empty field)  |           |
| 8     | Checksum       |           |

#### **GPGGA**

02+253:00:00:00.938

GPGGA,235947.70,6629.239059,S,06827.668899,W,1,07,1.0,11.81,M,,M,,\*6F

| Field | Data   | Units       |
|-------|--|-------------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag   |             |
| 2     | \$GPGGA  |             |
| 3     | time   | hhmmss.ss   |
| 4     | Latitude   | ddmm.mmmmmm |
| 5     | N or S for north or south latitude   |             |
| 6     | Longitude  | ddmm.mmmmmm |
| 7     | E or W for east or west longitude  |             |
| 8     | GPS quality indicator, 0=invalid, 1=GPS SPS, 2=DGPS, 3=PPS, 4=RTK, 5=float RTK, 6=dead reckoning |             |
| 9     | number of satellites in use (00-99)  |             |
| 10    | HDOP   | x.x         |
| 9     | height above ellipsoid in meters   | m.mm        |
| 11    | M  |             |
| 12    | (empty field)  |             |
| 13    | M  |             |
| 14    | age of DGPS corrections in seconds   | s.s         |
| 15    | DGPS reference station ID (0000-1023)  |             |
| 16    | Checksum   |             |



## GPVTG

02+253:00:00:00.940 \$INVTG,19.96,T,,M,4.9,N,,K,A\*39

| Field | Data                             | Units |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag                   |       |
| 2     | \$GPVTG                          |       |
| 3     | course over ground, degrees true | d.dd  |
| 4     | T                                |       |
| 5     | ,                                |       |
| 6     | M                                |       |
| 7     | speed over ground in knots       | k.k   |
| 8     | N                                |       |
| 9     | ,                                |       |
| 10    | K                                |       |
| 11    | Mode                             |       |
| 12    | Checksum                         |       |

## GPHDT

02+253:00:00:00.941 \$GPHDT,20.62,T\*23

| Field | Data                  | Units |
|-------|-----------------------|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag        |       |
| 2     | \$GPHDT               |       |
| 3     | Heading, degrees true | d.dd  |
| 4     | T                     |       |
| 5     | Checksum              |       |

## PSXN,20

02+253:00:00:00.942 \$PSXN,20,0.43,0.43\*39

| Field | Data  | Units |
|-------|---|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag  |       |
| 2     | \$PSXN  |       |
| 3     | 20  |       |
| 4     | Horizontal position & velocity quality: 0=normal, 1=reduced performance, 2=invalid data |       |
| 5     | Height & vertical velocity quality: 0=normal, 1=reduced performance, 2=invalid data     |       |
| 6     | Heading quality: 0=normal, 1=reduced performance, 2=invalid data                        |       |
| 7     | Roll & pitch quality: 0=normal, 1=reduced performance, 2=invalid data                   |       |
| 8     | Checksum  |       |

## PSXN,22

02+253:00:00:00.942 \$PSXN,22,0.43,0.43\*39

| Field | Data  | Units |
|-------|---|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag  |       |
| 2     | \$PSXN  |       |
| 3     | 22  |       |
| 4     | gyro calibration value since system start-up in degrees | d.dd  |
| 5     | short term gyro offset in degrees                       | d.dd  |
| 6     | Checksum  |       |



**PSXN,23**

02+253:00:00:02.933 \$PSXN,23,0.47,0.57,20.62,0.03\*0C

| Field | Data  | Units |
|-------|---|-------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag                              |       |
| 2     | \$PSXN                                      |       |
| 3     | 23  |       |
| 4     | roll in degrees, positive with port side up | d.dd  |
| 5     | pitch in degrees, positive with bow up      | d.dd  |
| 6     | Heading, degrees true                       | d.dd  |
| 7     | heave in meters, positive down              | m.mm  |
| 8     | Checksum                                    |       |

**Trimble (P-Code) GPS (PCOD)**

The Trimble GPS, which formerly output Precise Position (*P-Code*) strings, but now only outputs Standard Position (*Civilian*) strings, outputs three NMEA standard data strings:

- Position fix (GGA)
- Latitude / longitude (GLL),
- Track and ground speed (VTG)

**GGA: GPS Position Fix – Geoid/Ellipsoid**

01+319:00:04:11.193 \$GPGGA,000410.312,6227.8068,S,06043.6738,W,1,06,1.0,031.9,M,-017.4,M,,\*49

| Field | Data   | Units      |
|-------|--|------------|
| 1     | RVDAS Time tag   |            |
| 2     | \$GPGGA  |            |
| 3     | UTC time at position   | hhmmss.sss |
| 4     | Latitude   | ddmm.mmm   |
| 5     | North (N) or South (S)   |            |
| 6     | Longitude  | ddmm.mmm   |
| 7     | East (E) or West (W)   |            |
| 8     | GPS quality:<br>0 = Fix not available or invalid<br>1 = GPS, SPS mode, fix valid<br>2 = DGPS (differential GPS), SPS mode, fix valid<br>3 = P-CODE PPS mode, fix valid |            |
| 9     | Number of GPS satellites used  |            |
| 10    | HDOP (horizontal dilution of precision)  |            |
| 11    | Antenna height   | meters     |
| 12    | M for meters   |            |
| 13    | Geoidal height   | meters     |
| 14    | M for meters   |            |
| 15    | Age of differential GPS data (no data in the sample string)  |            |
| 16    | Differential reference station ID (no data in the sample string)   |            |
| 17    | Checksum (no delimiter before this field)  |            |





**GLL: GPS Latitude/Longitude**

01+319:00:04:11.272 \$GPGLL,6227.8068,S,06043.6738,W,000410.312,A\*32

| Field | Data                       | Units      |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|
| 1     | RVDAS Time tag             |            |
| 2     | \$GPGLL                    |            |
| 3     | Latitude                   | degrees    |
| 4     | North or South             |            |
| 5     | Longitude                  | degrees    |
| 6     | East or West               |            |
| 7     | UTC of position            | hhmmss.sss |
| 8     | Status of data (A = valid) |            |
| 9     | Checksum                   |            |

**VTG: GPS Track and Ground Speed**

01+319:00:04:11.273 \$GPVTG,138.8,T,126.0,M,000.0,N,000.0,K\*49

| Field | Data                 | Units   |
|-------|----------------------|---------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag       |         |
| 2     | \$GPVTG              |         |
| 3     | Heading              | degrees |
| 4     | Degrees true (T)     |         |
| 5     | Heading              | degrees |
| 6     | Degrees magnetic (M) |         |
| 7     | Ship speed           | knots   |
| 8     | N = knots            |         |
| 9     | Speed                | km/hr   |
| 10    | K = km per hour      |         |
| 11    | Checksum             |         |

**Gyro Compass (gyr1)**

00+019:23:59:59.952 \$HEHDT 25034,-020\*73

| Field | Data                  | Units   |
|-------|-----------------------|---------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag        |         |
| 2     | \$HEHDT               |         |
| 3     | Heading, Degrees True | degrees |
| 5     | Checksum              |         |

**ADCP Course (adcp)**

00+019:23:59:59.099 \$PUHAW,UVH,-1.48,-0.51,250.6

| Field | Data   | Units   |
|-------|--|---------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag                                       |         |
| 2     | \$PUHAW  |         |
| 3     | UVH (E-W, N-S, Heading)                              |         |
| 4     | Ship Speed relative to reference layer, east vector  | knots   |
| 5     | Ship Speed relative to reference layer, north vector | knots   |
| 6     | Ship heading   | degrees |

## Processed Data

The processed data sets can be found in the /process directory and subdirectories. Note: many of the subdirectories contain intermediate datasets to facilitate further processing and are not intended to be end-products. Only the final product files and datasets are described below.

### pCO<sub>2</sub>-merged

00+346:23:58:20.672 2000346.9991 2398.4 1008.4 0.01 45.4 350.3 342.6 15.77

Equil -43.6826 173.1997 15.51 33.90 0.33 5.28 9.05 1007.57 40.0 14.87 182.44 -1

| Field | Data  | Units                              |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|
| 1     | RVDAS time tag  |                                    |
| 2     | pCO <sub>2</sub> time tag (decimal is fractional time of day) | yyyyddd.ttt                        |
| 3     | Raw voltage (IR)  | mV                                 |
| 4     | Cell temperature  | °C                                 |
| 5     | Barometer   | MBar                               |
| 6     | Concentration   | ppm                                |
| 7     | Equilibrated temperature                                      | °C                                 |
| 8     | pCO <sub>2</sub> pressure                                     | microAtm                           |
| 9     | Flow rate   | ml / min                           |
| 10    | Source ID #   | 1 or 2 digits                      |
| 11    | Valve position  | 1 or 2 digits                      |
| 12    | Flow source (Equil = pCO <sub>2</sub> measurement)            | text                               |
| 13    | RVDAS latitude  | degrees                            |
| 14    | RVDAS longitude   | degrees                            |
| 15    | TSG external temperature                                      | °C                                 |
| 16    | TSG salinity  | PSU                                |
| 17    | TSG fluorometry   | V                                  |
| 18    | RVDAS true wind speed   | m/s                                |
| 19    | RVDAS true wind direction                                     | degrees                            |
| 20    | Barometric Pressure   | mBars                              |
| 21    | Uncontaminated seawater pump flow rate                        | l/min                              |
| 22    | Speed over ground   | knots                              |
| 23    | Course made good  | degrees                            |
| 24    | Input Source  | -1 stem<br>Thurston;<br>0 moonpool |

## Calculations

The file `instrument.coeff` located in the `/` directory contains the calibration factors for shipboard instruments. This was the file used by the RVDAS processing software.

### PAR

Coefficients `parc1` and `parcv` for this cruise can be found in the `instrument.coeff` file as the variable labeled PAR, respectively. Variable `par` is the raw data in mV, as described in the “mw1” file description. The calibration scale and probe offset dark are values taken from the PAR Cal Sheet.

```
par = raw data mV
calibration scale = 5.8644 V/(μEinstiens/cm2sec)
parc1 = 1 / scale = .17
probe offset dark = -.1 mV
parcv = dark x 1000 mV/V = -0.0001 V
((par / 1000 mV/V) - parcv) x parc1 x 10000 cm2/m2 = μEinstiens/m2sec
```

Calculations (extracted from the C code):

```
/* Convert from mV to V */
par /= 1000;
/* (par V - vdark V) / Calibration Scale Factor V/uE/cm2sec */
parCalc = (par - parcv) * parc1 * 10000;
```

### PSP

Coefficient `pspCoeff` for this cruise can be found in the `instrument.coeff` file as the variable labeled PSP1. Variable `psp` is the raw data in mV, as described in the “mw1” file description.

```
psp = raw data mV
calibration scale = pspCoeff x 10^-6 V/(W/m2)
psp / (scale x 1000 mV/V) = W/m2
```

Calculations (extracted from the C code):

```
/* Convert from mV to W/m^2 */
pspCalc = (psp * 1000 / pspCoeff);
```

## PIR

Coefficient `pirCoeff` for this cruise can be found in the `instrument.coeff` file as the variable labeled `PIR1`. Variable `pir_thermo` is the raw data in mV, `pir_case` is the PIR case temperature in Kelvins and `pir_dome` is the PIR dome temperature in Kelvins, as described in the “`mw1`” file description. Hard-coded “C” coefficients are shown below:

```
Dome constant = 3.5
```

```
Sigma = 5.6704e-8
```

```
pir_thermo = raw data mV
```

```
calibration scale = pirCoeff x 10-6 V/(W/m2)
```

```
pir_thermo / (scale x 1000 mV/V) = W/m2
```

Calculations (extracted from the C code):

```
/* convert mV to W/m^2 */
pirCalc = (pir_thermo * 1000 / pirCoeff)
/* correct for case temperature */
pirCalc += sigma * pow(pir_case, 4)
/* correct for dome temperature */
pirCalc -= 3.5 * sigma * (pow(pir_dome, 4) - pow(pir_case, 4))
```

## Acquisition Problems and Events

This section lists problems with acquisition noted during this cruise including instrument failures, data acquisition system failures and any other factor affecting this data set. The format is ddd:hh:mm (ddd is year-day, hh is hour, and mm is minute). Times are reported in GMT.

| Start     | End | Description                |
|-----------|-----|----------------------------|
| 324:06:51 |     | 68° West – started loggers |
| 332:05:09 |     | Left Argentinean EEZ       |
| 343:03:03 |     | Entered Argentinean EEZ    |
| 352:14:56 |     | 68° West – stopped loggers |

## Appendix: Sensors and Calibrations

### *NBP0908 Shipboard Sensors*

| Sensor                               | Serial Number | Last Calibration Date | Comments             |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Meteorology &amp; Radiometers</b> |               |                       |                      |
| Port Anemometer<br>(Gill Ultrasonic) | 836076        | 5/15/2007             | Installed 12/13/2008 |
| Stbd Anemometer<br>(Gill Ultrasonic) | 836077        | 5/15/2007             | Installed 11/17/2008 |
| Bridge Anemometer                    | WM 45835      | 2/28/2007             | Bridge (center)      |
| Barometer                            | 00872         | 9/26/2007             | Installed 12/13/08   |
| Humidity/Wet Temp                    | 6135          | 7/30/2008             | Installed 10/7/2009  |
| PIR                                  | 32845F3       | 10/14/2008            | Installed 10/15/2009 |
| PSP                                  | 32850F3       | 10/14/2008            | Installed 10/15/2009 |
| Mast PAR                             | 6357          | 2/7/2008              | Installed 10/15/09   |
| GUV (Mast)                           | 25110203114   | 7/16/08               | Installed 2/28/09    |
| <b>Underway</b>                      |               |                       |                      |
| Micro TSG                            | 4550449-0242  | 3/31/2008             | Installed 4/1/2009   |
| Remote Temp (primary)                | 3846730-0323  | 2/06/2008             | Installed 10/07/2009 |
| Remote Temp (secondary)              | 031267        | 4/12/2006             | Installed 1/29/2007  |
| Fluorometer                          | AFLD-011      | 10/29/2008            | Installed 1/01/2009  |
| Transmissometer                      | CST-831       | 4/9/2008              | Installed 11/18/09   |

**NBP0908 CTD Sensors**

| Sensor                   | Serial Number | Last Calibration Date | Comments |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------|
| CTD Fish                 | 094857-0232   | 10/07/08              |          |
| CTD Fish Pressure        | 43528         | 10/07/08              |          |
| CTD Deck Unit            | 11P19858-0768 | N/A                   |          |
| Slip-Ring Assembly       | 1.406         | N/A                   |          |
| Carousel Water Sampler   | 3211265-0066  | N/A                   |          |
| Pump                     | 051626        | 4/17/08               |          |
| Pump (secondary)         | 051627        | 4/17/08               |          |
| Conductivity (primary)   | 040926        | 04/24/09              |          |
| Conductivity (secondary) | 041799        | 04/24/09              |          |
| Temperature (primary)    | 03P2308       | 09/16/08              |          |
| Temperature (secondary)  | 03P2438       | 09/23/08              |          |
| Altimeter                | 47042         | N/A                   |          |
| Bottom Contact Switch    | 2             | N/A                   |          |

**Calibrations**

The following pages are replicas of current calibration sheets for the sensors used during this cruise.



## Gravity Tie Start (Punta Arenas)

### Gravity Tie Spreadsheet

The fields outlined in **BOLD MUST BE FILLED IN** for this spreadsheet to operate properly. The automatically calculated values show up in the shaded fields.

Date: 11/18/2009  
 Location: Punta Arenas, Chile  
 Station: Harbour Admin. Bldg.  
 Latitude: 53 09 S  
 Longitude: 070 55 W  
 Elevation:  
 Gravity: 981320.82

Reference Code Numbers:

Station no. 9337-50

ISGN no. 51230N

|  | Value  | Time (GMT) |
|--|--------|------------|
| Ship's meter before gravity tie ( Gravity (cu) ) | 8979.3 | 12:08      |
| Ship's meter after gravity tie ( Gravity (cu) )  | 8979.2 | 13:15      |
| Average  | 8979.3 |            |
| Ship Gravimeter's Calibration Constant           | 1.0046 |            |
| Corrected ship's meter ( QC Grav (mgal) )        | 9020.6 |            |

|   | Value  | Time (GMT) |
|---|--------|------------|
| Ship's meter before gravity tie (serial, RVDAS) | 8979.2 | 12:09      |
| Ship's meter after gravity tie (serial, RVDAS)  | 8979.3 | 13:15      |
| Average (for comparison check only)             | 8979.3 |            |

Portable Gravimeter Interval Factor 1.01007 From Table 1 of Model G #807 Meter

| Station               | Value   | Time (GMT) | Temp | Date              | OBS mgal, averaged |
|-----------------------|---------|------------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Pier measurement 1    | 4914.40 | 12:32      | 54   | November 18, 2009 |                    |
| Pier measurement 2    | 4914.47 | 12:34      | 54   | November 18, 2009 | 4963.94            |
| Pier measurement 3    | 4914.47 | 12:35      | 54   | November 18, 2009 |                    |
| Average               | 4914.45 |            |      |                   |                    |
| Station measurement 1 | 4915.19 | 12:45      | 54   | November 18, 2009 | OBS mgal, averaged |
| Station measurement 2 | 4915.08 | 12:47      | 54   | November 18, 2009 | 4964.64            |
| Station measurement 3 | 4915.17 | 12:52      | 54   | November 18, 2009 |                    |
| Average               | 4915.15 |            |      |                   |                    |
| Pier measurement 4    | 4914.42 | 13:02      | 54   | November 18, 2009 | OBS mgal, averaged |
| Pier measurement 5    | 4914.43 | 13:04      | 54   | November 18, 2009 | 4963.91            |
| Pier measurement 6    | 4914.43 | 13:08      | 54   | November 18, 2009 |                    |
| Average               | 4914.43 |            |      |                   |                    |

Gravity offset from last tie 972302.53  
 Drift since last tie -2.68

| OBS Differences                            | Comments |
|--|----------|
| Station to Pier (1, 2, & 3 averaged)       |          |
| Station to Pier (4, 5, & 6 averaged)       |          |
| Averaged Differences                       |          |
| Gravity at pier                            |          |
| Elevation of pier above gravimeter, meters |          |
| Earth differential gravity, mgal/meter     |          |
| Gravity at ship's gravimeter               |          |
| Gravity Offset (for RVDAS)                 |          |

Note about Elevation of Pier: If pier is below the ship's gravimeter, this value is negative. If above, positive.

**Anemometer (Bridge)****RM Young Anemometer Calibration, Model 05106**

S/N: 45835

Date: 28-Feb-07

Cal'd By: George Aukon

| Clockwise<br>Cal Motor<br>RPM | Calculated<br>Windspeed<br>m/s | Measured<br>Windspeed<br>m/s | Delta m/s | Knots |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-------|
| 0                             | 0.00                           | 0.00                         | 0.00      | 0.0   |
| 200                           | 0.98                           | 0.90                         | 0.08      | 1.9   |
| 500                           | 2.45                           | 2.40                         | 0.05      | 4.8   |
| 1000                          | 4.90                           | 4.80                         | 0.10      | 9.5   |
| 1500                          | 7.35                           | 7.30                         | 0.05      | 14.3  |
| 2000                          | 9.80                           | 9.80                         | 0.00      | 19.0  |
| 3000                          | 14.70                          | 14.60                        | 0.10      | 28.6  |
| 4000                          | 19.60                          | 19.50                        | 0.10      | 38.1  |
| 5000                          | 24.50                          | 24.30                        | 0.20      | 47.6  |
| 6000                          | 29.40                          | 29.20                        | 0.20      | 57.1  |
| 7000                          | 34.30                          | 34.10                        | 0.20      | 66.6  |
| 8000                          | 39.20                          | 39.00                        | 0.20      | 76.2  |
| 9000                          | 44.10                          | 43.90                        | 0.20      | 85.7  |
| 10000                         | 49.00                          | 48.80                        | 0.20      | 95.2  |
| 12000                         | 58.80                          | 58.60                        | 0.20      | 114.2 |

| Direction | Measured<br>Direction | Delta<br>Direction |
|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 0         | 359                   | 0                  |
| 30        | 29                    | 1                  |
| 60        | 59                    | 1                  |
| 90        | 89                    | 1                  |
| 120       | 119                   | 1                  |
| 150       | 148                   | 2                  |
| 180       | 179                   | 1                  |
| 210       | 210                   | 0                  |
| 240       | 240                   | 0                  |
| 270       | 270                   | 0                  |
| 300       | 301                   | -1                 |
| 330       | 331                   | -1                 |
| 0         | 1                     | -1                 |

Note: Delta direction should not  
exceed + or - 3 degrees.

| Counter<br>Clockwise<br>Cal Motor<br>RPM | Calculated<br>Windspeed<br>m/s | Measured<br>Windspeed<br>m/s | Delta m/s |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| 0  | 0.00                           | 0.00                         | 0.00      |
| 200                                      | 0.98                           | 1.00                         | -0.02     |
| 500                                      | 2.45                           | 2.50                         | -0.05     |
| 1000                                     | 4.90                           | 4.90                         | 0.00      |
| 1500                                     | 7.35                           | 7.40                         | -0.05     |
| 2000                                     | 9.80                           | 9.80                         | 0.00      |
| 3000                                     | 14.70                          | 14.80                        | -0.10     |
| 4000                                     | 19.60                          | 19.80                        | -0.20     |
| 5000                                     | 24.50                          | 24.60                        | -0.10     |
| 6000                                     | 29.40                          | 29.50                        | -0.10     |
| 7000                                     | 34.30                          | 34.50                        | -0.20     |
| 8000                                     | 39.20                          | 39.40                        | -0.20     |
| 9000                                     | 44.10                          | 44.40                        | -0.30     |
| 10000                                    | 49.00                          | 49.30                        | -0.30     |
| 12000                                    | 58.80                          | 59.60                        | -0.80     |

Caution: Do Not exceed 12000 rpm during Wind  
Speed test.

Wind Speed Threshold < 2.9 gm? ☒ yes  
Wind Direction Threshold < 30 gm? ☒ yes

**Additional Comments**

Potentiometer and potentiometer coupling  
were replaced, vertical shaft bearings were  
cleaned and lubricated.

Note: Delta Windspeed should not exceed  
+ or - 0.3 m/s for 0 - 5000 rpm

**Barometer**

**R.M. Young Company**  
2801 Aero Park Drive  
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

**CALIBRATION REPORT****Barometric Pressure Sensor**

Customer: *Raytheon Technical Services Co LLC*

Test Number: 79261

Customer PO: RM35605-50

Test Date: 26 September 2007

Sales Order: 9248

**Test Sensor:**

Model: 612C1

Serial Number: BP00872

Description: Barometric Pressure Sensor

Report of calibration comparison of test barometric pressure sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard pressure calibrator at five pressures in the R.M. Young Company controlled pressure facility. Calibration accuracy = 1.0 hPa.

| Reference<br>Pressure<br>(hPa) | Voltage<br>Output<br>(millivolts) | Indicated (1)<br>Pressure<br>(hPa) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 800.0                          | 0                                 | 800.0                              |
| 875.0                          | 1251                              | 875.1                              |
| 950.0                          | 2501                              | 950.1                              |
| 1025.0                         | 3750                              | 1025.0                             |
| 1100.0                         | 4997                              | 1099.8                             |

(1) Calculated from voltage output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology

**Reference Instrument**

Druck Pressure Controller Model DPI515  
Fluke Multimeter Model 8060A

**Serial # NIST Test Reference**

51500497 UKAS Lab 0221  
4865407 234027

Tested By:

*E. Channing*

METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS

Tel: 231-946-3980 Fax: 231-946-4772 Email: met.sales@youngusa.com Website: www.youngusa.com

**Humidity Sensor**

**R.M. Young Company**  
2801 Aero Park Drive  
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

### CALIBRATION REPORT Relative Humidity Sensor

Customer: *Raytheon Technical Services Co LLC*

Test Number: 87910R  
Test Date: 31 July 2008

Customer PO: RR41221-01  
Sales Order: 9867

Test Sensor:

Model: 41372LC      Serial Number: 6135  
Description: Temperature/Relative Humidity Sensor

Report of calibration comparison of test relative humidity sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard relative humidity sensor at five humidity levels in the R.M. Young Company controlled humidity chamber facility. Calibration accuracy  $\pm 2.0$  %.

| Reference Humidity (%) | Current Output (milliamps) | Indicated (1) Humidity (%) |
|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 10.0                   | 5.9                        | 11.6                       |
| 30.0                   | 8.8                        | 30.0                       |
| 50.0                   | 12.1                       | 50.7                       |
| 70                     | 15.1                       | 69.6                       |
| 90                     | 18.0                       | 87.2                       |

(1) Calculated from voltage output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Reference Instrument

Vaisala Humidity Sensor Model 35A0  
Fluke Multimeter Model 8060A

Serial # NIST Test Reference

N475040      TN 266152  
4865407      234027

Tested By:

*E. Chennery*

METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS

Tel: 231-946-3930 Fax: 231-946-4772 Email: met.sales@youngusa.com Website: www.youngusa.com

**Temperature Sensor**

**R.M. Young Company**  
2801 Aero Park Drive  
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

### **CALIBRATION REPORT** **Temperature Sensor**

Customer: *Raytheon Technical Services Co LLC*

Test Number: 87910

Test Date: 30 July 2008

Customer PO: RR41221-01

Sales Order: 9867

**Test Sensor:**

Model: 41372LC

Serial Number: 6135

Description: Temperature/Relative Humidity Sensor

Report of calibration comparison of test temperature sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard thermometers at three temperatures in the R.M. Young Company controlled temperature calibration bath facilities. Calibration accuracy  $\pm 0.1^\circ$  Celsius.

| Bath Temperature<br>(degrees C) | Current Output<br>(milliamps) | Indicated (1)<br>Temperature<br>(degrees C) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| -49.93                          | 4.009                         | -49.94                                      |
| 0.03                            | 12.006                        | 0.04  |
| 49.92                           | 19.986                        | 49.91                                       |

(1) Calculated from current output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

| <u>Reference Instrument</u>            | <u>Serial #</u> | <u>NIST Test Reference</u> |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Brooklyn Thermometer Model 43-FC       | 8006-118        | 204365                     |
| Brooklyn Thermometer Model 22332-D5-FC | 25071           | 249763                     |
| Brooklyn Thermometer Model 2X400-D7-FC | 77532           | 228060                     |
| Keithley Multimeter Model 191          | 15232           | 234027                     |

Tested By: *E. Channing*

METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS

Tel: 231-946-3990 Fax: 231-946-4777 Email: met.sales@youngusa.com Website: www.youngusa.com

PIR

**THE EPPLEY LABORATORY, INC.**

12 Sheffield Ave., P.O. Box 419, Newport, RI 02840 USA

Telephone: 401-847-1020

Fax: 401-847-1031

Email: info@eppleylab.com

Internet: www.eppleylab.com



Scientific Instruments  
for Precision Measurements  
Since 1917

## STANDARDIZATION OF EPPLEY PRECISION INFRARED RADIOMETER Model PIR

Serial Number: 32845F3

Resistance: 713  $\Omega$  at 23  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature Compensation Range: -20 to +40  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

This pyrgeometer has been compared against Eppley's Blackbody Calibration System; under radiation intensities of approximately 200 watts meter<sup>-2</sup> and an average ambient temperature of 24  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  as measured by Standard Omega Temperature Probe, RTD#1.

As a result of a series of comparisons, it has been found to have a sensitivity of:

$$4 \pm 15 \times 10^{-6} \text{ volts/watts meter}^{-2}$$

The calculation of this constant is based on the fact that the relationship between radiation intensity and emf is rectilinear to intensities of 700 watts meter<sup>-2</sup>. This radiometer is linear to within  $\pm 1.0\%$  up to this intensity.

The calibration of this instrument is traceable to the International Practical Temperature Scale (IPTS) through a precision low-temperature blackbody.

Eppley recommends a minimum calibration cycle of five (5) years but encourages annual calibrations for highest measurement accuracy. Unless otherwise stated in the remarks section below or on the Sales Order, the results are "AS FOUND / AS LEFT".

Shipped to: National Science Foundation Date of Test: Sept. 30, 2008  
Port Hueneme, CA

S.O. Number: 61816

Date: October 14, 2008

In Charge of Test: *N. B. Palmer*Reviewed by: *[Signature]*

Remarks:



**PSP**

**THE EPPLEY LABORATORY, INC.**  
 12 Sheffield Ave., P.O. Box 419, Newport, RI 02840 USA  
 Telephone: 401-847-1020  
 Email: info@eppleylab.com  
 Internet: www.eppleylab.com  
 Fax: 401-847-1031

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 Scientific Instruments  
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 Since 1917

**STANDARDIZATION OF  
 EPPLEY PRECISION SPECTRAL PYRANOMETER  
 Model PSP**

Serial Number: 32850F3  
 Resistance: 706  $\Omega$  at 23 °C  
 Temperature Compensation Range: -20 to +40 °C

This radiometer has been compared with Standard Precision Spectral Pyranometer, Serial Number 21231F3 in Eppley's Integrating Hemisphere under radiation intensities of approximately 700 watts meter<sup>2</sup> (roughly one half a solar constant).  
 As a result of a series of comparisons, it has been found to have a sensitivity of:  
 $7.89 \times 10^6$  volts/watts meter<sup>2</sup>

The calculation of this constant is based on the fact that the relationship between radiation intensity and emf is rectilinear to intensities of 1400 watts meter<sup>2</sup>. This radiometer is linear to within  $\pm 0.5\%$  up to this intensity.

The calibration of this instrument is traceable to standard self-calibrating cavity pyrheliometers in terms of the Systeme Internationale des Unites (SI units), which participated in the Tenth International Pyrheliometric Comparisons (IPEC X) at Davos, Switzerland in September-October 2005.

Eppley recommends a minimum calibration cycle of five (5) years but encourages annual calibrations for highest measurement accuracy. Unless otherwise stated in the remarks section below or on the Sales Order, the results are "AS FOUND / AS LEFT".

Useful conversion facts: 1 cal cm<sup>2</sup> min<sup>-1</sup> = 697.3 watts meter<sup>-2</sup>  
 1 BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>-hr<sup>-1</sup> = 3.153 watts meter<sup>-2</sup>

Shipped to: National Science Foundation Date of Test: Sept. 24, 2008  
 Port Hueneque, CA

In Charge of Test: *R. Eggen*  
 Reviewed by: *Monica K. H.*

S.O. Number: 61817  
 Date: Oct. 14, 2008

Remarks:

**PAR****Biospherical Instruments Inc.****CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Calibration Date: 2/7/2008  
 Model Number: QSR-240  
 Serial Number: 6357  
 Operator: TPO  
 Standard Lamp: 01537(10/25/2008)  
 Probe Excitation Voltage Range: 6 to 18 VDC(+)

Output Polarity: Positive

Probe Conditions at Calibration(in air):

Calibration Voltage: 6 VDC(+)

Probe Current: 7.2 mA

Probe Output Voltage:

Probe Illuminated: 84.5 mV

Probe Dark: 2.0 mV

Probe Net Response: 82.5 mV

RG780: 4.2 mV

Corrected Lamp Output:

Output in Air (same condition as calibration):

8.83E+15 quanta/cm<sup>2</sup>sec  
0.01467  $\mu$ E/cm<sup>2</sup>sec

Calibration Scale Factor:

(To calculate irradiance, divide the net voltage reading in Volts by this value.)

Dry: 9.3380E-18 V/(quanta/cm<sup>2</sup>sec)  
5.6234E+00 V/( $\mu$ E/cm<sup>2</sup>sec)

Notes:

1. Annual calibration is recommended.
2. Calibration is performed using a Standard of Spectral Irradiance traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
3. The collector should be cleaned frequently with alcohol.
4. Calibration was performed with customer cable, when available.

QSR240R 05/24/95



GUV



Biospherical Instruments Inc.

| GUV-2511 Calibration Certificate |         |                   |  |   |  |   |                     |                      |                     |  |
|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------|--|---|--|---|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|
| System Serial Number             |         | 25110203113       |  | Date of Calibration   |  | 3/18/08   |                     |                      |                     |  |
| Calibration database             |         | 25110203113v4.mdb |  | Date of Certificate   |  | 3/18/2008   |                     |                      |                     |  |
| DASSN                            |         | 0068              |  | Standard of Spectral Irradiance                                   |  | 91537(10/25/06)   |                     |                      |                     |  |
| Microprocessor Tag Number        |         | 2                 |  | Operator  |  | TC  |                     |                      |                     |  |
| Monochromatic Channels           | Address | Wavelength [nm]   | Responsivity [Amps per $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$ ] | ScaleSmall [Volts per $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$ ] | ScaleMedium [Volts per $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$ ] | ScaleLarge [Volts per $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$ ] | OffsetSmall [volts] | OffsetMedium [volts] | OffsetLarge [volts] | Measurement Units                          |
| Ed0320                           | 2       | 320               | 2.7010E-10   | 2.7551E-05  | 8.0491E-03   | 2.8497E+00  | 6.5000E-05          | 6.4000E-05           | 2.2300E-04          | $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$  |
| Ed0340                           | 6       | 340               | 2.2027E-10   | 2.2467E-05  | 6.5640E-03   | 2.3144E+00  | 3.7400E-04          | 3.7600E-04           | 1.1590E-03          | $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$  |
| Ed0313                           | 8       | 313               | 2.4100E-10   | 2.4539E-05  | 7.1692E-03   | 2.5594E+00  | 1.0000E-04          | 1.0000E-04           | 6.9100E-04          | $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$  |
| Ed0305                           | 10      | 305               | 1.6600E-11   | 1.6943E-06  | 4.9499E-04   | 1.5313E-01  | 4.1300E-04          | 4.0500E-04           | -2.2080E-03         | $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$  |
| Ed0380                           | 12      | 380               | 7.0759E-11   | 7.2174E-06  | 2.1086E-03   | 7.0320E-01  | 1.1140E-03          | 1.1050E-03           | -1.4780E-03         | $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$  |
| Ed0395                           | 16      | 395               | 3.4926E-10   | 3.5624E-05  | 1.0408E-02   | 3.3997E+00  | 1.3100E-04          | 1.3000E-04           | 2.2300E-04          | $\mu\text{W}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{nm})$  |
| Broadband Channels               | Address | Wavelength [nm]   | Responsivity [ $\mu\text{E}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{s})$ ]          | ScaleSmall [ $\mu\text{E}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{s})$ ]           | ScaleMedium [ $\mu\text{E}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{s})$ ]           | ScaleLarge [ $\mu\text{E}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{s})$ ]           | OffsetSmall [volts] | OffsetMedium [volts] | OffsetLarge [volts] | Measurement Units                          |
| Ed0PAR                           | 13      | 400-700           | 1.9205E-05   | 1.9589E+00  | 5.7230E+02   | 2.0376E+05  | 8.8600E-04          | 8.7700E-04           | -1.3030E-03         | $\mu\text{E}/(\text{cm}^2\cdot\text{sec})$ |
| Auxiliary Channels               | Address | Wavelength        | Responsivity   | ScaleS  | ScaleM   | ScaleL  | OffsetS             | OffsetM              | OffsetL             | Measurement Units                          |
| Ed0Gnd                           | 0       | 0                 | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 0                   | 0                    | 0                   | V  |
| Ed0Temp                          | 22      | 0                 | 1  | 0.01  | 0.01   | 0.01  | 0                   | 0                    | 0                   | C  |
| Ed0Vin                           | 27      | 0                 | 1  | -0.25   | -0.25  | -0.25   | 0                   | 0                    | 0                   | V  |

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Calibration Data – Do Not Destroy

page 2 of 2

## Micro-TSG Calibration Files

### Temperature Sensor (Micro-TSG) #0242

63

#### SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0242  
 CALIBRATION DATE: 31-Mar-08

SBE 45 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA  
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

#### ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS

a0 = -3.912618e-006

a1 = 2.847375e-004

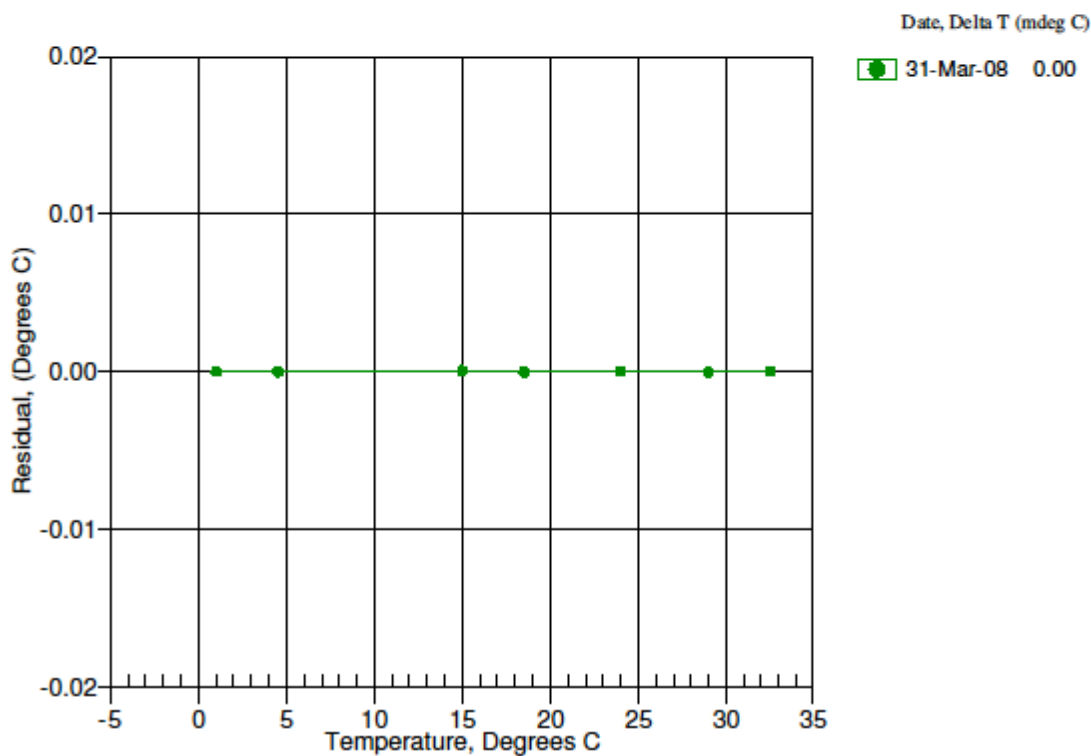
a2 = -3.193105e-006

a3 = 1.720429e-007

| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT<br>OUTPUT | INST TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | RESIDUAL<br>(ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1.0000                | 649832.1             | 1.0000                | 0.0000               |
| 4.5000                | 554895.8             | 4.5000                | -0.0000              |
| 15.0000               | 352330.7             | 15.0000               | 0.0000               |
| 18.5000               | 304721.7             | 18.5000               | -0.0000              |
| 24.0000               | 244015.9             | 24.0000               | 0.0000               |
| 29.0000               | 200610.7             | 29.0000               | -0.0000              |
| 32.5000               | 175490.5             | 32.5000               | 0.0000               |

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/[a_0 + a_1[\ln(n)] + a_2[\ln^2(n)] + a_3[\ln^3(n)]] - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature



**Conductivity Sensor (Micro-TSG) #0242**

64

**SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0242  
CALIBRATION DATE: 31-Mar-08SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA  
PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

## COEFFICIENTS:

g = -9.980367e-001

CPcor = -9.5700e-008

h = 1.523293e-001

CTcor = 3.2500e-006

i = -4.438334e-004

WBOTC = 0.0000e+000

j = 5.882995e-005

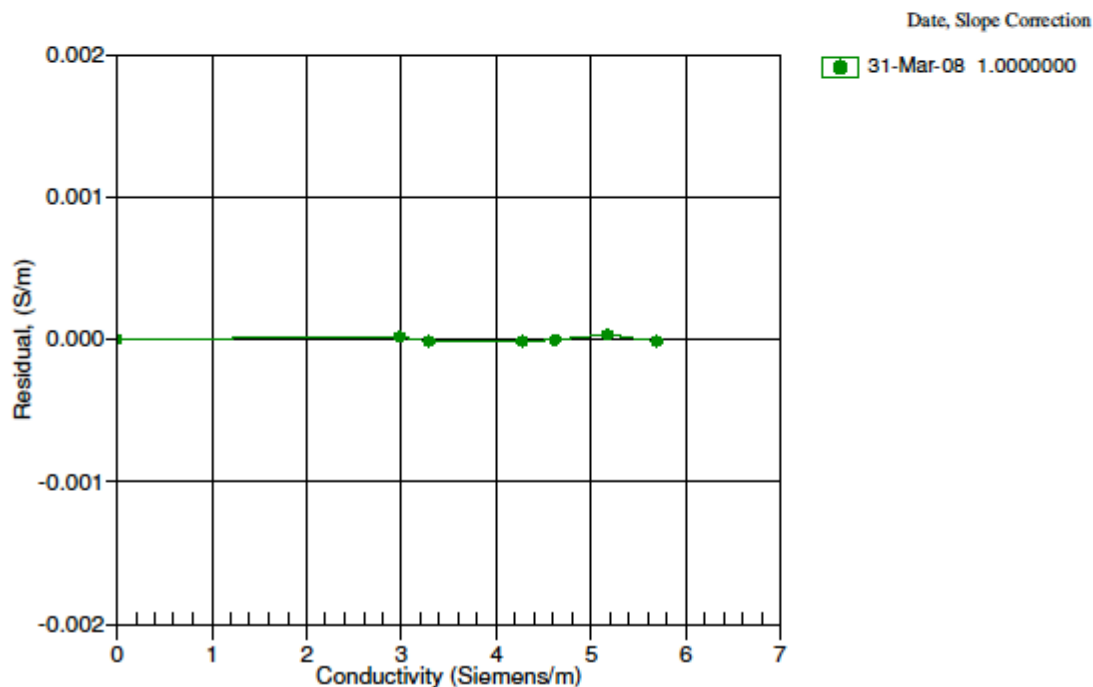
| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | BATH SAL<br>(PSU) | BATH COND<br>(Siemens/m) | INST FREQ<br>(Hz) | INST COND<br>(Siemens/m) | RESIDUAL<br>(Siemens/m) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 22.0000               | 0.0000            | 0.00000                  | 2565.99           | 0.00000                  | 0.00000                 |
| 1.0000                | 34.8739           | 2.98042                  | 5122.83           | 2.98043                  | 0.00002                 |
| 4.5000                | 34.8542           | 3.28795                  | 5316.56           | 3.28793                  | -0.00001                |
| 15.0000               | 34.8112           | 4.27105                  | 5892.53           | 4.27104                  | -0.00001                |
| 18.5000               | 34.8020           | 4.61668                  | 6081.77           | 4.61667                  | -0.00001                |
| 24.0000               | 34.7913           | 5.17532                  | 6375.44           | 5.17535                  | 0.00003                 |
| 29.0000               | 34.7843           | 5.69767                  | 6637.87           | 5.69765                  | -0.00002                |

f = INST FREQ \* sqrt(1.0 + WBOTC \* t) / 1000.0

Conductivity = (g + hf<sup>2</sup> + if<sup>3</sup> + jf<sup>4</sup>) / (1 + δt + εp) Siemens/meter

t = temperature[°C]; p = pressure[decibars]; δ = CTcor; ε = CPcor;

Residual = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



**Underway Temperature Sensor (Primary Remote)**

**SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**  
 1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA  
 Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0323  
 CALIBRATION DATE: 06-Feb-08

SBE 38 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA  
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

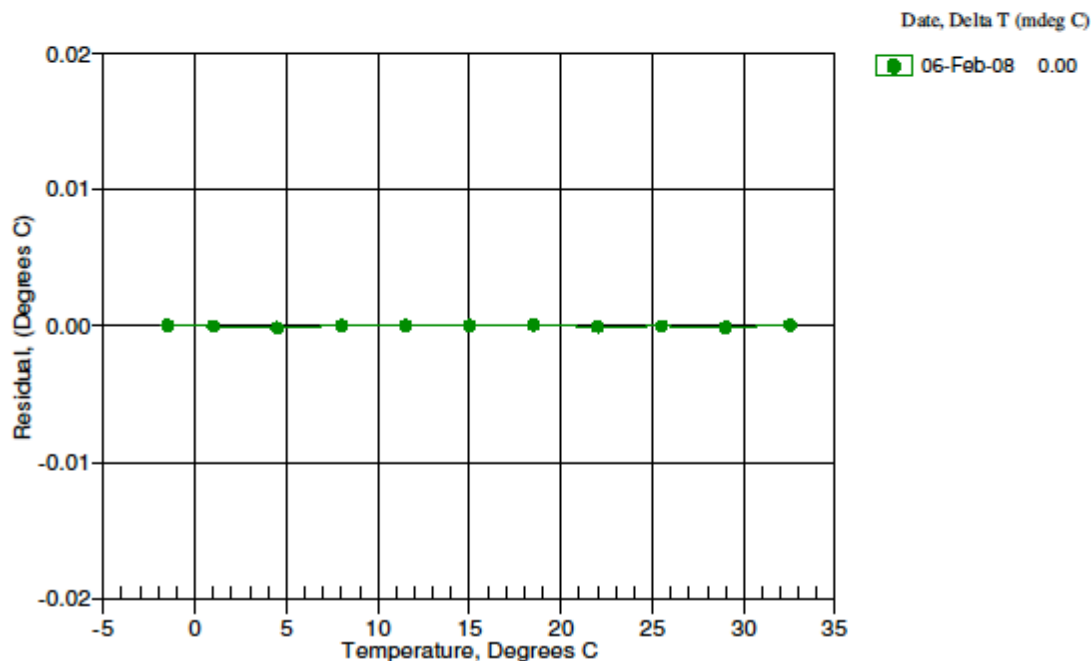
**ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS**

a0 = 1.043750e-005  
 a1 = 2.759391e-004  
 a2 = -2.392123e-006  
 a3 = 1.581561e-007

| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT<br>OUTPUT | INST TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | RESIDUAL<br>(ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| -1.50010              | 711112.1             | -1.50006              | 0.00004              |
| 0.99990               | 635155.2             | 0.99989               | -0.00001             |
| 4.50000               | 543802.3             | 4.49989               | -0.00011             |
| 7.99990               | 467105.6             | 7.99993               | 0.00003              |
| 11.50000              | 402495.3             | 11.50004              | 0.00004              |
| 15.00000              | 347890.5             | 15.00002              | 0.00002              |
| 18.49990              | 301592.6             | 18.49996              | 0.00006              |
| 22.00000              | 262214.9             | 21.99994              | -0.00006             |
| 25.49990              | 228622.2             | 25.49990              | -0.00000             |
| 29.00000              | 199879.6             | 28.99991              | -0.00009             |
| 32.50000              | 175215.8             | 32.50007              | 0.00007              |

Temperature ITS-90 =  $1/[a_0 + a_1[\ln(n)] + a_2[\ln^2(n)] + a_3[\ln^3(n)]] - 273.15$  (°C)

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature

**Underway Temperature Sensor (Secondary Remote)**

**SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 1267  
CALIBRATION DATE: 12-Apr-06SBE3 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA  
ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

## ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS

$g = 4.76625066e-003$   
 $h = 6.64522185e-004$   
 $i = 2.84261863e-005$   
 $j = 2.62601374e-006$   
 $f0 = 1000.0$

## ITS-68 COEFFICIENTS

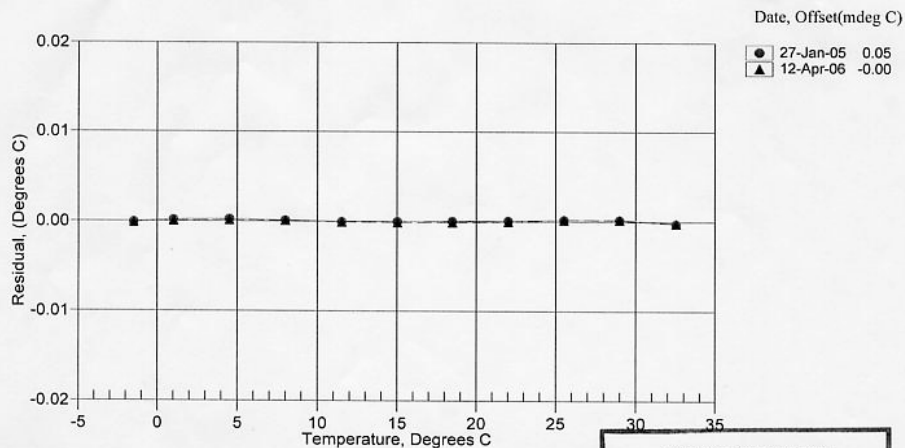
$a = 3.68121498e-003$   
 $b = 5.89543636e-004$   
 $c = 1.47312260e-005$   
 $d = 2.62748536e-006$   
 $f0 = 5707.029$

| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT FREQ<br>(Hz) | INST TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | RESIDUAL<br>(ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| -1.5001               | 5707.029                | -1.5002               | -0.00010             |
| 1.0000                | 6042.027                | 1.0001                | 0.00005              |
| 4.4999                | 6534.652                | 4.5000                | 0.00014              |
| 7.9999                | 7055.608                | 8.0000                | 0.00007              |
| 11.4999               | 7605.659                | 11.4998               | -0.00008             |
| 14.9999               | 8185.578                | 14.9998               | -0.00014             |
| 18.4999               | 8796.088                | 18.4998               | -0.00011             |
| 22.0000               | 9437.895                | 22.0000               | -0.00003             |
| 25.4999               | 10111.624               | 25.5001               | 0.00019              |
| 28.9999               | 10817.898               | 29.0001               | 0.00019              |
| 32.4999               | 11557.257               | 32.4997               | -0.00019             |

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/\{g + h[\ln(f_0/f)] + i[\ln^2(f_0/f)] + j[\ln^3(f_0/f)]\} - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$

$$\text{Temperature ITS-68} = 1/\{a + b[\ln(f_0/f)] + c[\ln^2(f_0/f)] + d[\ln^3(f_0/f)]\} - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$
Following the recommendation of JPOTS:  $T_{68}$  is assumed to be  $1.00024 * T_{90}$  (-2 to 35  $^\circ\text{C}$ )


Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature

**POST CRUISE  
CALIBRATION**

**Underway fluorometer (Primary)**

CTD

PO Box 518  
620 Applegate St.  
Philomath OR 97370



(541) 929-5650  
Fax (541) 929-5277  
<http://www.wetlabs.com>

**Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization .**

**Date:** 10/29/08  
**Serial #:** AFLD-011  
**Job#:** 0011007  
**Tech:** K.C

**Dark Counts** 0.183 volts  
**CEV** 2.902 volts  
**SF** 8.6598

**FSV** 5.36 volts

**Linearity:** 0.999 R<sup>2</sup> (0–1.5 volts)  
 0.995 R<sup>2</sup> (0– 5.45 volts)

**Notes:**

**Dark Counts:** Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

**CEV** is the chlorophyll equivalent voltage. This value is the signal output of the fluorometer when using a fluorescent proxy that has been determined to be approximately equivalent to 25 µg/l of a *Thalassiosira weissflogii* phytoplankton culture.


**SF** is the scale factor used to derive chlorophyll concentration from the signal voltage output of the fluorometer. The scale factor is determine by using the following equation:  
 $SF = (25) / (CEV - \text{dark})$  e.g.  $(25 / (2.865 - 0.238) = 9.516)$

**FSV** is the maximum signal voltage output that the fluorometer is capable of.

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in µg/l (mg/m<sup>3</sup>) can be derived by using the following equation:  $(\mu\text{g/l}) = (V_{\text{measured}} - \text{dark}) * SF$

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-*a* concentrations in-situ is high variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined by using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determination of chlorophyll concentration see [ Standard Methods For The Examination Of Water And Wastewater] part 10200 H published jointly by: American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association and Water Environment Federation.

**Underway Transmissometer**

|  |  |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| PQ Box 518<br>620 Applegate St.<br>Philomath, OR 97370   | <br><b>WET Labs</b> | (541) 929-5650<br>Fax (541) 929-5277<br><a href="http://www.wetlabs.com">www.wetlabs.com</a> |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <b>C-Star Calibration</b>  |  |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <hr/> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">Date <b>April 9, 2008</b></td> <td style="width: 33%;">S/N# <b>CST-831</b></td> <td style="width: 33%;">Pathlength <b>25 cm</b></td> </tr> </table> <hr/>   |  |  | Date <b>April 9, 2008</b>        | S/N# <b>CST-831</b> | Pathlength <b>25 cm</b>                |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| Date <b>April 9, 2008</b>  | S/N# <b>CST-831</b>  | Pathlength <b>25 cm</b>  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 40%;"></td> <td style="text-align: center;"> <b>Analog meter</b> </td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>V<sub>d</sub></b></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>0.061 V</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>V<sub>air</sub></b></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>4.838 V</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>V<sub>ref</sub></b></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>4.767 V</b></td> </tr> </table>                                      |  |  |                                  | <b>Analog meter</b> | <b>V<sub>d</sub></b>                   | <b>0.061 V</b> | <b>V<sub>air</sub></b> | <b>4.838 V</b> | <b>V<sub>ref</sub></b> | <b>4.767 V</b> |
|  | <b>Analog meter</b>  |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <b>V<sub>d</sub></b>   | <b>0.061 V</b>   |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <b>V<sub>air</sub></b>   | <b>4.838 V</b>   |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <b>V<sub>ref</sub></b>   | <b>4.767 V</b>   |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 70%;">Temperature of calibration water</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>22.9 °C</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ambient temperature during calibration</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>26.0 °C</b></td> </tr> </table> <hr/>   |  |  | Temperature of calibration water | <b>22.9 °C</b>      | Ambient temperature during calibration | <b>26.0 °C</b> |                        |                |                        |                |
| Temperature of calibration water   | <b>22.9 °C</b>   |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| Ambient temperature during calibration   | <b>26.0 °C</b>   |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <p>Relationship of transmittance (Tr) to beam attenuation coefficient (c), and pathlength (x): <math>Tr = e^{-cx}</math></p> <p>To determine beam transmittance: <math>Tr = (V_{sig} - V_{dark}) / (V_{ref} - V_{dark})</math></p> <p>To determine beam attenuation coefficient: <math>c = -1/x * \ln(Tr)</math></p>   |  |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| <p><b>V<sub>d</sub></b> Meter output with the beam blocked. This is the offset.</p> <p><b>V<sub>air</sub></b> Meter output in air with a clear beam path.</p> <p><b>V<sub>ref</sub></b> Meter output with clean water in the path.</p> <p>Temperature of calibration water: temperature of clean water used to obtain V<sub>ref</sub></p> <p>Ambient temperature: meter temperature in air during the calibration</p> <p><b>V<sub>sig</sub></b> Measured signal output of meter.</p> |  |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |
| Revision H      10/3/07  |  |  |                                  |                     |  |                |                        |                |                        |                |



**CTD Fish & Pressure Sensor****SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0232  
CALIBRATION DATE: 07-Oct-08SBE9plus PRESSURE CALIBRATION DATA  
10000 psia S/N 43528

## DIGIQUARTZ COEFFICIENTS:

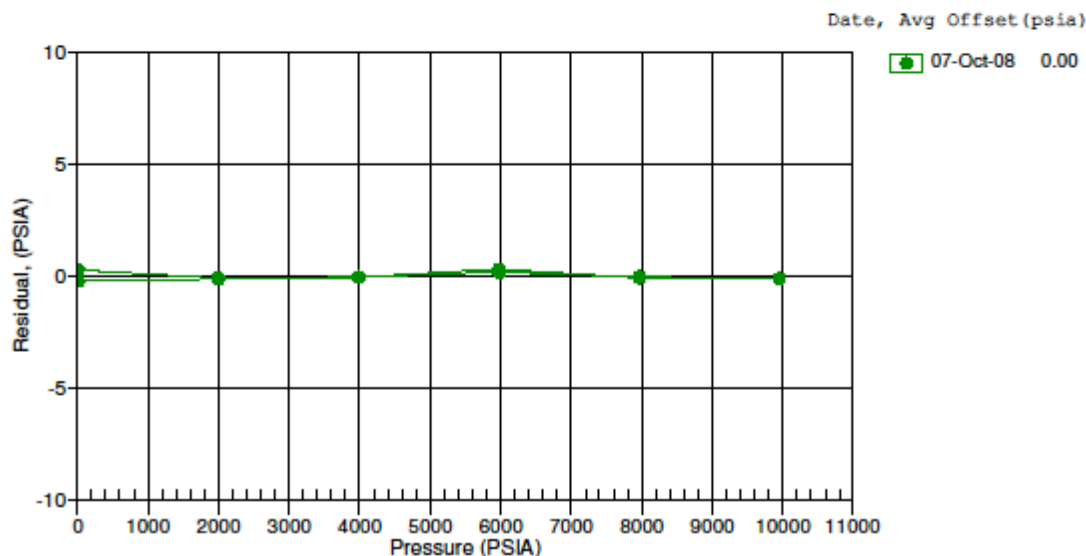
C1 = -5.103000e+004  
 C2 = 8.606365e-002  
 C3 = 1.481220e-002  
 D1 = 3.642300e-002  
 D2 = 0.000000e+000  
 T1 = 3.004925e+001  
 T2 = -3.406308e-004  
 T3 = 4.125600e-006  
 T4 = 1.811600e-009  
 T5 = 0.000000e+000

## AD590M, AD590B, SLOPE AND OFFSET:

AD590M = 1.13600e-002  
 AD590B = -8.42350e+000  
 Slope = 0.99984  
 Offset = 0.9995 (dbars)

| PRESSURE<br>(PSIA) | INST<br>OUTPUT(Hz) | INST<br>TEMP(C) | INST<br>OUTPUT (PSIA) | CORRECTED INST<br>OUTPUT (PSIA) | RESIDUAL<br>(PSIA) |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 14.679             | 33288.80           | 20.0            | 13.502                | 14.952                          | 0.273              |
| 2001.873           | 33929.80           | 20.1            | 2000.639              | 2001.778                        | -0.095             |
| 3993.145           | 34558.60           | 20.4            | 3992.273              | 3993.099                        | -0.046             |
| 5980.710           | 35173.40           | 20.7            | 5980.510              | 5981.025                        | 0.315              |
| 7962.615           | 35774.00           | 20.8            | 7962.327              | 7962.532                        | -0.083             |
| 9950.071           | 36364.80           | 20.8            | 9950.052              | 9949.945                        | -0.126             |
| 7963.477           | 35774.30           | 20.9            | 7963.239              | 7963.443                        | -0.034             |
| 5975.459           | 35171.80           | 20.9            | 5975.120              | 5975.635                        | 0.176              |
| 3988.614           | 34557.30           | 21.0            | 3987.753              | 3988.580                        | -0.034             |
| 2001.651           | 33929.90           | 21.0            | 2000.392              | 2001.531                        | -0.120             |
| 14.706             | 33288.90           | 21.3            | 13.031                | 14.481                          | -0.225             |

Residual = corrected instrument pressure - reference pressure





**CTD Conductivity (Primary)****SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 - 136th Place Northeast, Bellevue, Washington 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643-9866 Fax: (425) 643-9954 www.seabird.com

**Conductivity Calibration Report**

|                      |                             |                        |           |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| <b>Customer:</b>     | Raytheon Polar Services Co. |                        |           |
| <b>Job Number:</b>   | 54243                       | <b>Date of Report:</b> | 4/24/2009 |
| <b>Model Number:</b> | SBE 04-02/0                 | <b>Serial Number:</b>  | 040926    |

Conductivity sensors are normally calibrated 'as received', without cleaning or adjustments, allowing a determination of sensor drift. If the calibration identifies a problem or indicates cell cleaning is necessary, then a second calibration is performed after work is completed. The 'as received' calibration is not performed if the sensor is damaged or non-functional, or by customer request.

An 'as received' calibration certificate is provided, listing the coefficients used to convert sensor frequency to conductivity. Users must choose whether the 'as received' calibration or the previous calibration better represents the sensor condition during deployment. In SEASOFT enter the chosen coefficients using the program SEACON. The coefficient 'slope' allows small corrections for drift between calibrations (consult the SEASOFT manual). Calibration coefficients obtained after a repair or cleaning apply only to subsequent data.

**'AS RECEIVED CALIBRATION'**☒ **Performed** ☐ **Not Performed****Date:** 4/24/2009**Drift since last cal:** -0.00030 PSU/month\***Comments:****'CALIBRATION AFTER CLEANING & REPLATINIZING'**☐ **Performed** ☒ **Not Performed****Date:** **Drift since Last cal:** PSU/month\***Comments:***\*Measured at 3.0 S/m*

*Cell cleaning and electrode replatinizing tend to 'reset' the conductivity sensor to its original condition. Lack of drift in post-cleaning-calibration indicates geometric stability of the cell and electrical stability of the sensor circuit.*

**CTD Conductivity (Secondary)****SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 1799  
CALIBRATION DATE: 24-Apr-09SBE4 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA  
PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter**GHIJ COEFFICIENTS**

$g = -4.14863267e+000$   
 $h = 5.03187218e-001$   
 $i = -7.69729999e-004$   
 $j = 6.20274288e-005$   
 $CPcor = -9.5700e-008$  (nominal)  
 $CTcor = 3.2500e-006$  (nominal)

**ABCDM COEFFICIENTS**

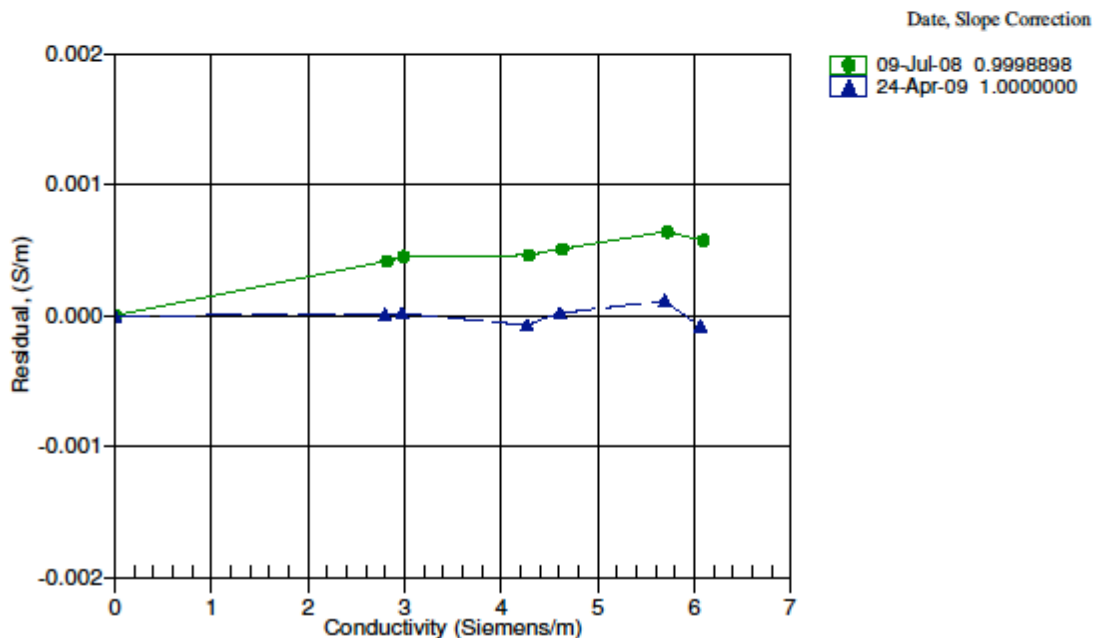
$a = 1.97555206e-007$   
 $b = 5.00329747e-001$   
 $c = -4.13908157e+000$   
 $d = -9.06468977e-005$   
 $m = 5.8$   
 $CPcor = -9.5700e-008$  (nominal)

| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | BATH SAL<br>(PSU) | BATH COND<br>(Siemens/m) | INST FREQ<br>(kHz) | INST COND<br>(Siemens/m) | RESIDUAL<br>(Siemens/m) |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0.0000                | 0.0000            | 0.00000                  | 2.87622            | 0.00000                  | 0.00000                 |
| -1.0000               | 34.7502           | 2.79975                  | 8.01022            | 2.79975                  | 0.00001                 |
| 1.0000                | 34.7501           | 2.97085                  | 8.22026            | 2.97086                  | 0.00002                 |
| 15.0000               | 34.7510           | 4.26445                  | 9.65928            | 4.26438                  | -0.00007                |
| 18.5000               | 34.7499           | 4.61051                  | 10.00867           | 4.61053                  | 0.00002                 |
| 29.0000               | 34.7481           | 5.69240                  | 11.02783           | 5.69252                  | 0.00011                 |
| 32.5000               | 34.7447           | 6.06492                  | 11.35676           | 6.06484                  | -0.00008                |

$$\text{Conductivity} = (g + hf^2 + if^3 + jf^4) / (10(1 + \delta t + \epsilon p)) \text{ Siemens/meter}$$

$$\text{Conductivity} = (af^m + bf^2 + c + dt) / [10(1 + \epsilon p)] \text{ Siemens/meter}$$
 $t = \text{temperature}[^{\circ}\text{C}]; p = \text{pressure[decibars]}; \delta = CTcor; \epsilon = CPcor;$ 

Residual = (instrument conductivity - bath conductivity) using g, h, i, j coefficients



**CTD Temperature (Primary)****SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 2308  
CALIBRATION DATE: 16-Sep-08SBE3 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA  
ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

## ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS

$g = 4.34518559\text{e-}003$   
 $h = 6.44849325\text{e-}004$   
 $i = 2.34423281\text{e-}005$   
 $j = 2.22131303\text{e-}006$   
 $f_0 = 1000.0$

## IPTS-68 COEFFICIENTS

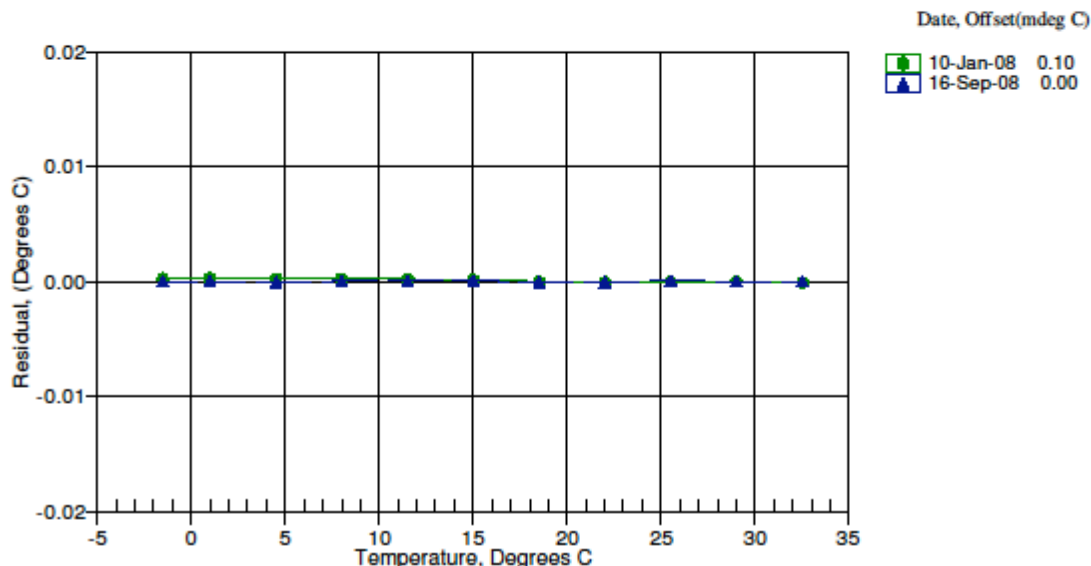
$a = 3.68121488\text{e-}003$   
 $b = 6.02561161\text{e-}004$   
 $c = 1.63605273\text{e-}005$   
 $d = 2.22288158\text{e-}006$   
 $f_0 = 2906.221$

| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT FREQ<br>(Hz) | INST TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | RESIDUAL<br>(ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| -1.5002               | 2906.221                | -1.5002               | 0.00001              |
| 0.9998                | 3073.024                | 0.9998                | 0.00002              |
| 4.4999                | 3318.041                | 4.4998                | -0.00008             |
| 7.9998                | 3576.808                | 7.9998                | 0.00002              |
| 11.4998               | 3849.696                | 11.4998               | 0.00003              |
| 14.9998               | 4137.065                | 14.9999               | 0.00007              |
| 18.4999               | 4439.255                | 18.4998               | -0.00008             |
| 21.9998               | 4756.609                | 21.9998               | -0.00002             |
| 25.4998               | 5089.459                | 25.4998               | 0.00002              |
| 28.9999               | 5438.113                | 28.9999               | -0.00000             |
| 32.4999               | 5802.860                | 32.4999               | 0.00000              |

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/[g + h[\ln(f_0/f)] + i[\ln^2(f_0/f)] + j[\ln^3(f_0/f)]] - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$

$$\text{Temperature IPTS-68} = 1/[a + b[\ln(f_0/f)] + c[\ln^2(f_0/f)] + d[\ln^3(f_0/f)]] - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$
Following the recommendation of JPOTS:  $T_{68}$  is assumed to be  $1.00024 * T_{90}$  (-2 to 35  $^\circ\text{C}$ )

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature



**CTD Temperature (Secondary)****SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.**

1808 136th Place N.E., Bellevue, Washington, 98005 USA

Phone: (425) 643 - 9866 Fax (425) 643 - 9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 2438  
CALIBRATION DATE: 23-Sep-08SBE3 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA  
ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

## ITS-90 COEFFICIENTS

$g = 4.31131219\text{e-}003$   
 $h = 6.41928052\text{e-}004$   
 $i = 2.30433931\text{e-}005$   
 $j = 2.19543504\text{e-}006$   
 $f0 = 1000.0$

## IPTS-68 COEFFICIENTS

$a = 3.68121525\text{e-}003$   
 $b = 6.02081983\text{e-}004$   
 $c = 1.63860297\text{e-}005$   
 $d = 2.19700080\text{e-}006$   
 $f0 = 2759.313$

| BATH TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | INSTRUMENT FREQ<br>(Hz) | INST TEMP<br>(ITS-90) | RESIDUAL<br>(ITS-90) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| -1.5002               | 2759.313                | -1.5002               | -0.00002             |
| 0.9998                | 2917.818                | 0.9998                | 0.00004              |
| 4.4999                | 3150.658                | 4.4999                | -0.00003             |
| 7.9998                | 3396.578                | 7.9998                | 0.00001              |
| 11.4999               | 3655.948                | 11.4999               | -0.00001             |
| 14.9998               | 3929.092                | 14.9998               | 0.00004              |
| 18.4998               | 4216.353                | 18.4998               | 0.00001              |
| 21.9999               | 4518.057                | 21.9998               | -0.00009             |
| 25.4998               | 4834.513                | 25.4998               | 0.00004              |
| 28.9998               | 5166.016                | 28.9998               | 0.00004              |
| 32.4998               | 5512.850                | 32.4998               | -0.00002             |

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90} = 1/[g + h[\ln(f_0/f)] + i[\ln^2(f_0/f)] + j[\ln^3(f_0/f)]] - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$

$$\text{Temperature IPTS-68} = 1/[a + b[\ln(f_0/f)] + c[\ln^2(f_0/f)] + d[\ln^3(f_0/f)]] - 273.15 \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)}$$
Following the recommendation of JPOTS:  $T_{68}$  is assumed to be  $1.00024 * T_{90}$  (-2 to 35  $^\circ\text{C}$ )

Residual = instrument temperature - bath temperature

